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GOLDEN TREASURY

THE CHILDREN OF GOD,

Whose TREASURE is in Heaven;

CONSISTING OF

Select Texts of the Bible, with practical OBSERVATIONS in Profe and Verfe For EVERY DAY in the Year.

By C. H. v. BOGATZKY.

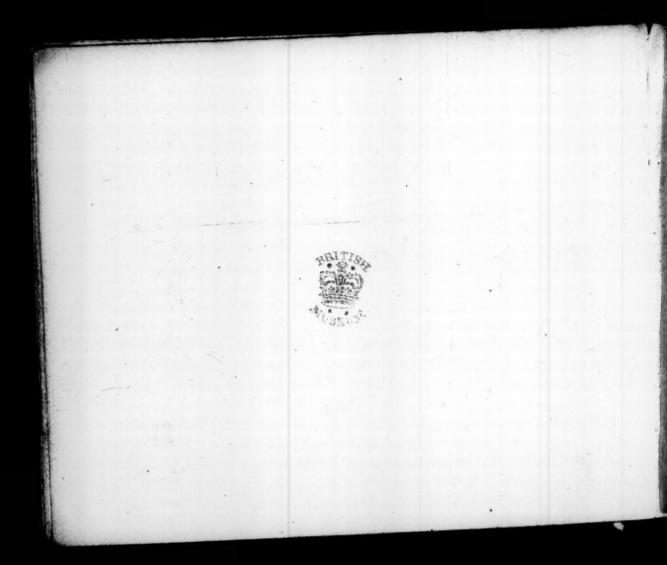


SOME ALTERATIONS AND IMPROVEMENTS BY VARIOUS HANDS: Also a PREFACE on the right Use of this Book. Together with a few FORMS of PRAYER for private Use.

" Where your Treasure is, there will your Heart be also," Matt. vi. 21.

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PREFACE.

THE Editor thinks it incumbent upon him to inform the Reader, that several both ancient and modern Christians, have contributed towards enriching this Treasury; that he has not stuck to any particular sect or party of Christians, but wherever he sound a passage among the old authors, striking, instructive, or encouraging to the people of God, he inserted it with great pleasure, and applied to friends for their illustration of particular points in divinity, which he thought were more immediately necessary for the information of common readers; not points of speculation, or doubtful interpretation, but what all allow are essential to the Christian religion: such as Repentance, Faith, Holiness, &c. and they readily savoured him with their sentiments, prompted, he doubts not, with the same generous motive he himself is actuated by, "the edification of the children of God." He is, nevertheless, aware, that

there are many who discover an excellent spirit and lively zeal, yet confine their regards to a few principles, which, however important, are not the whole of Christianity, but want some other articles to guard them.

--Knowledge and practice, he is persuaded must go hand in hand together.

The edification of Christians in general, and of every reader in particular, is the professed design of this publication. The grace of God, forming the heart for God, is the Lord's work; "the new creature" is his workmanship, "created in Christ Jesus unto good works." The foundation of the spiritual building is laid in Christ; on this soundation the Christian builds; in building upon their most holy faith, Christians will have their eye upon the Master Builder; will keep to the plan of the work, to the plan of the Christian life, as drawn and set by Jesus; and will be daily asking and receiving directions and materials for carrying on the work. In this good work they meet with many impediments, arising from self, the world, and the great enemy to religion, Satan; and at times are apt to be discouraged; as the Jews were often opposed and retarded in the building of the temple by the subtilty and power of those who hated them; happy when the work was going on pleasantly; sad and cast down when it was otherwise. So when the good work in the soul is

advancing, and there is a growth in the divine life, then are they glad and revive. But when the work is more at a stand; when many things concur to hinder the progress of religion in the soul; when the mind is disturbed with finful defires, and unbelieving thoughts, when the cares of the world, and the assaults of the Devil; when the Lord seems to have forgotten, and to hide his sace, and dark dispensations of Providence perplex and disquiet the weak mind; when the frail body is bowed down with trouble, and the spirit is faint and languid, how sad and sorrowful the case.

Reader, How is this work going on with you? Have you the same life and spirit you once had? or are you more seeble minded? Is a spirit of languor and deadness creeping upon you? Are you bewailing the want of that sweet experience of the power and presence of God you once had! Are you like Job, crying out, "O that I were as in months past, when the candle of the Lord shined upon me! Wilt thou not rewive, wilt thou not enlighten my darknes?" If this is your complaint, go to the throne of Grace; go often to the living-stone, that you, as a lively stone in the building, may be built up, in faith, love, and joy. Your enemies are many, are subtle, are strong, but they shall not prevail;

your Redeemer is strong, the Lord of Hosts is his name; he shall arise, and thoroughly plead your cause, and give you rest.

In the primitive Church upon the plentiful effusion of the Holy Ghost at Penticost, how amiable the spirit of love to Christ and his truths, of warm unaffected devotion, of union, concord, and brotherly love, among themselves! "They were all of one heart and of one soul."

At the Reformation from Popery, how warm and bold was the zeal of the venerable reformers, in contending for and promoting the pure doctrines of the Gospél! How wonderful their success under the countenance of the Most High! And in later times, how have we seen religion revive in some places, while it was remarkably declining in others! When purity of faith and purity in practice prevail in any church, their God is gloristed, there is true Christianity; when instruments are raised up, who have a hearty love to the work, it goes on pleasantly, and prospers; when the friends of Jesus are many, are zealous and active, and harmoniously unite together in promoting the interests of his kingdom, how does the glorious design succeed! "The whole body united to the head, and fitly joined together, and compacted by that which every joint supplieth, according to the effectual working in the measure in every part, maketh

increase of the body to the edifying of itself in love." On the other hand, when the truths of Jesus are denied, are darkened, and obscured; when the spirit of insidelity and error makes progress; when there is a general spirit of diffipation, and profligacy of manners; when the enemies of Jesus increase, and carry on their attacks with some success; what a stop is put to the glorious work, how is its progress retarded! When there is a general languor and formality in matters religious; when there is a warmer zeal for things of doubtful disputation, than for the great and substantial interest of the Redeemer's kingdom, how does vital Christianity decay! When, instead of loving one another with a pure heart, fervently, and uniting in promoting the great cause against the common enemy, there is a spirit of party and distintion even amongst professed friends, how much does the work suffer, and how do the enemies triumph! Satan's watch-word is, "Divde and devour;" if once he can separate us from the fold, and whdraw us from the Shepherd's tents, his work is half done. Christ's watch-word is, " Unite and conquer:" The path of duty is the path of fafety. Surely this will lead all the true fervants of God to frequent and fervent prayer: " O Lord, re-" vive thy work; in wrath remember mercy, heal our breaches, forgive " our animofities, and unite us in the bands of love and affection, that " our arms may be strong, and the pleasure of the Lord prosper in our " hands."

That this book may be better understood, and prove a means of edifying every reader, let the following remarks be particularly attended to.

- 1. The petitions and the divine answers, which are to be found among feveral of the scripture texts in the titles, may be of admirable use to many; the Questions generally run in the complaining, inquiring strain, for information and redress, under the painful anxieties of a wounded conscience; and the answers are well calculated to relieve and inform the distressed soul; they generally consist of gracious primises of scripture, which may easily be turned into petitions; and if relief does not immediately come, yet the soul gets ease, by thus pouring out his complaints, and reminding the Lord of his promises: faith in the word is hereby strengthened, and the soul led to see that trouble and anxiety must lead the way to rejoicing and triumph.
- 2. The distinction that is made in several parts of the book between bare morality and true Christianity, respecting the motives of actions, the principle from which they are done, and the degree and extent of them may be also useful. Morality is not Christianity, though there can be no true Christianity without morality; moral actions may be done from natural principles, and will certainly centre in self, in some shape or other;

but a truly Christian act must proceed from a gracious principle in the heart. A moral man, and a true Christian, may both give something to the poor; the poor is relieved by each; but the benevolence of the one may proceed from a natural generosity of spirit, while that of the other comes from a sense of divine savour and bounty already bestowed upon himself. They may both join in the same ordinances, pray to the same supreme Being, and yet the one continue self-righteous and vainly consident, while the other is humbled, and lives upon divine grace; the principle within makes the differences between them; and they, whose religion is only moral, would do well to consider the difference.

3. In almost every page there are different portions of scripture put together, which serve to throw a light on each other; so that what in one is obscure, is generally opened by its parallel, which will be found very useful, if diligently compared; and serve to show the abundance, the super-abundance of light, promises, privileges, and advantages there are in the word of God, and how they become "profitable for doctrine, reproof, correction, and instruction in righteousness, that the man of God may be thoroughly surnished unto every good work, and through the divine blessing upon him, be made wise unto salvation-"

4. Let the reader be careful to distinguish between a state of safety by faith in Christ, and a state of assurance arising from sensible comforts in the heart. The best of Christians experience great changes in the frame of their minds; sometimes they are lively and comfortable, then they are low and depressed; now they have sensible tokens of divine favour, then again these are withdrawn, and they begin to question the safety of their state before God. The enemy often takes advantage of their uncomfortable frames, and would have them question the reality of grace in their heart, and the consequence generally is great anxiety and distress. In order to remove this, it is necessary to consider what is the true soundation of hope, and to distinguish between what is durable, and what is changeable.

The work of the Redeemer is a perfect work, nothing can be added to it, and nothing must be taken from it. It is everlasting in its duration and esticacy; upon this the eye of faith should be invariably fixed, and from hence comfort and support in every state is to be drawn; Christ's blood is a constant propitiation, his righteousness is a perfect covering; to these, Reader, have daily recourse for cleansing and recommendation before God; by these you may silence all the accusations of Satan, all the clamous of conscience all the threatenings of the law; for in Christ the believer is complete, and here may he fasely rest in his dullest and hea-

viest moments. Happy frames, on the contrary, are bestowed or withheld, as it pleases God; you may safely pray for them, because great peace is promised to the children of God; and, generally speaking, the diligent and watchful are most frequently savoured with them; and when you are blessed with them, be thankful; but beware of depending upon them, for this is the readiest way to have them withdrawn:—Spiritual pride may arise from this quarter, while a feeling sense of weakness and unworthiness keeps the soul humble, and continually dependent upon the Lord Jesus Christ alone for pardon, strength, and salvation.

5. In spiritual conslicts it will often happen when God is about to work some great deliverance from some particular sin, or pressing temptation, that, before deliverance comes the believer will think he had never been so wicked or oppressed before his corruptions are permitted to sir up in him, and he is apt to say with Moses, respecting the Israelites, that "God" has not delivered him at all. Reader, beware of such a conclusion; the greatest darkness is generally a little before sun rise; "the Israelites groaned by reason of their task-masters, and heavy burdens," just when God was about to deliver them man's extremit; is God's opportunity; out of darkness he brings forth light; out of unbelief saith; and out of pride, humility: his design is to bring down thy self-righteousness and vain con-

fidence; to cut the very sinews of an arm of slesh; to convince thee that deliverance is of himself alone; to bring thee to a steady dependence upon his power, that his strength may be perfected in thy weakness, and that he may have all the glory; then will he appear for thee, and work wonderfully; and in all thy after conslicts of a spiritual kind, follow this advice: build not thy comfort of pardon upon thy victory, but thy victory upon thy pardon and acceptance with God through Christ: strive not, thinking that thou shalt only have forgiveness of sin when it is conquered; but seek the pardon of sin first, through faith in Christ, and then that it may be manifested to thy heart. When this is accomplished, strive in faith against sins already forgiven, against enemies already conquered; look on thyself as not only accepted with God thro' Christ, but even in league and covenant with him against all thine enemies; and by these means thou hast, even in the contest, peace, courage, strength, and victory.

6. In this book are several parts of scripture history evangelized, or applied to spiritual purposes in a gospel way; which may serve as specimens for the improving of many more to the same end; hereby great advantages will arise to the intelligent reader. "The sword of the Lord and of Gideon." The command to drive out the Canaanites; and if not, their becoming pricks in the eyes of the Israelites; the noble exploits of the

Jews in their wars, and the interpolitions of Providence in their behalf; their departing from God, and his felling them into the hands of their enemies; their groanings under captivity and oppression; the rage and malice of their adversaries, &c afford ample matter of caution and instruction to every serious reader; all may be easily brought home and spiritualized, and will teach him to admire free grace; the tokens of divine favour will warn him of the power of his enemies; will show him the danger of sin and corruption, and the necessity of keeping close to the Captain of his Salvation from day to day.

Lastly, Dear Reader, beware of formality in the use of this book; it will be of little service barely to read it over; see that these truths be brought home to thy conscience, and beg of the Almighty, that he would be pleased to apply them by his holy Spirit; then they will be blessed indeed to thy soul: examine your experience as you go along, particularly how you hate and sight against sin; how you maintain union with God through the Spirit; what it is to live by saith in Christ Jesus; which are subjects much insisted on in this work: and the knowledge and experience of which consists the greatest part of a Christian's happiness. See if your graces are lively and vigorous, if they are kept in exercise; the kingdom of heaven is a growing kingdom, the seed of grace must bring forth fruit.

May the Lord our God, who, at the building of the material temple of Jerusalem, did not despise the least service of contribution graciously accept, in Christ, of this seeble labour of love towards building up this spiritual temple, and continue to bless it richly in the ediscation of gracious souls, to the glory of his name, and for the sake of his eternal love.

Amen.

6 JU 62

-HOSANNA.-Mark xi. 9.

A NEW scene of time now begins; put up thy Hosanna, O my soul, that A the Lord may fave, blefs, and prosper thee; may he grant thee a happy new year indeed! For this purpose begin it with a dedication of thyself to God; thy time, circumstances, and life are in his hands, implore his bleffing and protection over thee this enfuing year. Begin this and every following day with prayer; let God have thy first thoughts in the morning, the impression they make will not easily be erased by worldly matters. Grace is promifed in the use of means; be thou dilligent then and punctual in the performance of them; let thy daily request be for an increasing knowledge of thyself, and of Jesus Christ in his offices; for a sense of pardoning mercy; for a lively vigorous faith; for communion with the Father and the Son thro' the Spirit; for true holnels in heart and life; for strength and protection against thy spiritual foes, and for persevering grace to hold out to the end. Pray for the prosperity of Zion; they prosper that love her; for thy friends and relations, begging the Almighty to take them into a covenant relation to himself; for a bleffing on thy wordly affairs; for a fanct fied use of health or fickness, prosperity or adversity, as God shall please to send. Perhaps, O my foul, this may be the last year of the Lord's patience and thy pilgrimage: Is thy state fafe? Art thou a real believer in Jesus? Is the oil of grace in thy vessel? If fo, thou art prepared for every emergency.

And now, my foul, another year
Of this fhort life is past;
I cannot long continue here,
And this may be my last.

Now a new scene of time begins, Set out a-fresh for heav'n, Seek pardon for thy daily sins, In Christ so freely giv'n. I will ransom thee from the power of the grave. I will redeem them from death; O Death, I will be thy plague! O Grave, I will be thy desiruction! Hos. xiii. 14. Christ having spoiled principalities and powers, he made a show of them openly, triumphing over them in it, Col. ii. 16.

THE world is afraid of a hidden poison where there is none. The real hidden poison is fin, which the Lord grant me to fear every where: for it has infected all things and all places. But, O my dear Saviour, thou being my all-sufficient Preservative and Antidote in all places, O! dwell in me continually, and increase thou my faith, that I may know thee and enjoy thee more and more. Take away all slavish fear of death and hell from my soul, for thou hast conquered both for me.

Hofanna to the Prince of Light,
That cloth'd himfelf in clay;
Enter'd the iron gates of Death,
And tore the bars away.

Death is no more the king of Dread Since our Immanuel role; He took the tyrant's fling away, And spoil'd our hellish foes.

Now holy triumphs of the foul Shall death itself outbrave, Leave dull mortality behind, And fly beyond the grave. But now, O Lord, that art our Father: We are thy clay, and thou our potter, and we are all the work of thy band, Isai. lxvi. 8.

BEING only clay in thy hands, O Lord, as I must not, so I would not, resist thy workings by any means. And I pray and hope thou wilt prepare and perfect me for a meet vessel of grace, in spite of a thousand hindrances. No work of thine comes ever short of its intended perfection: For who can stay thy hand? It is thy own saying; "I will work, and who shall let it?" Isas. xliii. 13.

An artist delights in his own workmanship, and would not leave one single flaw or desect in it designedly, Phil. i. 6. O! then look upon me too, thou wise Creator; see how siesh and blood disorder my poor soul, and deliver me from all that may endanger my spiritual life. Knowing thou canst do no less than an human artist, who is ever ready and exerts his skill to amend and perfect his work, I trust that thou wilt not always suffer these impediments to hinder and disgrace thy work. Nay, such is thy wisdom and power, that out of darkness thou canst bring light, out of sickness, health; and though I am now destitute of strength and life, yet I believe thy work will be finished at last, and glorify the name of its Maker, I. Pet. v. 10.

Finish, Lord, thy new creation, Pure in heart, oh let us be; See at length thy great falvation, Perfectly refter'd by Thee! O, that the Salvation of Israel were come out of Zion! When the Lord brings back the captivity of his people, Jacob shall rejoice, and Israel shall be glad, Plal. xiv. 7.—Divine antwer. If the Son make you free, ye shall be free indeed, John viii. 56. See also verses 31, 32.

OT as if fin should be utterly destroyed, or entirely dead, and could not stir any more in the heart of believers: For the scripture speaks of them as having still the lusts and motions of sin, Gal. v. 17. But it imports only, that it has no power either to condemn, or to reign over us; nay, it shall be weakened more and more, Rom. vi. 12, 14. So that Christ reigns in the heart even where sin dwells, in the midst of his enemies; and it is a dangerous error indeed to believe that sin is destroyed in the root. If it were so, whence those frequent expressions and exhortations, to crucify, withstand, and rule over it? Gal. v. 24.

Now fits our Savour on his throne, With pity in his eyes: He hears the dying pris'ners groan, And liftens to their fighs.

He frees the fouls condemn'd to death; And when his faints complain, It shan't be said that praying breath Was ever spent in vain.

This shall be known when we are dead, And left on long record, That ages yet unborn may read, And trust and praise the Lord. All that will live godly (Note) in Christ Jesus, shall suffer persecution, 2 Tim. iii. 12. The world hates them, because they are not of the world, John xvii. 14.

THE Children of God do not love and please the world, and are oftentimes greatly afflicted on account of abounding wickedness, and particularly the profanation of the LORD's name. Now, when you can like the world, and the world can like you, there must be much worldliliness in you: for the world loves its own.

Many pretend to be Christians, but they will not endure persecution. Instead of this, they blame others for too much rashness, and not acting prudently enough, to avoid the mockings and hatred of the world. Therefore
they propose to take wifer measures; and in order to do more good, take
great care not to be despised and rejected. But under the pretence of wisdom and prudence, very often lies conceased a dangerous love of the world
and sear of man. Be thou nobler-minded, live as a Christian indeed, and be
not assamed to bear the Cross of Christ. "The disciple is not above his
Master." Has eternal Love, Wildom, and Power endured the contradiction
and reproach of sinners? Thou shouldest be wifer than him indeed, if thou
couldest escape the reproach and hatred of the world.

May but his grace my foul renew, Let finners gaze and hate me too; The word that faves me does engage A fure defence from all their rage. All things are possible to him that believeth, Mark ix. 23.

FAITH is the principal thing in the Christian Religion. It is the spiritual eye enlightening the mind, directing the feet, and cheering the heart; the whole turns upon it. As our faith is, so is our strength and truitfulness in good works. But at the same time there is nothing more out of our own power than to believe, even after the work of grace has been actually wrought in our hearts. Therefore nothing is more needful than to pray for faith as long as we live. May the LORD give and increase it continually !

Nothing can be stronger in the universe than the hand of faith. By this we lay fure hold on our most glorious and almighty LORD in heaven, and fuch an inviolable union is established between CHRIST and a believing foul, that none can separate the one from the other, all the powers of hell and fin avail nothing against it. Faith breaks through the greatest obstacles, removes mountains of difficulties, and has, as it were, a kind of omnipotence in it. " For this is the victory that overcomes the world, even our faith," I JOHN, v. 4. Nay, it even refiles with GoD and prevails, GEN, xxxii 28. As first cannot withiland the force of fire, fo God being a wall of fire around his people, the greatest nower of our mighty enemies thall be confumed like the stubble. O! then look upon him steadfastly, my foul, and believe in him with a simple heart. Wondrous are his ways with his people and patt finding out; but at last all their to rows and strife, by the management of his infinite wisdom, matte me to a glorious and triumphant end.

O to us so from firength to firength, | From one degree of faith to more, From grace to greater grace;

Till we behold thy face.

Christ is all and in all, Col. iii. 11.

POR a believer to receive and know Christ as his All, is the only means to live truly a life of faith; and when he has done this, it will not be hard to refign all other things. To talk much of Christ, and make frequent use of his name one to another, is commendable, if the heart goes along with the words; but to call upon God the Father with a filial confidence, is also our duty, and does not contradict the Apostle's meaning at all, for it is only through Christ we can do it; and as he says himself, the Father and He are one. Thou art my All, O gracious Lord! what then can I want? I desire no more than to be put always in mind of this by the animating voice of thy Spirit.

My Lord, my life, my love,
To thee, to thee I call;
I cannot live if thou remove,
For thou art all in all.
Thy shining grace can cheer
This dungeon where I dwell:
'Tis paradife when thou art here;
If thou depart 'tis hell.

Nor earth, nor all the fky,
Can one delight afford;
No, not a drop of real joy,
Without thy prefence, Lord.
To thee my fpirits fly
With fullness of defire:
And yet how far from thee I lie!
Dear Jesus, raise me higher.

They being ignorant of God's righteousness, and going about to establish their own righteousness, have not submitted themselves unto the righteousness of God.—Whosever believeth on him shall not be ashamed, Rom. x. 3, 11.

THE same mistake which proved so fatal to the Jews, proves equally fatal to many who pretend to call themselves Christians. Ignorant alike of the divine character and their own, they build their hope of the savour of God and eternal life upon some works of rightcousness which they have done, or intend to do, and reject the rightcousness which they have done they can be justified and accepted. In this mistake the decent and the profane are equally involved, for the worst of mankind sancy themselves possessed of some virtues and good qualities that will entitle them to the Divine Favour. The delusion remains till the light of the Holy Spirit darts in, like a sun-beam, upon the mind, and discovers the guilt and pollution that defiles the best of us. We then abhor ourselves, and look to the free grace of God in Christ Jesus for pardon and salvation. We have an hope that maketh not ashamed.

Jesu! thy blood and righteousness My beauty are, my glorious dress; Midst staming worlds, in these array'd With joy shall I list up my head. Bold shall I stand in the great day, For who ought to my charge shall lay Fully through these absolved I am, From sin and sear, from guilt and shame. I cried with my whole heart, hear me, O Lord, I will keep thy flatutes. Great peace have they which lowe thy law, and nothing shall offend them. I have kept thy precepts and thy testimonies, for all my ways are before thee. I have gone astray like a lost sheep; seek thy servant, for I do not forget thy commandments, Psalm cxix. 145, 165, 168, 176.

THE word of God should be ever connected with prayer; for why is it that many hear and read, without being the better? They do not pray in faith for a blessing. We must, like David, pray with the utmost fervour that we may understand and retain the word of God, and bring forth fruit; for a Christian has nothing so much at heart, as that he may always act up to the word and will of God; his prayer is, Lord, let my sootsleps be sure, according to thy word; and let nothing contrary to thy law have dominion over me, either in my doctrine or practice. If this prayer be granted, great will be our peace; for the word of God is a word of peace; Jesus himself will be our peace, and then nothing shall offend us; we shall take heed unto all our ways before God, and so walk before him, as to continue humble, like David, who considered himself as a straying and lost sheep. Lord, we are by nature straying and lost sheep, seek and fetch us back from the error of our ways, and preserve us in thy pasture.

My foul has gone too far astray, My feet too often sip; Yet fince I've not forgot thy way, Restore thy wand'ring sheep. I have waited for thy falvation, O Lord. Gen. xlix. 18.

ANY have received comfort from these words in death, and waited in faith for their salvation. The thoughtless and impenitent wait only for temporal prosperity in their lives, and therefore cannot expect eternal bliss, but on the contrary a dreadful judgment after death. O that they would enter into themselves this very day, that at the eve of life they might, like Jacob and Simeon, depart in peace. We will not therefore look for any earthly things, but for the Saviour, who is already come, who will grant us his salvation, his aid and deliverance in life and death, and will conduct us safely at last, though we should wait some time for his help. Yes, my Redeemer, they who wait, depend upon, and hope in thee, shall not be assamed; grant us only faith and patience, that we may wait on thee from one morning-watch to another; and, enduring all things, make the whole course of our lives one perpetual expectation of thy aid; and may we ever abundantly experience thy help and salvation, especially at our latter end.

Christ's own soft hand shall wipe the tears
From ev'ry weeping eye,
And pains, and groans, and griefs, and sears,
And death ittelf shall die.

How long, dear Saviour, O how long Shall this bright hour delay? Fly fwiftly round, ye wheels of time, And bring the welcome day. For God so loved the world that he gave his only begotten Son, that whosever believeth in him should not perish, but have everlasting life. For God sent not his Son into the world to condemn the world, but that the world through him might be saved. He that believes on him is not condemned, John iii. 16—28.

OH that these truly precious words were ever warmly impressed on our hearts, that they were our last thoughts at night, and the first at our awaking in the morning; and that they were improved in such a manner, as to make our dying-bed easy in the evening of our life, and to insure our rising with gladness in the morning of the resurrection. And what more blessed and delightful meditations can I daily dwell upon, than to think thus: God has loved me, even me, when I was his enemy, and so loved me, that he gave me his only Son. Bless me with faith in Christ, then Christ is mine, and all things are mine, I Cor. iii. 21. For he has not spared his own Son, but delivered him up for us all; how shall he not with him also freely give us all thing? Rom. viii. 32. He will never suffer a believing soul to perish, he has passed his word for it. It is he that says that I shall not perish; I shall not be condemned," but have everlasting life if I believe. This will I build and depend upon to my last moments, as upon an immoveable rock. Amen and Amen.

O! for this love let earth and skies With hallelujahs ring;

And the full choir of human tongues All hallelujahs fing. In Christ we have redemption through his blood, even the forgiveness of sins, Col. i. 14. Having forgiven you all trespasses. Blotting out the hand writing of ordinances that was against us, which was contrary to us, and took it out of the way, nailing it to his cross, Col. ii. 13, 14. Therefore, said he, "It is finished," John xix. 30.

DAST thou, O my foul, felt the weight of thy own guilt and mifery, and been enabled, in reality and truth, to lay hold, by faith, of the blood of Christ for thy redemption, and faithfully to devote thyfelf to Him in heart and life? Then hast thou a sure foundation to go upon; let it be thy constant care firmly to depend upon these, and such like blessed declarations; look to Jesus for every blessing thou standest in need of: Has Christ brought life and immortality to light? then look unto him and live: Is there redemption through his blood, even the forgiveness of sins? then throw all thy guilt upon his atonement: Has he blotted out the hand-writing of ordinances that was against thee? then shake off self-righteous dependencies, and legal sears also: Did he die for thy sins? then let his goodness and love lead thee to unfeigned repentance; let the sense of thy sins break thine heart, but encourage thy hope in the gospel.

Not all the blood of beafts,
On Jewish altars slain.
Could give the guilty conscience peace,
Or wash away the stain.

But Christ the heav'nly Lamb, Takes all our fins away; A facrifice of nobler name, And richer blood than they. My faith would lay her hand On that dear head of thine, White like a penitent I stand, And there confess my fin.

My foul looks back to fee
The burdens thou didt bear,
When hanging on the curfed tree,
And hopes her guilt was there.

Keeep me as the apple of the eye, bide me under the shadow of thy wings, Psalm xvii. 8.—Divine answer. He shall cover thee with his feathers, and under his wings shalt thou trust: His truth shall be thy shield and buckler, Psalm xci.4.

THERE is none, O Lord! that has more need continually to keep close to thee in prayer and faith; and at the same time none is more unable to do it than I, the least of all thy slock. O! that thou wouldest be graciously pleased to incline and enable me to this blessed work; and grant that thy good Spirit, according to his own pleasure, may never suffer me to be faint and backward in the same. Whilst I truly rest my faith under the wings of thy grace, I am sure of desence, power, and comfort; but as soon as I wander from thee, I am in danger of losing the comfortable sense of these privileges, and falling into various errors and perplexities. "Guide me, O Lord, by thy counsel in this world, and at last receive me into glory." Amen.

He that has made his refuge God, Shall find a most feeure abode; Shall walk all day beneath his shade, And there at night shall rest his head.

Just as a hen protects her brood From birds of prey that seek their blood Under her seathers; see the Lord Makes his own arm his people's guard. Thrice happy man! thy Maker's care Shall keep thee from the fowler's fnare, Satan, the fowler, who betrays Unquarded fouls a thousand ways.

What though a thousand at thy side At thy right hand ten thousand dy'd, Thy God his chosen people saves Amongst the dead, amidst the graves. From that time Jesus began to preach, and to say, Repent, for the kingdom of beaven is at hand, Matt. iv. 17.

THE kingdom of heaven appertains to those who repent. And the first mark of repentance is poverty of spirit; whence Jesus saith, chap. v. 3. "Blessed are the poor in spirit, for theirs is the kingdom of heaven." John preached repentance; Jesus preacheth it here, and so did his aposses atterward. Thus true repentance is necessary for all; and the beginning of it is to acknowledge ourselves poor miserable sinners, depraved by nature, and totally void of righteousness or worth of our own; to contess our nakedness; to drop all the sig-leaves of vain excuses and salse comforts; to lay open our poverty, or wants before God; to accuse ourselves, and plead guilty of all our sins, but seek mercy from Christ. It we do this we are blessed, and the kingdom of heaven is ours. This poverty of spirit is both the first and last foundation laid in the heart; for the saithful are more and more grounded in poverty of spirit, the nearer they approach to their consummation.

Pure are the joys above the fky,
And all the regions peace:
No wanton lips, nor envious eye,
Can fee or tafte the blifs.

These holy gates for ever bar Pollution, sin, and shame; None shall obtain admittance there But followers of the lamb. Pray without ceasing. Theff. v. 17.

F we have not got grace enough, it is because we do not pray enough. For most true it is, we need not strive to move God to compassion, and extort, as it were, the blessings from him by our prayers which he has promised. Very far from it. He is every minute communicating himself to us; in every word he holds forth Christ and every good thing to us: But we must always have a soul hungering after Christ, and by incessant prayer stretch out the hand of faith to receive him: This is chiefly to be understood of the inward desires and groanings of our spirit; but we must not omit to pour out our supplications daily, as oft as we can, by words, else our secret mental prayers at last may become so secret, as to cease perhaps entirely.

Hely Father, lend an ear,
Whilst I fue in Jesu's name;
Surely thou wilt kindly hear,
Since I bring no human claim:
Let me for adoption stay,
Only give me power to pray,

Orant me comfort, or deny,
Vifit, or from me depart,
Only let thy Spirit cry
Abba, Father in my heart;
Abba, Father would I fay,
Only give me power to pray.

Abide in me, John xv. 4. Lord, to whom shall we go, thou hast the words of eternal life, John vi. 68. For it is good for me to draw near to God. I have put my trust in the Lord God, Plaim lxxi. 28.

TO abide in Christ, who is our righteousness and strength, and not to be moved from him, is the very life and power of Christianity, we do this when our thoughts are going out after Him, our hearts cleaving to Him, and our minds staying upon Him Now to know Christ, and thus to abide in Him, as our righteousness, brings peace and joy; which joy in the Lord is certainly followed with strength to overcome sin and the world, which believers renounce the more readily, as they have found something better in Christ. May the Lord give me grace likewise immoveably to abide in him.

Christ is my light, my life, my care, My blessed hope, my heav'nly prize; Deater than all my passions are, My limbs, my bowels, or my eyes.

The strings that twine about my heart, Tortures and racks may tear them off; But they can never, never part, With their dear hold of Christ my love. My God! and can an humble child, That loves thee with a flame fo high, Be ever from thy face exil'd, Without the pity of thine eye!

Impossible! for thine own hands, Have ty'd my heart so fast to thee, And in thy book thy promise stands, That where thou art, thy friends must be. Christ has redeemed us from the curse of the law, being made a curse for us; for it is written, Cursed is every one that hangeth on a tree. That the blessing of Abraham might come on the Gentiles through Jesus Christ; that we might receive the promise of the Spirit through faith, Gal. iii. 13, 14.

THE spirit of sanctification is the gift of Christ. Consequently there is a great difference between moral actions done by our own strength, and true sanctification of the Spirit. The latter cannot take place before the soul truly receives Christ, and abides in him as its only propitiation, righteousness, and peace; for he being first made to us of God our righteousness, will then be made our sanctification likewise, I Cor. i. 30. And the kingdom, work, and image of God, will go on best when we trust least to our own strength; sanctification is now become a more easy task, since Christ lives and works in us, and we in a child-like temper live henceforth to him who died for us.

The law commands and makes us know What duty to our God we owe; But 'tis the gospel must reveal Where lies the strength to do his will.

The law discovers guilt and fin, And shows how vile our hearts have been; Only the gospel can express Forgiving love, and cleansing grace. Christ is the end of the law for rightcousness to every one that believeth, Rom. x. 4.

HE law calls for a perfect righteousness, which, in ourselves never will be found: but all its demands were followed. will be found; but all its demands were fulfilled by our Surety .-Every true believer finds that righteoufness in CHRIST which he stands in need of; and is enabled, through the Spirit, to rest upon it for justification: he faithfully endeavours to obey the law as the great rule of his duty both to God and man; yet is so sensible of his own manifold defects. that he would utterly despair, if he could not look up unto Jesus, and fav. " Thou shalt answer for me, O LORD my Gon!"

Lord, when my thoughts with wonder roll | My passions rise and soar above, O'er the fliarp forrows of my foul, And read my Maker's broken laws, Repair'd and honour'd by thy crofs;

When I behold death, hell, and fin, Vanquish'd by that dear blood of thine; And fee the man that groan'd and dy'd Sit glorious by his Father's fide,

I'm wing'd with faith and fir'd with love; Fain would I reach eternal things, And learn the notes that Gabriel fings.

But my tongue fails, my heart complains, For want of their immortal ftrains; And in such humble notes as these Must fall below thy victories.

But the down found no rest for the sole of her foot, and she returned unto Noah into the ark. Then he put forth his hand and took her, and pulled her to him into the ark. Gen. viii. 9.

find no rest for the sole of its foot, until it brings us to Jesus, who is the great ark of the covenant. Many, on their first awakening from sin, apply themselves to very hard works and rigorous duties, thereby expecting to find rest for their wounded consciences. But, though the right and diligent use of all the means of grace is absolutely required, yet great care must be taken not to quiet ourselves by that only. We should not place any considence at all in our own doings, but only look for rest through the blood of Christ. To be found in him justified and accepted, would soon sill our hearts with peace, nay, encourage and enable us to do good works, a Chron. xvii. 6.

In va n the trembling conscience seeks

Some solid ground for rest,

With long despair the spirit breaks,

Till we apply to Christ.

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Just as we see the lonesome dove
Bemoan her widow'd state,
Wand'ring she flies thro' all the grove,
And mourns her loving mate.

Just so our thoughts from thing to thing In restless circles rove; Just so we droop and hang the wing, When Jesus hides his love.

While Jesus shines with quick'ning grace
We sing and mount on high;
But it a frown becloud his face,
We faint, and tire, and die.

By this shall all men know that ye are my disciples, if ye have love one to another, John xiii. 35. Forbearing one another in love. Endeavouring to keep the unity of the Spirit in the bond of peace. Let not the sun go down upon your wrath; but be ye kind one to another, tender hearted, forgiving one another, even as God, for Christ's sake has forgiven you, Eph. iv. 2, 3, 26, 32.

I UMBLE Christians never affect singularity, nor pretend to have the preference one of another; they rather study to be of one mind, strive not about words, lest the general harmony subsisting between them, and the edification of souls, should be hindered. Whoever judges and blames every thing, and can never agree in words and notions, or join in devotion with other experienced Christians, is pussed up with self-conceit, and is in the way to make a dangerous shipwreck; "for pride comes be"fore a fall."

Nor diff'rent food, nor diff'rent drefs, Compose the kingdom of our Lord; But peace, and joy, and righteoutness, Faith, and obedience to his word.

When weaker Christians we despise, We do the gospel mighty wrong; For God, the gracious and the wife, Receives the feeble with the ftrong.

Let pride and wrath be banish'd hence, Meekness and love our souls pursue: Nor shall our practice give offence To faints, the Gentile, or the Jew. While the bridegroom tarried, they all slumbered and slept, Matt. xxv. 5.

That I may be roused out of my slumber, and be watchful and ready against the coming of my bridegroom! How many are there that set out in good earnest in their way to heaven, and run well for some time, but at last are lulled to rest, and entangled again with a salse notion of liberty! Even the wise virgins sall asleep. Let this be a warning to me, O Lord! set thou a guard before my eyes, ears, and other faculties, lest the world should again enter through these avenues of the heart: if the spark be not speedily extinguished, it would soon break out into a slame: thus sin is of a progressive nature, and its venom spreads quickly and very wide, unless it be stopped and opposed in time. Watch therefore over this unsteady heart of mine, O thou Keeper of Israel! that as soon as it begins to wander from thee, I may be alarmed to shee from sin as from a serpent. Give me grace to look upon every hour as my last, so that being ever wisely upon my guard. I may meet thee with joy, when my time is run out, whenever it shall please thee to call me hence.

The fearful foul that tires and faints, And walks the ways of God no more, Is but efteem'd olmost a faint, And makes his own destruction sure.

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Lord, let not all my hopes be vain, Create my heart entirely new; Which hypocrites could ne'er attain, Which false apostates never knew. But while men flept, his enemy came, and fowed tares among the wheat, Matt. xiii. 25.

TO wonder that Christians lose their power and strength, if the enemy of fouls find them afleep. How foon may he gain an advantage from without, if a ffrict guard is not kept within! Though Satan feems to fleep fometimes, and we should by all appearance be in no great danger, it is only its stratagam to make us careless. He never fails to be vigilant, and watch his opportunity that he may offer us battle with advantage; and who knows but he may gain the victory by those very fins, to which perhaps we, for many years, had hardly any temptation. O! how cunningly does he work! how enticing is the world! even in lawful things, very often, the most dangerous snares lie hidden. A single word that we hear, may be able to disturb our peace. One unguarded look is sometimes enough to infatuate our hearts. There is danger on all sides. Unless the Lord open our eyes, and preserves us on all occasions, each of us, even the best, may still be overcome and deadly hurt by fin and the world. Satan is particularly busy to fift the godly most of all; and having catched them in his net, triumphs exceedingly over them.

O Lord, suffer me never to fall asleep again !

Help me to watch and pray, And on thy felf rely;

And let me ne'er my trust botray; Lest I for ever die. The more they afflicted them, the more they multiplied and grew. And the children of Ifrael fighed by reason of the bondage, and they cried; and their cry came up unto God, by reason of the bondage. And God looked upon the children of Israel, and God had respect unto them, Exod. i. 12. chap. ii. 23. 25.

HE more we are oppressed by our spiritual and temporal enemies, the I more will the kingdom of God increase in and through us. And when diffress and dangers oppress us most, God hastens to our aid, and makes our necessity itself the means of our relief; for the ways of God are always wonderful. It was an extreme diffress when the children of the Israelties were cast into the river; but this was the means of preferving Moses, their intended deliverer. When Moles came, they were not relieved immediately, for their calamities increased. This is God's method. But they cried the more to God, and he relieved them by figns and wonders. After this, their diffress was greater than ever at the Red Sea. For after God has shown his glory in affifting us, he can still fend greater trials. But when they were befet on all fides by diffress and death, then came the most glorious succour of all, and their enemies perished in the Red Sea. Lord, suffer us not to despair in any extremity, but enable us to believe and experience that the greater our diffress, the nearer and more giorious will be thy aid, and all our enemies will be confumed as stubble before the devouring slame.

Lord, I am thine, but thou wilt prove My faith, my patience, and my love. When men of spite against me join, They are the sword, the hand is thine.

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259

What finners value, I refign; Lord, 'tis enough that Thou art mine: I shall behold thy blissful face, And stand complete in righteousness. Herein is love, not that we loved God, but that he loved us, and fent his Son to be the propitiation for our fins. We love him, because he first loved us, I John iv. 10, 19. He that loves me, shall be loved of my Father; and I will love him, and will manifest myself unto him. We will come unto him, and make our abode with him, John xiv. 21, 23.

what a glorious promise, what manner of love is this! Lord, I would not exchange my cross and sufferings, much less thy love, for the love and honours of the world. Only make it more known to me how great thy love is, and how much thou hast forgiven me, that I may love thee much again, and be thereby still better purged from the inordinate love of temporal things. It is my earnest desire that the gates of my heart should be open to none but thee, that thou alone mayest dwell in me. Shed thy love abroad in my heart, quicken and renew all the faculties of my mind and body, and work every thing in and for me.

O! for this love, let rocks and hills Their lasting filence break; And all harmonious human tongues The Saviour's praises speak.

Yes, we will praise thee, dearest Lord!
Oh, set each heart on flame!

Hofannah round the spacious earth To thine adored name!

Angels, affift our mighty joys,
Strike all your harps of gold:
But when you raife your highest notes,
His love can ne'er be told!

Wherefore we labour, that whether present or absent, we may be accepted of him, 2 Cor. v. 9.

THIS indeed is the true disposition of a soul espoused to Christ. She has but one care, which is to please him in all things. And this desire to do his will, is as it were the ring and seal of her bridegroom; which she may look upon even in the absence of all spiritual joy, as a

token for good, that she is his spouse.

Ought not then this day, O my soul, to be a new wedding-day with Christ? He is destrous that thou shouldst be betrothed unto him, even now, and waits only for thy consent. Hearken, O daughter! consider and incline thine ear; be no longer married to the world. Forget thine own people and thy father's house, and take him alone for thy husband, so shall the King greatly desire thy beauty. Wilt thou give the resusal to this glorious and loving Saviour! I hope not. Give it rather to the world, and resolutely say, It is enough, I have done with thee, O poor world! I break the bonds of my former love; my eyes and my feet shall henceforth only be directed to the blessed and eternal city of the new Jerusalem, where my heavenly bridegroom resides. And O what need have I to be duly prepared, dressed, and beautised, against his coming, and the time of his taking me home to himself! Lord Jesus, keep me longing for thine appearance.

If Christ is ours, we may despise All rage, though hell against us rise.

His love, experienc'd, will impart Immortal transport to thy heart. Let us therefore come boldly unto the throne of grace, that we may obtain mercy and find grace to help in time of need, Heb. iv. 16.

O That we were all so wise as to prepare and provide ourselves in due time with the right armour of saith, before the time of need and hour of death approach. Come, my reader, let us begin now, and go directly to the gate of Mercy, lest we should come too late and be undone. Behold the encouragement of Christ. "I am the door," says he, "and the way." John x. 9. chap. xiv. 6. Now by this door you may find the entrance into the heart and savour of God, Christ himself sitting on a mercy-seat to receive and welcome the vilest of sinners. And there is no drawing near to God but through him, and clothed in the robes of the righteousness of our only Redeemer, Mediator, and Advocate. He is Alpha and Omega, the Beginning and the End, nay, the very ALL in ALL to believers. With Christ they can never part; and he can never part with them.

Of him who did falvation bring, I could for ever think and fing: Arife, ye guilty! he'll forgive; Arife, ye poor! he will relieve.

Ask but his grace, and lo! 'tis giv'n; Ask, and he turns your hell to heav'n;

Tho' fin and forrow wound my foul, lefu, thy balm can make it whole.

Guide thou, O Lord, guide thou my courfe, And draw me on with thy fweet force; Still make me walk, still make me tend By thee my way, to God my end, God commendeth his love towards us, in that while we were yet finners Christ died for us. Much more then, being now justified by his blood, we shall be saved from wrath through him. For if, when we were enemies, we were reconciled to God by the death of his Son; much more, being reconciled, we shall be saved by his life, Rom. v. 8, 9, 10.

HERE we have much more reason to cry out than Moses, Deut. xxxiii.

3. "The Lord loved the people." But here I must beseech thee too, O Lord, that this infinite gift of thy Son may appear to me greater and greater every day; and that thy love shining out in his redemption may go on so to encrease in my soul, as to disperse all clouds of darkness, unbelief, and hard thoughts of thy goodness. Whenever this slandrous spirit tries to lift up his head, grant that my faith and love may be quickened and strengthened in such a manner, as heartily to praise thy great love in spite of all his suggestions. This is the chief desire which I offer unto thee in all my prayers, night and day. The want of faith and love, I am sensible, is still my greatest want: My soul is like a large empty vessel; but I pray thee to sill it speedily, notwithstanding any opposition that may be made by my unrenewed part.

Come, guilty fouls, and fiee away
Like doves to Jefu's wounds;
This is the welcome gospel day,
Wherein free grace abounds.

God lov'd the world and gave his Son To drink the cup of wrath; And Jefus fays, he'll cast out none That come to him by faith. For even bereunto were ye called, because Christ also suffered for us, leaving us an example, that ye should follow his steps, 1 Pet. ii. 21.

To believe in Christ for justification, is but one half of the duty of faith. It respects Christ only as he died and suffered for us, as he made atonement for our sins, peace with God, and reconciliation for us, and as our righteousness. Unto these ends he is indeed principally proposed to us in the gospel; and with respect to them we are exhorted to receive him, and to believe in him. But this is not all that is required of us. Christ in the gospel is proposed as our pattern and example of holiness. And as it is a cursed imagination, that the whole end of his life and death was to exemplify and confirm the doctrine of holiness, which he preached; so to neglect his being our example in considering him by faith unto that end, and labouring after conformity to him, is evil and pernicious.—Wherefore let us be much in contemplation of what he was, what he did, how in all instances of duties and trials he carried himself, until a glorious image of his perfect holiness is implanted in our minds, and we are made like unto him hereby.

Let me walk with Christ below, In his likeness daily grow; Follow him, and run my race, Daily nourish'd by his grace. The gospel is made known to all nations for the obedience of faith, Rom. xvi. 26.

THE obedience of faith here spoken of, is the same thing as believing the report of the gospel, Rom. x. 16. An hearty submission to the righteousness of God, even to Christ, who is the end of the law for righteoutness to every one who believeth. This is the obedience of faith strictly fpeaking, by which we give glory to God, take full shame to ourselves, renounce all that Nature is proud of, and are brought to rest for our justification and acceptance with God on that alone which has satisfied his law and judice. However flightly we may be disposed to pass over this, it is a high point of obedience not easily brought about in such a creature as man, and needing an effectual light and energy from above. It is taught purely from above; and he who would learn it, must seek it by much prayer continually; for in vain shall we strive to obey God in other things, until we learn to obey him in this. Careless Reader! see to it that you learn your need of Christ. Awakened and distressed sinner! seek not to heal yourfelf by a forced obedience: Learn obedience of faith, that you may be purged in your conscience from dead works to serve God. Self-despairing finner! obey the gospel-call of God to your foul, and live. Believer! let your fruit be to holinefs.

Within me, Lord, thy Spirit place, | And let me daily grow in grace, Conveying health, and peace, and pow'r; | That I may love and ferve thee more.

Come unto me, all ye that labour and are heavy laden, and I will give you rest, Matt. xi. 28.

HIS is a free invitation to every weary and heavy-laden finner, made by him who alone is able to take away the load of guilt and fin; every person under the pressure of fin, not only may, but must, come to Jesus, thus laden with guilt, if he hopes to succeed for pardon. While we endeavour to prepare our way by holy qualifications, we rather fill it with stumblingblocks, whereby our fouls are hindered from attaining to the falvation of Christ. Christ would have us to believe on him, who justifies the ungodly, and therefore he does not require us to be godly before we believe: He came as a physician for the fick, and does not expect they should recover their health in the least degree before they come to him. The vilest finners are fitly prepared and qualified for this defign, which is to show forth the exceeding riches of his grace, pardoning our fins, and faving us freely, Epb. ii. 5, 9. It is no affront to Christ, or slighting or despising the justice and holiness of God, to come to God while we are polluted sinners; but rather, is an affronting and despising the saving grace, merit, and fulness of Jesus, if we endeavour to make ourselves righteous and holy before we receive Christ himself, and all holiness and righteousness in him by faith.

Come, finner, laden deep with woe! And unto Christ for healing go;

He cures all fickness, and all fore, And turns no beggar from his doors The kingdom of heaven is like unto a merchant-man seeking goodly pearls, who when he had found one pearl of great price, went and sold all that he had, and bought it, Matt. xiii. 45, 46.

BLESSED are they to whom the Gospel has made known the unsearchable riches of Christ. He is that one pearl of great price, in comparison of whom all other goodly things that men desire are worthless. Without him we are poor and miserable, though we abound in all manner of worldly store. But if we have found him and discovered the excellency of his name, we are in possession of a treasure that makes us rich indeed; and have reason to be content with our portion, though stript of every earthly comfort. For the Father gives grace and glory, even eternal life in his son Jesus Christ; and he that hath the Son of God, hath life.

O my foul! thou like the merchant-man, hast been seeking goodly pearls, and eagerly looking here and there for happiness all thy days! Hast thou at length been enlightened to perceive where true joys are to be found? Then wilt thou be willing to sell all in order to win Christ, and be found in him. If there is any thing that thou art unwilling to part with for his sake,

thou knowest not his value, thou art not worthy of him!

Long did my foul in Jesu's form No comeliness or beauty see; His facred name, by others priz'd, Was tasteless still, and dead to me.

Thanks to the Author of all grace; That show'd me wretched, naked, poor, That fweetly led me to the Rock, Where all falvation stands fecure.

Glad I forfook my righteous pride, My moral, tarnish'd, sinful dress; Exchang'd my dross away for Christ, And found the robe of righteousness. God, who commanded the light to shine out of darkness, hath shined in our hearts, to give the light of the knowledge of the glory of God in the face of Jesus Christ, 2 Cor. iv. 6.

X7 ITHOUT this faving knowledge we have no God, no Christ, no grace, no faith, no union with Christ, no actual justification, pardon of fin, peace, nor eternal life. But whoever has found Christ, the pearl of great price, the treasure hid, has found matter of great rejoicing; for he was poor before, and this treasure enricheth him; he was naked before, but finding this treasure, he is gloriously clothed; he was forced before to feed upon husks, but now he feeds on the bread of life; he was far in debt before, but now he sees the debt is paid, that he is justified from all things, and pardoned for ever; he faw he was a child of wrath before, but now he is become a child of God; that he was a captive and in chains before, but now he is fet at liberty; condemned before, but now fees there is no condemnation to him, nor to any one that is in Christ Jesus; that he was a fool before, but now he is made wife to falvation. Reader! can't thou fet thy feal to the truth and power of fuch experience?-then thou art wife indeed; if not, thou halt much to learn: Apply with speed, and remember, it is God alone that gives this light and knowledge.

Father of love and grace,

Reflected from thy dear Son's face, And beaming on my heart.

This is his commandment, that we should believe on the name of his Son Jesus Christ, 1 John, iii. 23. For God hath sent his Son into the world, that we might live through him, chap. iv. 9.

THE Father breaks forth, as it it were, through the whole Scripture in high praises of his Son. He calls out from heaven, "This, is my beloved Son, in whom I am well pleased, hear ye him," Matt. xvii. 5. Nothing therefore can be more agreeable to him, than to receive this his Son, and to believe his report, John xvi. 27.; and on doing this we shall have life; but by omitting it, we look upon him as a liar. Unbelief therefore which refuses to accept of this great gift, is, no doubt, the greatest of all sins. O Lord, teach me this, and grant me faith.

"Why art thou so backward, O my poor soul, to believe, like the rest of God's children, in Christ? Hast thou not as good a right to it as they have? Who can dispute with thee this privilege? It is the express will of the Father, nay, he even commands thee to do it. Has he given his only Son, by an act of inconceivable love, to die for thee, to the very end that thou shouldest live? O what a pleasing thing will it be to him, to put thy whole trust upon this his well-beloved son! This would be the joy of his heart, more than any thing else.—Therefore delay no longer to receive what his love has offered thee; but firmly believe that the Father loves thee, as well as the Son."

Author of faith, to thee I lift My weary, longing eyes; O let me now receive that giftMy foul without it dies!

Worthy is the Lamb that was flain to receive power, and riches, and wisdom, and firength, and honour, and glory, and blessing, Rev. v. 12.

O Lord! how mean and flight notions have I often of thy great power? By these I am discouraged, and thou art robbed of thy praise; grant, therefore, that though I would always be duly abased, and convinced of my vileness in such a manner, as never to ascribe any good to myself, or think myself worthy of the least thing in the way of merit, for at the best I am but an unprofitable servant; yet thy grace and power may at the same time appear to me abundantly greater than all my sins, so that I may have always encouragement enough to believe in and praise thy holy name.

Come let us join our cheerful fongs
With angels round the throne;
Ten thousand thousands are their tongues,
But all their joys are one.

Worthy the Lamb that dy'd," they cry, "To be exalt d thus;"

"Worthy the Lamb," our lips reply,
"For he was flain for us."

Let all that dwell above the fky,
And air, and earth, and feas,
Confpire to lift his glories high,
And fpeak his endlefs praife.

The whole creation joins in one,
To blefs the facred name
Of Him that fits upon the throne,
And to adore the Lamb.

My foul-shall be satisfied as with marrow and satness, and my mouth shall praise thee with joyful lips, Psalm Ixiii. 5. Alleluiah! for the Lord God Omnipotent reigneth. Let us be glad and rejoice, and give bonour to him, for the marriage of the Lamb is come, Rev. xix. 6, 7.

WHAT tends not to thy glory, O Lord, and is not thy own work, whatever appearance it may have, is not really good and profitable: preferve and affift me therefore to do all things as of thee, in thy fight, and to thy honour; may my foul be ever magnifying thy name, O my dear Redeemer and Bridegroom, and my whole conversation be directed to thy praise. Grant that my heart and mouth may be ever full of thy great mercies, and overflow continually with thanksgiving.

My God, my King, thy various praise Demands thanksgiving all my days; Oh, let thy grace employ my tongue, Till death and glory raise the song.

Grant, Lord, that ev'ry hour may bear Some thankful tribute to thine ear: And ev'ry fetting fun may fee New works of duty done for thee. Thy faithfulness endures the same; Thy bounty flows an endless stream: Thy mercy swift, thine anger flow; But dreadful to the stubborn foe.

And who can speak thy wondrous deeds! Thy greatness all our thoughts exceeds, Vast and unsearchable thy ways! Vast and immortal be thy praise,

Forfake not the works of thine own bands, Psalm exxxviii.—Divine answer. He which has began a good work in you, will perform it unto the day of Jejus Christ. Phil. i. 6.

THE right way to grow in grace is to give up thyself wholly to thy heavenly Father, who knoweth all thy wants, and has engaged to supply them. Then labour diligently to walk with Christ, and carefully cherish the new life, which, be it ever so weak and little now, in comparison to the old man, will increase and gradually out-grow him, as a new skin does the old. May the Lord only give us grace to watch against the opposite extreme, so as never to be lulled into a false rest, or a lukewarm spirit; but to be ever diligently and seriously employed in crucifying the slesh, and using all the means of grace; then we need not be anxiously troubled for the growing of the work of God in our sonls.

My foul lies cleaving to the duft; Lord give me life divine; From vain defires, and ev'ry luft, Turn off these eyes of mine.

I need the influence of thy grace To speed me in thy way, Left I should loiter in my race Or turn my feet aftray.

Are not thy mercies fov'reign still,
And thou a faithful God!
Wilt thou not grant me warmer zeal
To run the heav'nly road?

The fashion of this world passeth away, 1 Cor. vii. 31.

A S long as we feed on the husks of the world, and are in love with it, we are neither willing nor able to taste the comforts of the love of God. But when sin and the world are become an abomination to us, and we desire to be rid of them, and seek diligently unto Jesus Christ for the help of his grace and the benefit of his blood, we are then in a right way to receive the love of God, and every blessing of salvation. And though we are chastened by the Lord, yet he is not angry with us, but does it to embitter sin and the world more and more to us, and to make us lothe them, that we may not be condemned with the world.

Let worldly minds the world pursue, It has no charms for me; Once I admir'd its trifles too, But grace has set me free.

Its pleasures now no longer please,
No more content afford;
Far from my heart be joys like these,
Now I have known the Lord.

As by the light of op'ning day, The stars are all conceal'd, So earthly pleasures fade away, When Jesus is reveal'd.

Now, Lord, I would be thine alone, And wholly live to thee? But may I hope that thou wilt own A worthless worm like me!

Yes! tho' of finners I'm the worst, I cannot doubt thy will; For if thou hads not lov'd me first I had refus'd thee still.

D 2

Thine is the kingdom, and the power, and the glory, for ever, Amen, Matth. vi.
13. They cast their crowns before the throne, faying, Then art worthy, O Lord,
to receive glory, and honour, and power, Rev. iv. 10, 11.

ONE that is really poor in spirit, though he hath practifed the duties of the Christian life ever so long, and ever so diligently, always thinks himself to have received bet a very little portion of Christ, and the work of fanctification hardly to be begun in his soul. So far is he from believing he has already attained it, that, after all his best actions, he counts himself not worthy to be called by the name of a grateful son; he is never pleased with himself. No degree of holiness will fatisfy his soul. He seeks and finds no rest or comfort, but in the infinite mercy of God, and in the pardon of his sins by faith; though he does not divide Christ, but receives him in all his offices, and gives himself entirely up to him without reserve, to be more and more fanctified and perfected. And in this state he is safe indeed, he is prepared for death, and has no reason to be anxiously assaid, though earnestly desirous of higher degrees of fanctification.

The kingdom is thine we proclaim, Thy power prevails over men; The glory is due to thy name, For ever and ever, Amen.

He hath made with me an everlassing covenant, ordered in all things and fure: for this is all my substitution, and all my desire, 2 Sam. xxiii. 5. I have made a covenant with my Chosen, Plalm lxxxix. 3.

HIS was David's plea and confidence, when with eternity full before him, he was just going to make his appearance before an infinitely pure God. This must be our plea also, if ever we would obtain the approbation of our ludge. After a life of the most eminent holiness, the best of men will have reason to cry out, " Enter not into judgment with thy fervant, O Lord!" It is true, indeed, the believer will discover some evidences of grace, just to show the child of God, and no more; but all so imperfect, that he dares not ground his expectations on them. Here the covenant of grace steps in to his relief, wherein he fees ample provision made for the fecurity of his eternal interest. For the covenant is made with Christ and his feed. It is an everlatting covenant, not only made before time, but extending its beneficial effects through the ages of eternity. It is ordered in all things, therefore nothing can be wanting in it, either to promote the glory of God, or the falvation of believers. It is fure alfo; depending on no conditions, requiring nothing but what it gives, conferring its bleftings freely, and making them fure to all the feed, being established upon better promifes. Happy fouls, who are interested in this well-ordered covenant! may it be all my saivation, and all my defire!

Thy word, O God, begetteth faith;
From thence our nope doth fpring;
Founded alone on what God faith,
My foul adore and fing.

Thy word is truth, thy promise sure; Hence faith and hope abide: True faith in Jesus will endure; Nought can from Christ divide. I will pray the Father, and he shall give you another comforter, that he may abide with you for ever; even the Spirit of Truth; whom the world cannot receive, because it seeth him not, neither knoweth him; but ye know him; for he dwelleth with you, and shall be in you, John xiv. 16, 17.

WHEN God defigned the great and glorious work of recovering fallen man, and the faving of finners, "to the praife of the glory of his grace," he appointed in his infinite wisdom two great means thereof; the one was the giving of his Son for them, and the other was the giving of his Spirit unto them. And hereby was way made for the manifestation of the glory of the whole blessed Trinity, which is the utmost end of all the works of God. Hereby were the love, grace, and wisdom of the Father, in the design and contrivance of the whole; the love, grace, and condescention of the Son, in the execution, purchase, and procurement of grace, and salvation for sinners; with the love, grace, and power of the Holy Spirit, in the effectual application of all unto the souls of men, made gloriously conspicuous. To these heads may all the promises of God be reduced. Happy for the church, that the Spirit is to abide with it for ever! awful to think, that the unconverted world neither can receive nor know the Spirit!

Holy Spirit, heav'nly Dove, Bringing peace and bringing love; Take me, and possess me whole, Form the Saviour in my soul. Be my true and conftant guide, In my fainting heart abide; All the grace of God reveal, And each precious promife feal. Godly forrow worketh repentance to falvation, not to be repented of; but the forrow of the world worketh death, 2 Cor. vii. 10.

THERE is a forrow that is called godly, because it is produced in us by the Spirit of God discovering the evil of sin, and the plague and corruption of our own hearts, and deeply humbling us under a sense of sin, producing evangelical repentance, and leading the soul to cry to the Lord Jesus Christ for pardon and salvation, the Holy Spirit at the same time enabling us to believe in Him, and rest upon his person, blood, and righteousness for redemption and salvation, which repentance will never be repented of; but sorrow arising from the love of this world worketh death, death eternal. Lord Jesus, grant me to seel more of this godly sorrow for sin, and to rejoice more in Thee as my Saviour.

Father, thy long-lost child receive, Saviour, thy purchase own; Bleft Comforter, with peace and joy, Thy waiting creature own. Light is fown for the righteous, and gladness for the upright in heart, Psalm xcvii.

11. Unto the upright there ariseth light in the darkness; he is gracious and full of compassion, and righteous, Psalm cxii. 4. Cast not away therefore your confidence, which has great recompense of reward; for ye have need of patience, &c. for yet a little while, and he that shall come will come, and will not tarry, Heb. x. 35, 37. Isaiah lviii. 10, 12.

THIS thows that believers are subject to many changes of joy and sorrow. In a state of gladness therefore we have reason to sear; and in the hours of trouble and sadness to entertain good hopes. Thus we shall always be able to keep the happy medium between the extremes of levity and despair. Before a man has a true sense of his own miseries, the complaints and infirmities of the saints are often a stumbling-block; but atterwards they will administer to him great comfort. This is the reason that God has revealed them in Scripture; for the complaints of his elect children give more comfort than all their most heroic actions.

Alas! it swells my forrows high, To see my blessed Jesus frown; My spirits fink, my comforts die, And all the springs of life are down, Yet why, my foul, why these complaints? Still while he frowns his bowels move; Still on his heart he bears his saints, And feels their forrows and his love. I find a law, that when I would do good, evil is prefent with me, Rom. vii. 21.

O My foul! thou art always striving, yet sin is always stirring; thou searest the truth of grace, because thou sindest the working of sin; but it will be always thus; thou canst not come out of Egypt, but Amalek wid lay wait in the way; the sless will be sure to trouble thee, although it be never able to conquer thee: He therefore that sits down, and is at rest in sin, it is a sign that Satan is there, the strong man, because his kingdom is in peace; but where there is any work of Christ, there will be always war with sin; sin was the womb of death, and only death must be the tomb of sin. God would have my foul humbled, therefore, though he hath broken my prison, yet he hath left the chain upon my feet; God would have my graces exercised, therefore, though he hath translated me into the kingdom of life, yet he hath left the Canaanite in the land; God would have my faith exercised, therefore Goliah still shows himself in the field, that so I might go out to him in the name of the Lord;" I will betake me to the strength of Christ, and though I can thelp the rebelling power of sin, yet through grace, I will labour to prevent the ruling power of it.

Though fin will in believers dwell, Till death the inmates part; O Jefus, fave me from this hell, Which turks within my heart! God was in Christ, reconciling the world unto himself, not imputing their trespasses unto them; for he has made Him to be sin for us, who knew no sin; that we might be made the righteousness of God in him, 2 Cor. v. 19, 21.

IT highly concerns believers, who defire to keep a constant peace in their bosoms, to be ever sensible of their spiritual poverty, and to seed and rest wholly on the all-sufficient atonement and righteousness of Jesus Christ. Disquiet of mind and laziness of soul often proceed from self-righteousness, and not looking to Christ for every thing, but trusting secretly to something in ourselves.

Jesu, thou art my rightedusness,

For all my fins were thine;

Thy death has bought of God my peace,

Thy life has made him mine.

For ever here my rest shall be, Close to thy bleeding side; 'Tis all my hope, and all my plea; For me the Saviour dy'd!

My dying Saviour and my God, Fountain for guilt and fin! Sprinkle me ever with thy blood, And cleanse, and keep me clean. Nevertheless I am continually with thee. Thou hast holden me by my right hand. Thou shalt guide me with thy counsil, and afterwards receive me to glory. Whom have I in heaven but thee? and there is none upon earth that I defire befides thee. My flesh and my heart faileth, but God is the strength of my heart, and my portion for ever, Psalm lxxii. 23—26. Psalm xvi. 18.

BABES in religion not only long for Christ, but for sensible communion with him; and very often they are indulged with it, that they may be weaned from the world. But those of suller age, who have their senses more exercised, are thankful they can trust Him, when they do not see Him, and can follow Him, when they feel no comfort; relying more on the word and covenant of God, than on sweet sensations which, though ever precious and desirable, are oft withdrawn in times of trouble and temptation.

How oft have Sin and Satan strove To rend my soul from thee, my God; But everlasting is thy love, And Jesus seals it with his blood.

Amidst temptations sharp and strong, My foul to this dear refuge slies; Hope is my anchor, firm and strong, While tempests blow and billows rife.

The Gospel bears my spirits up; A faithful and unchanging God Lays the foundation of my hope, In oaths, and promises, and blood. There is a river the fireams whereof shall make glad the city of God; God is in the midst of her, she shall not be moved, Plalm xivi. 4. 5. Ye are of God, little chiefen, and have overcome them; because greater is he that is in you, than he that is in the world, I John iv. 4. Plalm cx. 2. Zech. ii. 5.

RUE Christians, in a right spirit, still are subject to temptations from within and without, but watching unto prayer they do not fall by them. On the contrary, as temptations are great helps to discover their hidden infirmities, and stir them up to be more cautious, serious, and saithful, they are followed and rewarded with great and glorious victories. Temptations are not indeed joyous in themselves, but are attended with good fruit and blessed effects in the faithful. Hence St. James bids us count it all joy, when we fall into divers temptations. What reason have we then to be afraid of temptations, since every one carries a new blessing along with it?

Jesus, lover of my soul,

Let me to thy bosom fly;

While the nearer waters roll,

While the tempest still is high.

Hide me, O my Saviour! hide, Till the florm of life is past, Safe into the haven guide, O receive my soul at last! Other refuge have I none;
Hangs my helples foul on thee;
Leave, ah! leave me not alone;
Still support and comfort me.

All my trust on thee is stay'd,
All my help from thee I bring;
Cover my defenceless head
With the shadow of thy wing.

Let not fin reign in your mortal body, that ye should obey it in the lusts thereof.

Resist the devil, and he will see from you, Rom vi. 12. James iv. 7.

MY foul, how awful is thy flate by nature and practice! Sin hath gained a dominion over thee; its influence is univertal over foul and body, and over every fon and daughter of Adam: it hath brought death on the body, and subjected the foul to everlasting misery; its authority is unjust, and its power cruel and destructive. Lord Jesus, let me adore thine effectual grace, that it hath in any measure delivered me from its power, and affift my poor heart in opposing and rejecting every temptation to obey it in the lufts thereof; let thy precious blood effectually fecure me from the guilt of fin in this life, and the punishment of it in another. O my foul! if thou art a faithful follower of Jesus, though Satan received a deadly wound when Christ was crucified for us, yet his malice is still the fame! they hast a thousand enemies, and the devil is the leader of them all. O may I with the deepest humility, look to Jesus; rest upon Jesus; and derive daily strength from him to resist the devil! and, finally, to come off conqueror, and more than conqueror through him that loved me. Amen.

Stretch out thine arm, victorious King!
My reigning fine subdue;

Drive the old Dragon from his feat, And form my foul anew. Though we have known Christ after the flesh, yet now henceforth know we him no more, 2 Cor. v. 16.

WHAT is it to know Christ after the flesh? It is to content ourselves with carnal views of his person, character, and kingdom. This was the case with all those who followed him, not on account of his miracles and doctrines, but for the loaves and fishes. Alas! are there not too many who with to know Christ for carnal worldly interest, and not that they may be faved from a proud, rebellious heart, and an ungodly life. O my foul! let me see to it, that my seeking after Christ may not be carnal, but spiritual! worldly interest is too apt, it may be feared, to influence both private professors, and even public preachers. True believers can fay, that henceforth this carnal knowledge of Christ is not their pursuit. Where the Spirit of Jesus regenerates the heart, and we are brought to a spiritual and experimental knowledge of Christ, we shall love Him, rejoice in Him, humbly submit to His will in all things, and daily pray to be more and more like Him. O thou dear and precious Jesus! grant that this may be more and more my experience, till I shall know Thee in all thy holiness and glory, for ever and ever!

The Lord preserves the simple; I was brought low, and be belied me, Psalm cxvi. 6.

He who walks in godly simplicity and humility, accounting his own infirmities always the greatest, will best be preserved from being pussed up and firted by the enemy of souls. And surely nothing should humble us more than justification by free grace. The more we consider and carefully cherish that, the more this simple, child-like, quiet temper will increase: for since there is nothing in ourselves which can be depended upon, but all must be freely received from Christ, this, at the same time cutting off all vain boasting, brings us low, settles our peace on Christ, who is our All, and is sure enough to be rested upon.

It is only from thee, O my dear Saviour! I can learn true simplicity: teach me therefore to turn mine eyes, not upon others, but upon myself. Humble me to the uttermost, and fashion me after thy own mind, that I may be careful to avoid every thing that is contrary to love. Keep me, Q my Light, from all self-dependence and self-conceit; bridle my carnal reason, and pull down all vain imaginations. Grant that my eye may be fixed only upon that one thing needful, which lasts eternally; and that in all my words, deeds, and gestures, I may always resemble the simplicity, innocence, fidelity, and love of a little child. Matth. xviii. 3.

Rich grace, free grace, most sweetly calls,
Directly come who will;
Just as you are, for Christ receives
Poor helpless sinners still.

'Tis grace each day that feeds our fouls; Grace keeps us inly poor; And oh! that nothing elfe but grace May rule for evermore. The Lord is my shepherd, I shall not want, Psalm xxiii. 1. He says it himself.

I am come that they might have life, and that they might have it more abundantly,
I give unto them eternal life, and they shall never perish, neither shall any pluck
them out of my hands, John x. 10. 28.

READER!

Is the Lord Jesus thy Shepherd? Has he called thee out of the wilderness; called thy heart from the love of sin and the world, and brought thee into his fold and passures, brought thee into a close attendance on his ordinances? And does he feed and refresh thy soul with his word? Canst thou distinguish the shepherd's voice from the voice of an hireling? And does thy heart cleave to the shepherd in faith and love, adoring his person, and approving his laws, as well as admiring his doctrines? Then fear not, the Lord is with thee; Jesus is thy shepherd: thou shalt want nothing that is really good. Follow thy shepherd, till he bring thee to glory.

My shepherd is the living Lord; Now shall my wants be well supply'd; His providence and holy word Become my safety and my guide. My wand'ring feet his ways mistake, But he restores my soul to peace, And leads me, for his mercy's sake, In the fair path of righteousness.

The everlasting gospel-Revelation xiv. 6.

are polluted with the filth of fin; in it is opened a fountain for fin and uncleanness.—The way to heaven is blocked up by our fins; it reveals a new and living way through the flesh of Christ." We are imprisoned debtors by multiplied transgressions; it shows that a price, the most inestimable, has been paid to discharge us.—We have by nature hard, strong, and impenitent hearts; in it is promised a heart of flesh.—We can of ourselves do nothing; it shows, that through Christ we can do all things.—We feel that we are liable to err and backslide; it declares that God will scourge us till we return to him, but not take his loving-kindness from us. We know that we are liable to many calamities; it teaches us, that they shall all work together for our good.—We see that we are dying creatures; by it we are assured that we have a forerunner in heaven, and an eternal habitation with God in glory. Lord send abroad and bless this gospel!

Salvation! let the echo fly
The spacious earth around;

And all the armies of the fky Conspire to raise the sound. They prefess that they know God, but in works they deny him, Tit. i. 16.

HERE is a profession of a special kind, which, in its own nature, is ex-I posed to reproach in the world; "they that will live godly in Christ " Jefus shall fuffer persecution." There is a being in Christ, and not living godly; for there are branches in the vine by profession, that bring forth no fruit; men that have not one drop of the Spirit of the witness of Christ, which torments the men of the earth. But they that will live godly, that is, engage in a profession that shall on all occasions, and in all instances, manifest the power of it, they shall fuffer persecution. We see many every day keep up a profession, but such a profession as will not provoke the world. Now this is to be assumed of the gospel, to be ashamed of the power and glory of it, to be ashamed of the Author of it. No man can put Jesus Christ to greater shame than by protessing the gospel, without showing the power of it, Phil. iii. 18. Rev. xi. 10. There can be no more vile and fordid hypocrity, than for any to pretend unto inward habitual fanctification, while their lives are barren in the fruits of righteoufness and obedience. Reader! of all dangers in profession, beware of a customary, traditional, or doctrinal owning of gospeltruths, without an experimental acquaintance with the reality and efficacy of them, for " all fuch will have their portion where is wailing and gnashing of " teeth."

O fairest pearl of price Thy riches let me see, And freely facrifice The world's esteem for Thee.

For Thee I would count all things loss,
And only glory in thy cross.

I will put enmity between thee and the woman, and between thy feed and her feed; it shall bruise thy head, and thou shalt bruise his heel, Gen. iii. 15.

BY " the feed of the woman" is to be understood Christ the Saviour; not excluding his friends and followers in every age of the world. This prediction of a Saviour, fignified to our first parents these four things: 1. That the promifed Saviour, was not to be the man's, but the woman's feed, or born of a virgin. 2. That he was to be a man by that expression, "Thou " shalt bruise his heel." 3. That he should break the head of the serpent, or destroy his power and dominion over mankind, and punish him, and all his votaries, with an utter destruction. And, 4. That in order to our Saviour's doing so, he must have his own heel, or human nature, that lowest part of his mediatory person, bruised by the seprent, or persecuted and put to death by the devil and his emissaries. This was the first intimation of a Saviour that was made to the world. It was made to the ferpent, for his immediate confusion. Made in the presence of our first parents, and before their sentence was pronounced, to inspire them with the hopes of pardon and life, and with a fense of the diffinguishing mercy of God, who, before he denounced fo much as any temporal punishment, animated them with the hopes of eternal redemption.

Arise, arise, the woman's seed, And bruise the serpent in my heart; Employ thy veng'ance on his head, And deadly strokes each day impart. The Lord do that which feems him good, 2 Sam. x. 12.

A Christian still seels the motion of self-will, and consequently of sin in his heart. And if it be asked, How can Christ and sin dwell together in one heart? The answer is; As a king and rebels in one kingdom or town: He does not agree or correspond with them, but subdues them, and maintains peace. But where self-will has the dominion, there is nothing but trouble and consusion; for unsanctified passions and a bad conscience not only are inward torments, but often occasion perplexity and damage in our worldly affairs; whereas, in the blood of Christ, we have a good conscience, abundance of peace, and can be content and happy in the most indifferent outward circumstances.

Take great heed, therefore, O my dear Christian! never to be led by thy own spirit, were it even in such things as seem to bring glory to God, if it is not of his own appointment. Our hearts sometimes are very deceitfully defirous of what pleases ourselves, while we pretend to seek God's glory; and were we not crossed in these our designs, they would prove a great burden to our life. Blessed is he who not only prays with his lips, but is heartily willing also that nothing but the will of the Lord should be done in every thing. It is God alone that understands what may be good or dangerous to our spiritual or temporal circumstances. We being often blinded or drawn by our lusts, are too much inclined to choose at random what would be perhaps most detrimental.

Saviour to my heart be near, Exercise the Shepherd's care;

Guard my weakness by thy grace, Let me seel a constant peace. The Lord will regard the prayer of the defitute, and not despise their prayer, Plalm cii. 17. They looked unto him, and were lightened; and their faces were not ashamed, Plalm xxxiv. 5. See also the instance of the woman of Canaan, Matt. xv. 21—28. And what Christ says, Luke xi. 5—13. and chap. xviii. 1—8. Likewise of a tossed vessel, Matt. viii. 24—27.

THE load of outward and inward affliction is not always prayed away with a few words, or in a few days. Sometimes it is necessary even to wrestle with God, and be very instant too; how else could faith and patience be exercised? If therefore the trials be sharp and lasting, it is not to weaken our faith; but to stir us up to be more instantly zealous in prayer, and the right use of the word of God: and by this means, to be so much more gloriously delivered and strengthened in faith; for whatever God sends upon us it is not for the lessening, but for the increase of our faith.

God is the refuge of his faints,
When storms of sharp distress invade;
Ere we can offer our complaints,
Behold him present with his aid.

Let mountains from their feats be hurl'd Down to the deep, and bury'd there: Convultions shake the folid world, Our faith should never yield to fear.

Tho' loud the troubled ocean roar,
Our fouls may yet in peace abide,
While ev'ry nation, ev'ry there,
Trembles, and dreads the swelling tide.

I dwell in the high and holy place, with him also that is of a contrite and humble spirit; to review the spirit of the humble, and to review the heart of the contrite ones. For I will not contend for ever, neither will I be always wroth: for the spirit should fail before me, and the souls which I have made, Isa. lvii. 15, 16.

To infift too much upon the sensible joy of faith, might make weak souls weaker still. Many a sincere Christian's heart is like a bottle of a very narrow passage, which can receive the dew of heavenly comfort only by little drops. But dost thou feel thyself quite naked, and void of all good? Christ will surely cover thee with the robe of righteousness. Go entirely out of thyself, looking only to him for every thing; and whatever gifts of joy, peace, and holiness may be given thee; be very thankful for them, yet trust not in them, but in Christ alone. This will make thee sure and keep thy heart at rest.

Thus faith the high and lofty One, I fit upon my holy throne, My name is God! I dwell on high; Dwell in my own eternity.

But I descend to worlds below, On earth I have a mansion too; The humble spirit and contrite Is an abode of my delight.

The humble foul my words revive; I bid the mourning finner live; Heal all the broken hearts I find, And ease the forrows of the mind.

Lord, by thy favour thou hast made my mountain to stand strong; thou didst bide bide thy face and I was troubled, Psaim xxx. 7.

EE, my foul, in this verse, a picture of thine own experience; how much art thou and David alike! When I look up to heaven, how often do I fee the fun both shine and set? When I look down into mytelf how often do I fee my comforts rife and fall? One while I am upon Mount Tabor, and have a glance of heaven; another while I lie in the valley of Bochim, weeping, because I have lost fight of my heavenly country. Joshua's long day is many times turned into Paul's fad night. When God would quicken my affections, he gives me a glance of heaven, that fo I may be in love with what I fee; when I begin to bless myself and rest in my happy privileges, he draws a veil over the bright vision, that I may rest in nothing but himself, nor lothe what I fo greatly love. He fuffers my happiness here to be imperfect, that fo I may be pressing on to that place where I shall be perfectly happy for ever. Lord, when thou showest thyself, let me love thee; when my mountain stands firong, let me praise thee; when thou withdrawest thyself, let me follow thee; when thy countenance is hid, let me still believe that thou lovest me; under all my changes here, let my foul be always breathing, panting, longing, and reaching after thee, till I shall so perfectly enjoy thee, that I may never lose thee more. Amen.

Lord guide me in the Christian race, And keep my mind intent on thee; Rejoicing when I fee thy face, And trusting when I cannot fee. Satan has defired to have you, that he may fift you as wheat; but I have prayed for thee, that thy faith fail not, Luke xxii. 31, 32. Yet shall not the least grain fall upon the earth, Amos ix. 9, For, I will keep thee from the hour of temptation, Rev. iii. 10.

SOMETIMES we may imagine ourselves to be divinely convinced of the will of God, both by seeming outward providences and inward persuasions of faith; and yet it is possible that the sistings of Satan are at the bottom; however, the Lord will over-rule him at last, and order all things to the best for his people. May the Lord make us watchful against our own spirit, and against the evil one, especially when he is transformed into an angel of light, that it may not be in his power to sift us so as to gain an advantage over us, by our listening to his inward suggestions, or yielding to his subtle temptations.

In vain the baffled prince of hell
His curfed project tries;
We that were doom'd his endless flaves,
Are rais'd above the skies.

O may my Jesus guard me sase From ev'ry ill design; And to his heav'nly kingdom keep This feeble foul of mine.

God is my everlasting ald,
And hell shall rage in vain;
To him be highest glory paid,
And endless praise. Amen.

Whose adorning, let it not be that outward adorning of plaiting the hair, and of wearing of gold, &c. But let it be the hidden man of the heart, in that which is not corruptible, even the ornament of a meek and quiet spirit, which is, in the fight of God, of great price, 1 Pet. iii. 3, 4. In rest shall ye be saved, in quietness and considence shall be your strength, Isaiah xxx. 15.

A Christian's best accourtements and festival clothes, in which he daily celebrates his sabbath, is called, Col. iii. 10, 12, 14. "The new man, bowels of mercies, kindness, humbleness of mind, meckness, long-suffering, and, above all, charity." These are our true ornaments, and we should seek to be dressed in them.—READER! What dost thou adorn most, Body or Soul? O thou meek and quiet Lamb of God, justly I blush before thee, when I consider my impatience, though I am never innocent like thee. I humbly beseech thee to forgive me these my transgressions, since thou hast made sufficient atonement for all by thy meritorious silence. But deliver me from this choleric, hot, and peevish temper also; and give me grace, in all inward and outward troubles, to have that long-torbearing mind which was in thee. Make me daily more and more like a lamb; that on all occasions, grievous or joyful, I may be duly composed, and show that excellent heavenly ornament of a meek and quiet spirit, not in many words, but in reality and power." Amen.

Giver of Concord, Prince of Peace, Meek, lamb-like Son of God! Bid our unruly passions cease, And quench them with thy blood. O let us find the ancient way
Our wond'ring foes to move;
And force the heathen world to fay,
"See how these Christians love!"

-Behold these three years I come seeking fruit on this sig-tree, and find none; cut it down, why cumbereth it the ground?—Lord, let it alone this year also, till I shall dig about it, and dung it: and if it bear fruit, well: and if not, then after that thou shalt cut it down, Luke xiii. 7—9.

HOU fruitless fig-tree, thou barren professor, dost thou hear this, and not 1 tremble? God is come feeking fruit; will thy bare profession, thy knowledge of the principles of religion, latisfy the great God? Will the notions of truth in thy head, thy talking and disputing, thy hearing the word preached, thy commending or censuring sermons and preachers, just as thou art in the mood, will this ferve thy turn? and wilt thou thus endeavour to ward off the heart-fearching God? Know thou, God is come to feek for fruit, and for good fruit from thee; not the fruit of good words only, but the fruit of good works; not the fruit of talking well, but of walking well, the fruits of holiness in life and conversation; fruit short of this God will not regard. If thy conscience be awakened, look to thy merciful High Priest, consider well his intercession for such a barren soul as thou art; "Lord, let it alone;" Father, let this man live one year longer; O turn away from this thine anger! I will yet fee what may be done; I will take other methods; I will try what corrections may do, perhaps the rod may work more upon him than my word has hitherto done, and may tend to make his barren heart fruitful; I will also ffir up my fervants to awaken him by a more sharp and fearching manner; and if these new efforts be blessed to him, all shall yet be well, thy grace magnified, and his foul faved; if not, then thou shalt cut him down.

If under means of grace, No fruits of grace appear, It is a dreadful case; Tho' God may long forbear, At length he'll firike the threaten'd blow, And lay the barren fig-tree low. I live by the faith of the Son of God, Gal. ii. 20.

In spiritual things we are too often living upon self, we seek in frames, forms, creatures, and animal life, that inward peace and stedsastness of mind which is only to be found in the Redeemer: Outward duties are well in their places; they are to be performed, but not to be trusted in; they are as the scassfold to the building, a means for carrying on the work, but not the work itself. When favoured with the gracious presence of Jesus, they are blessings; without it they are nothing. The whole dependence must be on Jesus: He is the way, the truth, and the life; without Him prayers, praises, rites, and ordinances, are carcases without a soul. This is the case with every external service that is destitute of the presence and blessing of the Holy Spirit, who alone imparts communion of heart, and a quickening of the soul in faith, and in love to Jesus, and often a delightful view of that which is behind the veil of outward ordinances (such as no carnal eye can behold) a purely spiritual discovery of the Lord in his goodness, beauty, grandeur, and glory!

Broad is the way that leadeth to destruction, and many there be which go in thereat?

But, narrow is the way which leadeth unto life, and few there be that find it,

Matt. vii. 13, 14.

THIS founds too harsh in the ears of the old man, who would not have the law made use of in these gospel times, either to the converted of unconverted; and yet to the old man the law, and not the gospel properly belongs. St. Paul, the great preacher of the gospel, made use of the law to rouse unconverted Felix from his security, Ass xxiv. 25. and to warn

the converted Romans from falling into it again, Rom. viii. 13.

Which way dost thou walk? examine thyself. Is it the narrow way? art thou quite sure of it? venture not to go on any surther at random. It is matter of great consequence; if thou wilt be safe, try better for it; thou mayest easily be deceived. Alas! thou art surely in the broad way to destruction, if thou still lovest and art conformed to the world. Art thou but indifferent with regard to the things of God, relishing more the vanities, pleasures, companies, treasures, and honours of this world? Thou art not in the good narrow way that leads unto life. O consider this well, and stop short, before it is too late, and thou drop into the bottomless pit of perdition.

Strait is the way, the door is strait, That leads to joys on high; 'Tis but a few that find the gate, While crowds mistake and die. Aaron shall bear the names of the children of Israel in the breast-plate of judgment, upon his heart, when he goeth into the holy place, for a memorial before the Lord continually; and thou shalt put into the breast-plate of judgment the Urim and Thummim, namely, lightly and integrity, Exodus xxviii. 29.

OW am I, saith the believer, for ever in gracious remembrance with God, fince my great High Priest and Advocate Christ Jesus, bears my name continually before him on his heart. Whenever I am troubled about my fins, his powerful mediation will surely plead mercy for all my transgressions, and supply my wants abundantly. God not denying him any thing. I can through him continually be heard and obtain grace; for he makes perpetual intercession for me in heaven, by which all my prayers at all times, and even now are fanctished, and presented to the Father, who heareth him always. O! who would not fend up his petition to heaven in faith!

Now may our joyful tongues Our Maker's honour fing; Jefus the Priest receives our fongs, And beers them to the King.

Before his Father's eye
Our humble fuit he moves;

The Father lays his thunder by, And looks, and smiles, and loves.

No fiery veng'ance now,

No burning wrath comes down!

If justice calls for finners' blood,

The Saviour shows his own.

If any man will come after me, let him deny himself, Luke ix. 23.

OING this, all the rest will be easy: If we know that we are nothing are unworthy of every thing, and have nothing of our own, we can lose nothing. We have no property, fince we are but stewards of the Lord. We have no honour or shame of our own, after the manner of the world: this being our only honour, if God be glorified; and our only shame, if he be dishonoured by us. The glory of God we must have at heart, and in his cause be like lions, but in our own cause like lambs. Therefore when we are croffed in things which do not concern the glory of God, and the real good of our neighbour, but our own interest, and are unwilling to suffer any thing, we shall miscarry, and be involved in greater troubles: But denying ourtelves, we shall lose only a good deal of vexation; and instead of this receive Christ, with all his spiritual and temporal bleffings, as far as we want them; which alone can make us cheerful and happy. But whoever defires to please the world, seeking himself and his own glory, cannot be a follower of Christ. And how will it be with him in the hour of death and judgment? By this every one, learned or unlearned, may try themselves: whom do they please; God, or the world?

Myself is sure the worst of soes, The more indulg'd the fiercer grows; I cannot rule it, 'tis fo wild, Lord Jefus tame this frantic child. Unto you which believe he is precious, 1 Pet. ii. 7.

EADER, put these few following questions to thine own heart, as in the presence of God; if thou canst answer them affirmatively, doubt not thy real interest in him, and in his great salvation. Is the Lord Jesus Christ precious to me, as he is to all that believe? Once he was to me without form or comeliness, and I saw no beauty in him; he is now to me the chiefett of ten thousands, yea altogether lovely? Do I behold an infinite amiableness and glory in his person, a transcendent excellency in his righteousness, and inexhausted fulness in his grace, and an heaven of happiness in his love? Do I esteem him above every name, love him above every creature and thing, and value an interest in him before ten thousand worlds? Is the language of my foul, " None but Christ, none but Christ?" " Whom have " I in heaven but thee? and there is none upon earth that I defire besides " thee. Is all the world, all that is admired in it, esteemed by me as dung, and beheld with the greatest contempt, when compared with a glorious Christ, the ravishing sweetness of his love, and the unsearchable riches of his grace? Do I wish nothing so ardently, seek nothing so diligently, and rejoice in nothing so greatly, as to win Christ, and be found in him? Be this my portion! - and can I fay, I want, I wish, I ask no more?

In vain I feek for reft In all created good; It leaves me yet unbleft, And makes pant for God. And fure at rest I cannot be, Until my heart find rest in thee. Upon thy right hand did stand the queen in gold of Ophir. The queen's daughter is all glorious within, her clothing is of wrought gold. Hearken, O daughter, and consider, and incline thine ear; forget also thine own people and thy Father's house; so shall the King greatly desire thy beauty: for he is the Lord, and worship thou him, Psalm xlv. 9, 10, 11, 12, 13.

BSERVE, O my foul! that thy celeftial Bridegroom does not require any ornament, merit, worthiness, or beauty of thine own: no, he will wash thee himself with his blood, he will soon adorn thee, and make thee truly amiable to himself and to his Father. O sweet and eternal truth! "He has loved us and washed us from our fins in his own blood." And being clothed with his righteousness, we have more than angelical beauty. If we have received the Spirit of Adoption, let us cleave to Christ alone; love him above all things, and walk in his commandments. This is not only our duty, but a needful evidence of our Sonship.

The King of faints, how fair his face, Adorn'd with majefty and grace! He comes with bleffings from above, And wins the nations to his love!

At his right hand our eyes behold The queen, array'd in purest gold; The world admires her heav'nly dress, Her robe of joy and rightcourness. He forms her beauties like his own; He calls and feats her near his throne, Fair stranger, let thine heart forget The idols of thy native state.

So shall the King the more rejoice In thee, the fav'rite of his choice; Let him be lov'd and yet ador'd, For he's thy Maker and thy Lord. They that are Christ's have crucified the flesh, with the affections and lusts, Gal. v. 24.

ALTHOUGH the flesh be alive still, and frequently stir, yet it cannot fulfil its desires, when it is fastened to the cross: With the crucifying of the flesh we have to do as long as we live. This is the cross we are to take up daily, and which either prevents many outward crosses, or at least yields great comfort under them. The cross being an extraordinary good means to experience the sweetness of the word of God, thou must always be ready and prepared for it, O my soul! And if none comes from without, take care to break thy own will in every thing. Painful and hard as this may seem to be at first, yet it will certainly very soon grow easier, and be matter of real joy. Blessing and peace will attend thy ways and steps, and thou shalt glorify God for having been resigned and guided, not by thy own, but by his good will and pleasure. Self-will, on the other hand, creates nothing but vexation, trouble, and uneasines. It is punished by itself, deprives us of all real blessings; and therefore deserves, and is best to be broke and crucified in its first motions.

Still I feel a fleshly part, Much corruption in my heart; Oh! I'm very vile indeed, Of thy blood I sure have need. Break, O break this heart of stone! Form it for thy use alone; Bid each vanity depart; Build thy temple in my heart. And the Lord had respect unto Abel, and to his offering: but unto Cain, and to his offering, he had not respect, Gen. iv. 4, 5.

F TERE are two brothers bringing each of them an oblation to the Lord. Cain as an husbandman, brought of the produce of the ground he cultivated: Abel, as a shepherd, some of the firstlings of his slock, with the fat of them; confequently both believed there was a God that made the world, and was to be worshipped; and yet one was accepted, the other rejected. Cain's facrifice was wholly euchariffical, or a thank-offering to God, for the bleffings of his Providence. Abel's was not only of the eucharistic, but of the expiatory kind; and while it was an expression of gratitude for the blessings of Providence, it was also typical of the atonement by Christ, and expressive of his hope of redemption through him. But what made the chief difference between them was, that Cain presented his offering while his heart was withheld, and without faith in Christ, fo was of the wicked one: Abel brought both his person and facrifice an offering to the Lord; he presented his oblation, and performed the other parts of worship with faith in God, and the promifed Saviour, and with fincerity, humility and love: Thus God had respect to him and his offering; accepted first his person as justified, then his offering; but neither the person nor offering of Cain found acceptance with God. Reader, mark the difference; by this Abel speaks to thee: Art thou in a flate of acceptance with God by faith in Jesus? Is thy whole dependence for pardon and life on Christ crucified? Dost thou obey from a principle of love? Then thou shalt be bleffed with righteous Abel here and for ever.

Thank-offerings paid to God, Still need the atoning blood;

Faith makes them with acceptance go, As Cain and Abel show.

On that day shall the priest make an atonement for you to cleanse you, that ye may be clean from all your sins before the Lord. It shall be a sabbath of rest unto you, and ye shall assist your souls by a statute for ever. The life of the slesh is in the blood, and I have given it to you upon the altar, to make an atonement for your souls for it is the blood that maketh an atonement for the foul, Lev. xvi. 30, 31. Chap. xvii. 11.

Our great day of atonement is that on which Christ shed his blood for us on the cross, and thereby made atonement for us. Now, if it was necessary for the Israelites to afflict their souls, and chastise their bodies on their great day of atonement, how much more ought we to pray for humility and repentance; as the evidence of our interest in the propitiation made by Christ Jesus? And as they abstained from all labour on that day, when the high priest alone was employed, so should we abstain from all our sinful works, and particularly from all self-sufficiency of righteousness, and seek our salvation only in the meritorious blood of atonement shed by our High Priest; for the life of our souls is in the blood of Jesus. O my Redeemer! may I, with an afslicted soul, ever seek my atonement, life, and salvation in thy blood and death! and may I lie down and rife up in a comfortable hope that I am pardoned through thy blood, thy Spirit bearing witness of it to my conscience.

Father, God, who feeft in me Only fin and mifery, See thine own anointed One, Look on thy beloved Son!

Turn from me thy glorious eyes, To that bloody facrifice, To that full atonement made, To that utmost ranfom paid.

Hear his blood's prevailing cry; Let thy bowels then reply; Then through him the finner fee; Then in Jesus look on me.

F 2

By the grace of God, I am what I am, I Cor. xv. 10.

The this my motto, both as to my natural and spiritual life; how else could I have existed at all! Had not Foreknowledge planned, and Wisdom contrived, and Power put every atom together, and fixed my scene of action, I had never been here. Nor is this God of grace lefs to be feen in every motion of my foul towards him: Had not every ipring been in him, this table on which I lean had felt as much bias towards him as I. The first check of conscience, the first thrill of fear, the first view of guilt, the first tear of penitence were all his own; the first drawings of the Spirit, the first fight of Christ, the first dawn of hope, were all his own; every succeeding step in the path of duty, every attainment in grace, every victory over the world and fin, every evidence and token of the fatety of my everlafting state, and every sweet interval of communion I have had with him, were still all his own; and the last labour of love; the last act of faith, and conquest over fin, death, and hell, together with an admission into eternal glory must and shall be all his own likewise .--The spring is love; the man is Christ, the footing firm; "the Headstone fhall be brought forth with shoutings, crying, 'Grace, grace unto it;' and grace shall be crowned with everlasting glory."

Whate'er I am, whate'er I hope, Proceeds from bounty of rich grace; Grace makes and holds my body up, And heals my spirit's fickly face. The love of Christ constraineth us, because we thus judge, that if one died for all, then were all dead; and that he died for all, that they who live should not henceforth live unto themselves, but unto him who died for them and rose again, 2 Cor. v. 14, 15.

If the love and power of Christ constrain us, we must needs be meditating and relying on him and his death. This will cut off all workings of our own, and make room for Christ to work every thing in us, and through us. O Lord! may thy love on the cross fire my frozen heart also; that I may now begin to love and praise thee purely and servently, and to offer my whole life up to thee as an entire facrifice of love.

Raise your triumphant songs
To an immortal tune;
Let the wide earth resound the deeds
Celestial Grace has done.

Sing how Eternal Love
Its chief beloved chofe,
And bade him raife our wretched race
From Sin's destructive woes.

Now finners dry your tears, Let hopeless forrows cease; Bow to the sceptre of his love And take the offer'd peace.

Lord, we obey thy call;
We lay an humble claim
To the falvation thou haft brought,
And love and praise thy name.

Whatfoever thy hand findeth to do, do it with thy might; for there is no work, nor device, nor knowledge, nor wifdom, in the grave, whither thou goeff, Eccles. ix. 10.

THE business of life is to glorify God, and to work out our own salvation: I all other concerns are subordinate to these; "the time is short; as the tree falleth, fo it lieth;" and where death strikes down, there God lays out, either for mercy or mifery: fo that I may compare it to the Red Sea; if I go in an Ifraelite, my landing shall be in glory, and my rejoicing in triumph, to fee all mine enemies dead upon the fea-shore; but if I go in an Egyptian, if I be on this fide of the cloud, on this fide the covenant, and go in hardened among the troops of Pharaoh, Justice shall return in its full strength, and an inundation of judgment shall overflow my foul for ever. Or I may compare death to the fleep of the ten virgins, of whom it is faid, "They all flumbered and flept;" we shall all fall into this fleep: Now if I lie down with the wife, I shall go in with the bridegroom; but if I sleep with the foolish, without oil in my lamp, without grace in my foul, I have closed the gates of mercy upon me for ever. I fee then this life is the time wherein I must go forth to meet the Lord; this is the hour wherein I must do my work, and the day wherein I must be judged, according to my works, is at hand. I know not how soon I may fall into this fleep; therefore, Lord, grant that I may live every day in thy fight, as I defire to appear the last day in thy presence.

Awake, my fluggish foul, The heav'nly race to run; Believe, and pray, and fpeed thy way, For night is drawing on, Sin is a reproach to any people, Prov. xiv. 34.

BE not deceived therefore with false notions of saith. Where there is true saith, no sin has dominion. Sin will ever be ever stirring, often raging, and sometimes prevailing, but never reigning where true saith is. A believer, through a strong and sudden temptation may be captivated by sin, but he is no willing captive; he hates sin, and prays and watches against it; and as saith increases, his power over sin increases too. A man having no seeling of the desperate wickedness of his heart, may imagine he has saith enough; but being once convinced of that, he soon perceives that it is the hardest thing in the world to believe; it requires the same power by which Christ was raised from the dead. St. Paul most emphatically describes it with six remarkable words, Epb. i. 19, 20. How then can any man think it an easier matter to believe? O the dreadful blindness and security which all the world runs into! may the Lord open their eyes!

Lord, how fecure my conscience was, And felt no inward dread! I was alive without the law, And thought my fins were dead.

My hopes of heav'n were firm and bright;
But fince the precept came
With a convincing pow'r and light,
I find how vile I am.

I'm like an helples captive, fold Under the pow'r of Sin; I cannot do the good I would, Nor keep my conscience clean.

My God! I cry with ev'ry breath
For thy kind pow'r to fave,
To break the yoke of Sin and Death,
And thus redeem the flave.

At the commandment of the Lord the children of Ifrael journeyed, and at the commandment of the Lord they pitched: and in the place where the cloud abode, there the children of Ifrael pitched their tents. And when the cloud tarried long upon the tabernacle many days, then the children of Ifrael kept the charge of the Lord, and journeyed not, Numb. ix. 18, 19.

THUS the spiritual Israelites; they ought not to undertake any thing from their own will, lest consusion and disappointment should encompass every path. The unconverted are full of their own will; how should they succeed? They are bewildered here, and run into perdition eternally. Sometimes the faithful may with a good design, when they are engaged in a good work, outrun the will of God, and not wait for his counsel. And yet the Israelites journeyed not, though the cloud tarried many days, and they might imagine they were losing time on their journey. O my God, grant that in all things, even in my best works, I may be guided by thine eye, and wait for thy counsel with a resigned temper! May I speak or be silent, work or rest, when, and as thou wilt; then shall my ways be blest, and thou wilt never leave me nor forsake me.

My God! the steps of pious men, Are order'd by thy will; Tho' they should fall, they rife again, Thy hand supports them still. I chose the path of heav'nly truth, And God inspir'd my choice; Not all the wealth of all the earth Could make so rejoice. In him was life, and the life was the light of men, John i. 4.

HATEVER notional knowledge men may have of divine truths, as they are doctrinally proposed in the scripture, yet if they know them not in their respect unto the person of Christ, as the foundation of the counfels of God; if they discern not how they proceed from him, and centre in him, they will bring no faving spiritual light unto their underflandings; for all spiritual life and light is in him, and from him alone. The difference between believers and unbelievers, as to knowledge, is not . fo much in the matter of their knowledge, as in the manner of knowing: Unbelievers, some of them, may know more, and be able to say more of God, his perfections, and will than many believers; but they know nothing as they ought, nothing in a right manner, nothing spiritually and favingly, nothing with a holy, heavenly light. The excellency of a believer is not that he hath large apprehensions of things, but that what he doth apprehend, which may perhaps be very little, he fees it in the light of the Spirit of God, in a faving, foul-transforming light. And this is that which gives us communion with God, and not prying thoughts, or curious raifed notions. In this knowledge, Lord, give me to increase every day.

Dear Lord, anoint my head and heart, And light, and life bestow on me; Light that will gospel truth impart, And life to make me live to Thee! We then that are strong, ought to bear the infirmities of the weak, and not to please ourselves, Rom. xv. 1. Considering thyself, lest thou also be tempted, Gal. vi. 1. Who art thou, that judgest another man's servant? Rom. xiv. 4.

Extraordinary quickenings and strengthenings being often sollowed by particular temptations, conslicts, and sufferings, require a particular watchfulness, if we would be earnest not to provoke the Lord to visit us with fore punishments for our carelessess. Fear therefore, rejoice with trembling, and as a needful means to secure thyself from falling, temper thy joy with true humility and gentleness towards the faults of others. Be never so highminded, O man! at the miscarriage of others, as to think thou wouldst not do so, should it happen to be thy case; for if God does not hold thee up himself, thou wilt surely make greater mistakes. Therefore thou hadst better not look upon others, but upon thyself; and, for fear of falling, be continually watchful in prayer. A great many would not have fallen so deep, had they been truly humble and more charitable in judging of others. He who exalteth himself above others, and does not bear with the weak, is sometimes humbled and debased under the very weakest of all. Bear, therefore, since God bears with thee: and he that bears most with others, shows the greatest strength.

Jefu Lord, we look to thee, Let us in thy name agree; Each to each unite, endear, Come, and spread thy banner here. Make us of one heart and mind, Courteous, pitiful, and kind, Lowly, meek in thought and word, Altogether like our Lord. Thou art my rock and my fortress; therefore for thy name's sake lead me and guide me, Psalm xxxi. 3. They shall come with weeping, and with supplications will I lead them: I will cause them to walk by the rivers of waters in a straight way, wherein they shall not slumble; for I am a Father to Israel, Jer. xxxi. 9.

E that comes in this manner, will certainly be led of God. Now, O Lord! I am blind, and heartily defire also to be directed by thee alone in all my ways and steps, in great and little things. Suffer me never to follow my own spirit and natural inclinations, whatever good appearance they may have. Be pleased to cross them continually, whenever they are contrary to thy will; often have I been deceived by false appearances already; my zeal has not always been according to knowledge; I have put natural passion in the place thereof, and thought I was contending for the faith once delivered to the saints, and have afterwards found it no better than the effects of a party spirit. Be then a Father to me, O Lord, and instruct thy waiting child in all necessary truths, and lead me in all thy righteous ways.

Thou art my Portion, O my God, And Christ my Living Way; Incline my heart to keep thy word, And on my Christ to stay.

But if I run befide thy paths,
In mercy stop my race;
And turn my feet to thy commands,
And heal me by thy grace.

I would be always who!ly thine;
O fave thy fervant, Lord!
Thou art my shield, my hiding place;
My hope is in thy word.

Thou hast inclin'd this heart of mine
Thy statutes to fulfil;
And thus till mortal life shall end,
Would I perform thy will.

Thou wilt keep him in perfect peace, whose mind is stayed on thee, because he trusteth in thee. Trust ye in the Lord for ever: for in the Lord Jehovah is ever-lasting strength, Isa. xxvi. 3, 4. Let him take hold of my strength, that he may make peace with me, and he shall make peace with me, chap. xxvii. 5.

To enjoy an undisturbed peace, great care must be taken that we do not look and depend upon any thing in ourselves, since all is but impersect, and ever will be so. We are to trust only in the Lamb of God, which takes away the sin of the world, to feed our souls continually in this gospel of peace, and be ever seeking him by diligent prayer, watchful, faithful, quiet, and humble: for we never lose any thing of our peace, except it is stolen by some pride, or other unguarded affections.

Hence from my foul, fad thoughts, begone,
And leave me to my joys;
My tongue shall triumph in my God,
And make a joyful noise.

Darkness and doubts had veil'd my mind, And drown'd my head in tears, Till Sov'reign grace with shining rays Dispell'd my gloomy sears. O! what immortal joys I felt, And raptures all divine, When Jefus told me I was His, And my beloved mine!

In vain the tempter frights my foul, And breaks my peace in vain; One glimple, dear Saviour! of thy face Revives my joys again. Thy Maker is thine bushand: the Lord of Hosts is his name. The ransomed of the Lord shall return, and come to Zion with songs, and everlasting joy upon their heads. Isai. liv. 5. chap. xxxv. 10.

ATHEN Cyrus took the king of Armenia, and his fon Tigranes, and their wives and children prisoners, and, upon their humble submission, beyond all hope, gave them their liberty and their lives; in their return home, as they all fell a commending Cyrus, some for his personage, fome for his power, fome for his clemency. Tigranes asked his wife, "What thinkest thou of Cyrus? Is he not a comely and a proper man, of a majestic presence?" "Truly," said she, "I know not what manner of man he is, I never looked on him." "Why," faid he, "where were thine eyes all the while! Upon whom didft thou look?" " I fixed mine eyes," faid she, " all the while upon him, (meaning her husband) who, in mine hearing, offered to Cyrus to lay down his life for my ranfom." Thus if any question the devout foul, once indeed captivated by the world, but now enamoured of Christ her heavenly bridegroom, whether she is not charmed with the riches, pleasures, and gaieties of the world. Her anfwer is, That her eyes and her heart are now fixed on a nobler object, even on Him, who not only made an offer, like Tigranes, to die in her stead, but actually laid down his life to ransom her. And as her dear Bridegroom is now in heaven, her looks are after Him, and she can esteem nothing on earth in comparison of Him.

Thou shalt have no inheritance in their land, neither shalt thou have any part among them. I am thy part and thine inheritance, Num. xviii. 20.

WHOEVR loves and possesses the Lord Jesus, finds unspeakably more delight, honour, and riches in him, than in all other things. Then all is willingly denied for his sake, and this denial springs from faith. Now, O Lord! Thou art the All I need to make me happy, the only inheritance that can supply my every want, and to draw near to Thee is my greatest joy. I desire to love Thee evermore, and to show that love by keeping thy commandments; and I pray that a sweet sense of thy love to me may become my daily portion, and my only bosom treasure.

Befet with finares on ev'ry hand, In life's uncertain path I stand: Saviour divine! diffuse thy tight, To guide my doubtful sootsteps right.

Engage this roving treach'rous heart, Great God! to choose the better part, To scorn the trifles of a day, For joys that none can take away. Then let the wildest storms arise, Let tempests mingle earth and skies; No fatal shipwreck shall I sear, But all my treasure with me bear.

If thou, my Jefus, still art nigh, Cheerful I live, and cheerful die; Secure, when mortal comforts slee, To find ten thousand worlds in thee. Likewise the Spirit also helpeth our infirmities, for we know not what we should pray for as we ought; but the Spirit itself maketh intercession for us, Rom. viii. 26.

OD is a Spirit, and they that worship him, must worship him in spirit and I in truth. God hath many worshippers on particular occasions, who cannot be called spiritual worshippers: Take, for instance, the prayers of wicked men under their convictions, or their fears, troubles, and dangers, and the prayers of believers. The former is merely an outcry that diffressed nature makes to the God of it, and as fuch alone it considers him; but the other is the voice of the Spirit of adoption, addressing itself in the hearts of believers unto God as a Father. Wee to professors of the gospet, who shall be seduced to believe, that all they have to do with God confifts in their attendance upon moral virtue; it is fit for them fo to do, who, being weary of Christianity, have a mind to turn Pagans; but "our fellowship is with the Father, and his Son Jefus Chrift," under the promifed workings and interceffion of the Spirit; for by them alone are the love of the Father, and the fruits of the mediation of the Son communicated unto us, without which we have no interest or comfort in them; and by the influences of the Spirit alone we are enabled to make any acceptable returns of obedience to God. To exclude the internal operations of the Holy Ghost, is to destroy the gospel.

Spirit of wissom, grace, and pow'r! With Father, Son, We Thee adore, Of pray'r and faith the quick'ning spring! And Holy! Holy! sing.

Every man that striveth for the mastery is temperate in all things: now they do it to obtain a corruptible crown, but we an incorruptible, I Cor. ix. 25. For, he that overcometh shall inherit all things, Rev. xxi. 7.

To be only an almost-christian is a very hard thing, but to be a Christian altogether, makes all easy and pleasant. And such as desire to have the whole Christ, his whole salvation and all that is his, must needs give themselves up to him, not only in part, but wholly, according to that fundamental and most reasonable rule, "All for all." And as far as we deny him any thing, we make ourselves unhappy; but the more we are resigned to him, the more

we are fit to enjoy him and his spiritual bleffings.

Many would sooner be persuaded to follow Christ, if it was allowed to serve him by halves, and reserve some things to themselves. But what could that profit them? Christ will not be bargained with; and nothing is more dangerous than the dividing our hearts between him and the world, or waiting from time to time for a more convenient season to break through. Thus you may live many years, and be neither cold nor hot; and so at last be spewed out of the Lord's mouth. Consider this well, O ye double-minded, lukewarm souls? Christianity requires great striving, and overcoming all things, even our most savourite and darling lusts. Rouse therefore thy drowsy beart; spare thyself no longer; rise above the trisles of this world; fight the good fight of faith, and lay hold on eternal life, whereunto thou art called.

Take away my darling fin; Make me willing to be clean; Make me willing to receive What thy goodness waits to give. Force me, Lord, with all to part; Tear'all idols from my heart; Let thy pow'r on me be shown, Take away the heart of stone. A new commandment give I unto you, that ye love one another; as I have loved you, that ye also love one another, John xiii. 34.

A LL the commandments of God are commandments of love, tending to our real good and great happiness, far from being grievous to those who have faith and love; the practice thereof is life and peace. The world may think it a grievous burden; but this is a great mistake indeed. Sin is grievous. In hatred, envy, anger, revenge, pride, there is nothing but torment and slavery; but in love there is a sweet rest and pleasure.—
Thus a sinner always punishes himself, and is robbed of great peace and blessing, by transgressing the commandments of God.

Saviour, look down with pitying eyes,
Our jarring wills controul;
Let cordial, kind affections rife,
And harmonize the foul.

Subdue in us the carnal mind, Its enmity deftroy. With cords of love th' old Adam bind, And melt him into joy.

Us into closest union draw,
And in our inward parts
Let kindness sweetly write her law;
Let love command our hearts.

One thing is needful. And Mary bath chosen that good part, which shall never be taken away from her, Luke x. 42.

We must not pretend to serve God with only going to Church, and doing other acts of outward devotion; whilst we are dead and cold, our religion is vain. Who first, by faith, seeks grace from the words of Christ, like Mary, is served by Christ; and this constrains him to serve Christ, and his neighbour ready again. It is almost impossible for such to go on in haughtiness; envy, hatred, and disobedience. Grace and faith will resist it, and make them lowly, gentle, willing, obedient, active, without relying on any works of their own.

He that obtains Christ, the one thing needful, receives with him all the rest, and has no more need to be troubled about many things; he being our All, we may always live happily; whereas the children of this world must always be cumbered and divided between sears and hopes about their sate. In vanity we shall never find this good part; neither is there any salvation in the works of the law. Faith alone takes hold of it. And whoever withdraws his heart and senses from the noise and builte of this world, who quickly looks for salvation through the blood and righteousness of Christ, will certainly find it his better part.

The one thing needful, that good part, That Mary chose with all her heart, I would pursue with heart and mind, And seek unweary'd till I find. O Lord my God, to thee I pray, Teach me to know and find the may,

How I may have my fins forgiv'n, And fafe and furely get to heav'n. Hidden in Christ the treasure lies, That goodly pearl of fo great price. No other way but Christ there is To endless happiness and bliss. Purge me with hysfop, and I shall be clean; wash me, and I shall be whiter than snow, Psal. li. 7. Hide thy face from my sins, and blot out all mine iniquities, ver. 9. Though your sins be as scarlet, they shall be as white as snow; though they be red like crimson, they shall be as wool, Isa. i. 8. I have blotted out, as a thick cloud, thy transgressions, and as a thick cloud thy sins; return unto me, for I have redeemed thee, chap. xliv. 22.

WE must not keep away from Christ on account of our stumblings and manifold faults, this would cast us under the law again, and bind us under condemnation: but we should humble ourselves directly before God, and seek earnestly for pardon through the blood of Christ. The longer we delay this, the worse our case will grow; and the sooner it is done, the sooner we shall have forgiveness. The Lord not imputing those fins to us which are sincerely repented of, our soul returns to its rest again. And instead of falling into carnal security, (as some may think) it will rather strengthen our faith, and make us more watchful. Hasten, therefore, and come as soon and as well as thou canst. He will receive thee, if thou canst but creep.

O Lord, I fall before thy face; My only refuge is thy grace; No bleeding beaft, nor flood, nor fea, Can wash the dismal stain away.

Jesus, my God, thy blood alone
Has pow'r sufficient to atone;
Thy blood can make me white as snow,
No Jewish types could cleanse me so.

Deliver us from ewil. Matt. vi. 13 — Divine answer; Fear not, for I have redeemed thee; I have called thee by thy name, thou art mine. When then passest through the waters, I will be with thee; and through the rivers, they shall not overshow thee: When thou walkest through the fire, thou shalt not be burnt; neither shall the stame kindle upon thee, Ita. xliii. 1, 2. Christ has by his own blood once entered into the holy place; having obtained eternal redemption for us, Heb. ix. 12.

HIS precious redemption is the foundation of our present deliverance, and will, finally, produce an everlassing deliverance from all evil. He who loaths and detests not only the evil of punishment, but of fin itself, and consequently pants after Jesus, both for his love, and for his likeness. Such a one has faith already, and fin has lost its dominion over him. And though he may be tempted with it severely, yet he is under the law no more; for the reigning power of sin being broke, the law has lost its condemning power also, we are delivered from the power of the evil one, and we may be sure of a continual, nay, eternal redemption. We may often seel the evil, but by prayer and watchsulness be as often delivered from it also.

Thy folemn vows are on me, Lord;
Thou shalt receive my praise;
I'll fing, "How faithful is thy word!
"How righteous all thy ways!"

Thou hast secur'd my soul from death,
O set thy pris'ner free!
That heart and hand, and life and breath,
May be employ'd for thee.

Stir up the gift of God which is in thee, 2 'Tim. i. 6. Pfalm lii. 3. 2 Sam. vii. 18, 28.

HOW can this be done?—Answer; By looking as well upon thy own great poverty and wants, as upon the riches of grace which is in Christ for thee, and so drawing near to God, through him in faith. But is not enough to do this once for all, or now and then only. It is to be thy daily work. One day's omission may greatly hurt thy soul. Especially the morning hours are very proper for this purpose. These must directly be laid hold on to converse with God in prayer, before we meddle with any thing else in our business, though ever so needful and important, for fear of being entangled and distracted perhaps the whole day. And to gather the more strength, draw as near to Christ as possible, and even wrestle with him, as if it were the last time. Pour out thy whole heart before him; not giving over too foon; but be instant in thy supplications, at least with continual inward groanings, till thy heart burn within thee, and thou feel the quickening influence of his grace and Spirit. Then great care is to be taken to preferve this bleffing and ftrength in a quiet and well-composed mind, examining, thyself frequently, especially at nights, how the day has been spent.

I'll lift my hands, I'll raise my voice, While I have breath to pray or praise;

This work shall make my heart rejoice, And spend the remnant of my days. For every one that useth milk, is unskilful in the avord of righteousness; for he is a babe, Heb. v. 13.

THE apostle, with some severity of expression, tells the Hebrews, or I converted Jews to whom he wrote, that instead of being capable of strong meat, or attaining to the perfection of Christian doctrine, and being skilful in the word of righteousness, they chose to continue babes in knowledge; and like children, had all their work to begin again. It is therefore a matter of the greatest importance to know what that word of righteousness is, in which they were unskilful, not having their senses exercifed to discern between good and evil, truth and error. Let it only be observed, that they were looking back to the law, and consequently in danger of returning to it for justification, and thus falling from the doctrine of grace. The design of this epistle was to keep them stedfast in the faith; and it will appear at once, that the righteousness which they were ignorant of, or ready to reject, is that of Christ, "who by one offering," the finishing act of his obedience, "hath perfected for ever them that are fanctified." Heb. x. 14. How many at all times who have the name and appearance of well-grown Christians, are just such babes as the Hebrews were, and have the same need to be told that they are unskilful in the word, reason, or ground of a justifying righteousness, and exhorted to go on to perfection in Christian doctrine, as well as to further degrees of Christian holiness.

Unskilful I am, O Lord, A babe in knowledge yet; I fip the milk of thy sweet word, But ask for stronger meat. For our gospel came not unto you in word only, but also in power, 1 Thesi. i. 5.

BY the Gospel, the Son of God and divine truths are revealed to us; and by the Spirit they are revealed in us. External revelation by the word, and internal by the Spirit, are both necessary to falvation. Though Paul was separated from his mother's womb to be called by the grace of God, yet he had not an inward revelation of Jesus Christ to his heart, till he heard the external word of Christ with his ear saying, " Saul, Saul, why persecutest thou me?" Acts ix. 4. Hence learn to prize both the outward testimony of the word, and the inward testimony of the Spirit. The Gospel is a revelation of Jefus Chrift, without which we could never have known that our fins are atoned for by the blood, our persons justified by the righteousness, and our fouls everlastingly faved by the work of Christ. But is this knowledge all that is necessary to salvation? No: persons may attain a notion of these things in the head, and understand somewhat of them, and yet the heart be without precious faith in Christ, destitute of the love of Christ, and of any saving hope in him. Professor! look well to it: many have said, Lord, Lord, and have heard Christ preach in their streets, who little expected to meet with this rebuff from him, " I know not whence ye are; depart, ye workers of iniquity." Many heard the gospel preached in Thessalonica, but they alone were blessed, to whom it came "with power, and in the Holy Ghost, and in much affurance."

The gospel is like sun and show'r, If once the Spirit seal the word; It comes with truth, and comes with pow'r, And will both light and life afford. To reveal his Son in me, Gal. i. 16.

TROM hence begins spiritual life, a life proceeding from God, and holding communion with God, and tending to the glory of God, the honour and happiness of our souls ariseth from this revealing of Christ in us. Oh! for the reviving comfort of this, while we confider it. To reveal Christ in us, is to make fuch a clear discovery of the matchless charms, and glory of his person to our souls, as we never saw before; so that our hearts are enamoured with him, we choose him, love him, delight in him, and cleave to him in all his offices and characters. For by the eye of our foul we then behold his glory, the glory as of the only begotten of the Father, full of grace and truth to us miserable finners; hence he is the only beloved of our souls. Without this revelation of Jefus Christ in us, alas! what is all outward profession! no more than mere talk, dry formality, and heavy drudgery. O my foul! O my dear friends! be not content to live without a constant revelation of Christ to your fouls! This makes the conscience peaceful, the heart heavenly, and the foul happy. This inspires love, subdues lust, captivates the affections, makes the whole man happy in God, and creates heaven in the foul. If Christ be within in the heart, all will be right and well without in the life. If you believe in Christ as revealed in the word, this blessed promise is for you; " I will manifest myself unto him," John xiv. 21.

Great God! thy Scriptures will impart The Saviour to my list'ning ear; Yet oh! reveal Him in mine heart, And let me feel his presence there! The blood of Jesus Christ cleanseth us from all fin, 1 John i. 7.

TATHATEVER we do of ourselves, in answer to our convictions, is a covering, not a cleanfing: and if we die in this condition, unwashed, uncleansed, unpurified, it is utterly impossible that we should be admitted into the bleffed presence of the holy God, Rev. xxi. 27. Let no man deceive you with vain words. It is not the doing a few good works, it is not an outward profession of religion, that will give you an access with joy unto God. Unless you are washed from your actual transgressions in the blood of Christ, and cleansed from the pollution of your nature by the Spirit of God, you shall not inherit the kingdom of God; yea, without this washing, you will be an horrible fight unto saints and angels, to yourselves, and to one another, when the shame of your nakedness shall be made to appear. If therefore you would not perish, and that eternally; if you would not perish as base defiled creatures, an abhorring unto all flesh, then, when your pride, and your wealth, and your beauty, and your ornaments, and your duties, will stand you in no slead, look out betimes after that only way of purifying and cleanfing your fouls, which God hath ordained. "Without shedding of blood there is no remission," Heb. ix. 22. "The blood of Jesus Christ cleanseth from all fin." "Ye were redeemed " not with corruptible things—but with the precious blood of Christ, as of a lamb without blemish and without spot," 1 Pet. i. 18, 19.

No works of ours, the most or best, Can wash a conscience clean; The blood of Christ our great High Priest Will only cleanse from fin.

I do fet my bow in the cloud, and it shall be for a token of a covenant between me and the earth, Gen. ix. 13.

THE rainbow is a token of the covenant of preservation made with Noah, A and with all the creatures of the earth; it is fixed and fure: it may be confidered also as an emblem of the covenant of grace, Ifa. liv. 9, 10.; or rather, it may be an emblem of Christ himself, Rev. x. 1. as appears in many particulars. When we are apt to fear being overwhelmed by the rain, Jehowah shows this feal of his promise that we shall not. Thus he removes our fears, when we weep for fin, and are afraid of a flood of wrath, by reminding us of the covenant of grace established in Jesus. The thicker the cloud, afterwards the brigher the bow in the cloud; fo when afflictions abound, confolations do much more abound.—The bow appears when one part of the fky is clear, which intimates mercy remembered in the midst of wrath.-The rainbow is caused by the reflection of the beams of the fun; so all the glory of the covenant of grace and the fignificancy of the feals, are derived from Christ the Sun of Righteousness .- The bow speaks terror; but this is without string or arrow, is directed upwards, and not to the earth. God looks upon the bow to remember his covenant; fo should we, that we may be mindful of the covenant of grace with faith and thankfulnefs.

Christ's open arms like rainbows stand, To grasp and save a guilty land; Oh! take me, Lord, within thy bow, And all its glories sweetly show. God forbid that I should glory, save in the cross of our Lord Jesus Christ, by whom the world is crucified unto me, and I unto the world, Gal. vi. 24.

A TRUE believer has nothing to glory in but Christ alone. Even in his very best performances he will be often deeply humbled, and cry out, "Lord, enter not into judgment." And well he may; for the ground of our glory, comfort, and salvation, is not in works, but in Christ, and the free grace of God; who, for his Son's sake, lays nothing to our charge, but daily covers and richly pardons all our iniquities. And thus believers walking steadly, might always be kept in solid peace, for the cross of Christ is a solid and unshaken soundation.

When I survey the wond'rous cross, On which the Prince of Glory dy'd, My richest gain I count but ioss, And pour contempt on all my pride

Forbid it, Lord, that I should boast, Save in the death of Christ my God; All the vain things that charm me most, I sacrifice them to his blood. His dying crimfon, like a robe, Spreads o'er his body on the tree; Then I am dead to all the globe, And all the globe is dead to me.

Were the whole realm of Nature mine, That were a present far too small; Love so amazing, so divine, Demands my soul, my life, my all, -Purifying their hearts by faith, Acts xv. 9.

TY faith in the Son of God we get an interest in his great and glorious falvation; we are justified by faith; we have peace with God by faith; this is an excellent grace which brings us out of a state of slavery and fin, into the liberty of the fons and daughters of God, and will issue in everlasting salvation. Faith purifies the heart of man, naturally vicious, and unites us to Christ the root of all holiness. Now, reader, examine yourself whether you be in the faith; try the tree by its fruits; ask yourself these questions: has my faith a purifying influence on my heart? Does the view of Christ dying for my fins make me die unto them? Has my faith in Christ, as wounded for my transgressions, and bruised for my iniquities, made me bitterly lament them, fincerely hate them, and feek the death of every one of them? Tho' there may be still much fin in me, is there none allowed? Is there none, no not one; no not that fin which does most easily beset me, which I defire to be spared and excused in? Do I rather look upon all fin as the enemy of Christ and my own foul, and as such do I hate it with a perfect hatred? Am I praying fervently for divine grace to subdue it, and, in the strength of that grace, do I maintain a constant and vigorous war with it, determined never to give it any rest in my heart, never to cease my conflict with it till I have gained the complete and everlasting victory? Then thou art upright, go on and prosper.

That faith to me, O Lord, impart, Which, while it bringeth peace, Will daily purify my heart, And bring in holiness. He shall cause them that come of Jacob to take root. Israel shall blossom and bud, and fill the face of the world with fruit, Isai. xxvii. 6. They shall again take root downward, and bear fruit upward, chap. xxxvii. 31. They shall bring forth fruit in old age: they shall be fat and sourishing, Psal. cxii. 14. Her leaf shall be green, and shall not be careful in the year of drought, neither shall cease from yielding fruit, Jer. xvii. 8.

RUE evangelical Christians look upon themselves as barren trees, ever crying out, "O my leanness! my leanness!" Even before the judgment-seat of Christ, they acknowledge no fruits, nor will plead them, though they have been fruitful, Matt. xxv. 37—39 The reason is, they are poor in spirit and are not pleased with their fruits, but only with Christ. Grant, O Lord, that I may earnestly seek to bring forth fruit, and may grow in fruitfulness, as I grow in years, and never cease from yielding truit. Hereby proving myself to be a tree of the Lord's planting, whose leaf is green, and whose branches are flourithing and fruitful! Yet bless me also with the deep poverty of spirit, that I may see myself still nothing, having nothing of my own to glory in, or to justify me, and thus esteem Christ my All, and rest upon him wholly.

Lord, 'tis a pleasant thing to sland In gardens planted by thy hand; Let me within thy courts be seen, Like a young cedar fresh and green.

There grow thy faints in faith and love, Bleft with thy influence from above;

Time, that doth all things else impair, Still makes them flourish strong and fair.

Laden with fruits of age, they show The Lord is holy, just, and true; None that attend his gates shall find A God unfaithful or unkind. The breaker is come up before them; they have broken up, and have passed through the gate: and their King (as the author and finisher of faith) shall pass before them, and the Lord on the head of them, Micah ii. 3. Be of good cheer, I have overcome the world, John xvi. 33. Heb. xii. 1, 2.

SOMETIMES the enemy feems to get an advantage over us, but the battle is not over yet. At last thou shalt have the victory, and carry the day for all that. In hard struggles remember the power of Christ, who in his resurrection broke through every thing. With him thou canst also break through, and be more than conqueror. Yea, in every consist if thy faith be firm, thou canst be sure of victory before hand; for faith engages Christ's power, and his power insureth victory; it is as impossible for thine enemies to keep thee always in bonds, as it was impossible that Christ could be kept in the grave by the stone, seal and keepers. Nay, the greater their force is, the more glorious will be the victory of Christ over them.

Hofanna to our conqu'ring King!
The Prince of darkness flies;
His troops rush headlong down to hell,
Like light'ning from the skies.

There, bound in chains, the lions roar;
And fright the refcu'd sheep;
But heavy bars confine their pow'r
And malice to the deep.

Hosanna to our conqu'ring King!
All hail, incarnate Love!
Ten thousand songs and glories wait
To crown thy head above:

Thy vict'ries and thy deathless fame
Thro' the wide world shall run,
And everlasting ages sing
The triumphs thou hast won.

Can two walk together, except they be agreed? Amos iii. 3.

THEY must be agreed in heart, in affection, in will, in their inclinations and pursuits, or they cannot walk together in any mutual confidence and comfortable communion. "What communion hath light with darkness; and what concord hath Christ wim Belial; or what part hath he that believeth with an insidel?" 2 Cor. vi. 15. We cannot walk with Jesus, without a living union with him, a hearty love to him, and a holy delight in him; nor can he walk with us on any other principles. We cannot walk with each other without mutual love. A living union with Jesus, cemented and sealed by his holy Spirit, is the only bond of union and agreement between Christians whereby they can walk together, to the honour of God and their own benefit. Alas! how much it is to be lamented, that those who, through grace, are thus united, should be so visibly shy of each other, because they differ in lesser matters. O my dear Saviour! help me to be more agreed with thee, and to walk more closely with thee, and in more real affection and love with all those who are really thine to the praise and glory of thy grace! Amen, and Amen.

May the grace of Christ our Saviour, And the Father's boundless love; With the Holy Spirit's favour, Rest upon us from above; Thus shall we abide in union
With each other, and the Lord;
And possess in sweet communion,
Joys which earth cannot afford.

Let your moderation be known unto all men, Phil. iv. 5. For Charity, that is, love, edifieth, 1 Cor. viii. 1.

If thou rebukest others, and wouldst have them to be like thee, thou oughtest to examine thy off first, whether it slows from a blind party-zeal, impatience, and self-will, or from a true principle of love; and whether thou art also much in prayer for them, both before and after. He who lays the long-sufferings of the Son of God truly to heart, and considers how gently he has treated him, and still treats him, like the weakest child, must needs be moderate also towards all men, and think, if nobody would bear with others, surely I must." Lord! give me the right spirit of meekness, to show all lenity to my fellow-Christians.

Watch o'er my lips, and guard them, Lord! From ev'ry rash and heedless word; Nor let my feet incline to tread The guilty path where sinners lead.

O may the righteous, when I firay Smite and reprove my wand'ring way, Their gentle words, like ointment shed, Shall never bruise, but cheer my head.

When I behold them press'd with grief, I'll cry to heav'n for their relief; And by my warm petitions prove How much I prize their faithful love.

Put thou my tears into thy bottle; are they not in thy book? Psalm lvi. S. Divine Answer: They that sow in tears, shall reap in joy. He that goeth forth and weepeth, bearing precious seed, shall doubtless come again with rejoicing, bringing his sheaves with him, Psalm cxxvi. 5, 6.

BELIEVER, if thou art now reaping in joy, and finging hymns of triumph, be thankful; but remember that this work belongs more to the
next world than the present. Here weeping and rejoicing follow each
other, and sorrow will oft find a lodging in the bosom of faith. For there
is no retreat from the field of battle; and thine enemies will not leave
thee, while thou hast a breath to draw. Let this be a check to impatience:
It is indeed needful to be humbled under a sense of thy misery, so as to
sigh, groan, and weep often; and this is the true seed for eternity. Not
a single tear and groan will be lost. They are all in the book of the
Lord.

God counts the forrows of his faints,
Their groans affect his ears;
He has a book for their complaints,
A bottle for their tears.

The Lord can clear the darkest skies, Can give us day for night; Make drops of facred forrow rife To rivers of delight.

Let those that sow in sadness, wait
Till the fair harvest come;
They shall confess their sheaves are great,
And shout the blessings home.

The Lord hath heard my supplication; the Lord will receive my prayer. The Lord also will be a refuge for the oppressed, a refuge in times of trouble: And they that know thy name will put their trust in thee; for thou, Lord, hast not for-saken them that seek thee. For the needy shall not alway be forgotten; the expectation of the poor shall not perish for ever, Psalm vi. 9. Psalm ix. 9, 10, 18.

HOEVER would receive comfort from these words, must first be sensible of his poverty and misery, and show it by confessing his sins, and feeling nothing in himself but helplessness and unworthiness. He must come with all his poverty to a rich Saviour, and daily intreat his mercy, carefully remembering, that the Lord has promised to supply all our wants, however great our poverty and misery may be. Therefore beware of unbelief, and do not suspect the Lord's kindness, but seek to Him, and hope in him, and expect all good things from Him; assuring thyself that neither thy hope, nor thy prayer, nor a single sigh of thine will be lost. O my God! grant me faith, that I may say, the Lord heareth my supplication, the Lord receiveth my prayer. Praised be God, who hath not rejected my prayer, nor turned away his goodness from me, but is my protector and my hope.

God hears when dust and ashes speak; He pities all our groans; He faves us for his mercy's fake, And heals our broken bones. Lead us not into temptation, Matt. vi. 13.—Divine answer: God is faithful who will not suffer you to be tempted above what ye are able, but will, with the temptation, also make a way to escape, that ye may be able to bear it, 1 Cor. x. 13. Plain Ixvii. 2.

HE nearer to heaven, the higher the mountains, the deeper the valleys, and the sharper the conslicts. But be not discouraged! it is only for the trial of our faith. God gives also more strength, carries us through all, as he has done from the beginning, and suffers none to be ashamed who trust in him. Sometimes we may seem to be tempted above measure, and are asraid of being consounded; but far from it, it is quite impossible we should. Here thou hast the plain words of the Lord. Take hold on them, and wait his time; for since the world stood, none have been consounded in any thing who have waited for his promise; and surely he will not make thee the first instance of the failure of his word; by no means, Pbil. i. 10. Isai. liv. 10. "Rather shall the mountains depart, and the hills be removed, says the Lord that hath mercy on thee."

Our God, how firm his promife stands,
Ev'n when he hides his face!
He trusts in our Redeemer's hands
His glory and his grace.
Then why, my soul, these sad complaints,
Since Christ and we are one,

Thy God is faithful to his faints,
Is faithful to his Son?
Beneath his fmiles my heart has liv'd,
And part of heav'n poffefs'd;
O! praife his name for grace receiv'd,
And truft him for the reft.

O satisfy us early with thy mercy, Psalm xc. 14.—God's answer: Open thy mouth wide, and I will fill it, Psalm lxxxi. 10. For my people shall be satisfied with my goodness, Jer. xxxi. 14. The river of God is full of water, Psalm lxv. 9. With joy shall we draw water out of the wells of Salvation, Isai. xii. 3. This is the Fountain opened for sin and for uncleanness, Zech. xiii. 1.

MY foul! keep close to the gospel; there only is a fulness to supply all wants; food for the hungry, and raiment for the naked soul, and every thing in plenty. Whosoever will, may come, and be fed and clothed without money, and without price. Therefore let not the law hinder thee from eating and drinking, rejoicing and adorning thyself in a gospel manner. The law, as one justly observes, brings in a great bill, but nothing wherewith to discharge it. It sets the soul a working, but so as to neglect the proper nourishment necessary for it. No wonder, therefore, that she is destitute of sufficient strength; that she faints and never comes to the right mark. There is no such thing us making amends by the law: We must go directly to Christ, and receive the first grace and strength required, out of his sulness by faith.

Let ev'ry mortal ear attend,
And ev'ry heart rejoice;
The trumpet of the gospel founds
With an inviting voice.
Rivers of love and mercy here
In a rich ocean join;
Salvation in abundance flows,
Like floods of milk and wine.

Dear God! the treasures of thy love
Are everlasting mines;
Deep as our helples mis'ries are,
And boundless as our fins.
The happy gates of gospel grace
Stand open night and day;
Lord, we are come to seek surplies,
And drive our wants away.

Fear not, daughter of Zion, John xii. 15. But greatly rejoice and shout, O daughter of Jerusalem, behold thy King comes unto thee; he is just and having salvation, Zech. ix. 9. For the Lord has taken away thy judgments, he has cast out thine enemy: The King of Israel, even the Lord, is in the midst of thee: thou shalt not see evil any more, Zeph. iii. 15. Behold they shall furely gather together, but not by me: whoseever shall gather against thee shall fall for the sake, Isai. iv. 15. Let them return unto thee, but return not then unto them, Jer. xv. 19.

now, fear not, and be not discouraged. The King is bound by his office, love, and promise, to help thee with strength to overcome. Even the hardships of a Christian work together for his good in this world, and brighten his crown of glory in the world to come. Too oft, instead of casting and leaving a burden on the Lord by faith at once, we parley with temptation, and undertake to healourselves by a thousand salse contrivances, the effect of which is to make a conslict long that might have been short, 2 Chron. xvi. 7, 8, 9. Lord give me grace to be watchful, and to keep on the armour of faith, that as I pass from conslict to conslict, I may pass on conquering and to conquer, daily pressing forward, and experiencing Jesus every hour my mighty King and Saviour!

My Lord, my Conqu'ror, and my King,
Thy feeptre and thy fword I fing;
Thine is the vict'ry, and I fit
A joyful subject at thy feet,

Great Prophet, let me bless thy name;
By thee the joyful tidings came,
Of wrath appeas'd, of fins forgiv'n,
Of hell subdu'd, and peace with heav'n.

Thou shalt not be afraid of them, but shalt well remember what the Lord thy God did unto Pharaoh, and unto all Egypt, Deut. vii. 18. Be ye not terrified because of them, for the Lord your God is he that goes with you, to fight for you against your enemies, to save you, chap. xx. 3, 4. Hitherto shalt thou come, and no further; and here shall thy proud waves be slayed, Job xxxviii. 11.

THE affaults of original fin will ever return; and we must not be surprised, when one consist is over, that another arises. This contest is unavoidable, for the enemy is within us. It makes us more careful and humble to know this than if we believe that we had only to encounter with sin from without, and not from within: and if we desire to seel less evil in us than God suffers us to have, we may be assured, this desire proceeds either from pride, seeking to glory in our own righteousness, or from an impatient wish to get rid of the trouble of striving always against sin; whereas it should be enough for us that God suffers it, lays it not to our charge, and carries us through all dangers.

Let the redeemed of the Lord The wonders of his grace record; Ifrael, the nation which he chose, And rescu'd from their mighty soes. He feeds and clothes us all the way; He guides our footsteps lest we stray; He guards us with a pow'rful hand, And brings us to the heav'nly land. Verily, thou art a God that hideft thyfelf, O God of Israel the Saviour, Isai. xlv. 15.

All the paths of the Lord are mercy and truth, Psalm xxv. 10. The Lord of Hosts is wonderful in counsel, and excellent in working, Isai. xxviii. 29.

GOD is wonderful in all his doings, his ways are past sinding out: at the end we can see best what wise and gracious steps he took with us, Therefore, when things take such a wonderful turn that we are quite at our wit's end, and do not know which way to go, we may believe the hand of the Lord is in it, and some good will come of it at last. As we experience the name of Christ to be wonderful at such times, we may well expect that he will show himself to be our counsellor and mighty God also. At first every thing may seem to be against us, and go quite contrary; but at last we see plainly, that it was highly needful it should go contrary to our corrupt nature, and that thus it went well. For though the ways of God are marvellous, yet they are glorious.

Great God, I would not ask to see What in futurity shall be; If light and bliss attend my days, Then let my suture hours be praise.

Is darkness and distress my share? Then let me trust thy guardian care; Enough for me, if love divine At length thio' ev'ry cloud shall shine.

Yet this my foul defires to know, Be this my only wish below, "That Christ is mine!" this great request, Grant, bounteous God—and 1 am blest. Remember the Sabbath-day to keep it boly, Exod. xx. 8. I was in the Spirit on the Lord's day, Rev. i. 10.

READER, I know not who, or what thou art, but may the God of all grace bless this meditation to thy soul! Perhaps thou art a careless sinner, who to this day has trifled with sabbaths! O do not profane the Lord's day any more! but if thou hast any value for thy soul, attend upon his worship, and desire to be "in the Spirit on this day;" then wilt thou see and feel thy malady; look to Jesus, for pardon, and sabbath-days will become precious to thy soul. Perhaps thou art a self-righteous Pharisee, punctual in outward services—so far is praise-worthy; but awful is thy mittake, if thou makest any outward service the ground of thy acceptance, especially as the language of the day is, "In the Lord have I righteousness and strength;" and so wilt thou say, if "in the Spirit."

Or thou mayest have been a splendid professor, but now a grievous backflider; O may thou be "in the Spirit on the Lord's day," then wilt thou look to God for pardon, to Jesus for fresh sprinklings of his blood, and to the

Spirit for his quickening influences!

If thou art a believer under sharp trials, mayest thou be "in the Spirit," then when tribulations abound, consolations will abound also. If thou art a believer walking close with God, rich in knowledge and experience, thou wilt wish to be "in the Spirit," that grace may be magnified, Jesus more loved, and his name more honoured.

Reader, whatever thou art, whether master or servant, parent or child, if thou wishest to be "in the Spirit," and would have thy temporal and spiritual concerns prosper, make conscience of keeping the Sabbath-day holy.

The Sabbath is defign'd I know To train my foul for heav'n; Then let me keep and think it too, 'The best of all the seven.

Remember me, O my God, for good, Neh. xiii. 31.—Divine answer: Is Ephraim my dear so? is he a pleasant child? For since I spake against him, I do earnessly remember him still; therefore my bowels are troubted for him: I will surely have mercy upon him. Jer xxxi. 29. A book of remembrance was written before him, for them that feared the Lord, and that thought upon his name, Mal. iii. 16, 17, 18. I know the thoughts which I have towards you, Jer. xxix. 11.

A S foon as I appear with my prayers before the Lord, he writes all my petitions in his book of remembrance. Should I not pray much? Yes, O Lord; and though I have many things already in thy book, yet will I give thee occasion to write down more and more every hour. Thus nothing can be forgotten. All will be granted by him. Delays we must expect, but all shall be made up with so much the larger gifts in due time, though the best will be reserved for a blissful eternity.

Now let the Lord my Saviour smile,
And show my name upon his heart;
I would forget my pains awhile,
And in the pleasure lose the smart.

Dear Lord, imprint upon thy breaft, And in the book of life my name; I'd rather have it there impress'd, Than in the bright records of fame.

When the vast fire burns all things here,
Those letters shall securely stand,
And in the Lamb's fair book appear,
Writ by th' eternal Father's hand.

And in this mountain shall the Lord of Hosts make unto all people a feast of fat things, a feast of wine on the lees, of fat things full of marrow, of wines on the lees well refined, Isaiah xxv. 6.

A Feast bespeaks plenty, harmony, and joy. Many seasts were appointed under the law, in commemoration of various deliverances and mercies. The gospel appoints one great perpetual sessival, in consequence of the one grand blessing, which comprehends all other mercies, "Redemption by the blood of Christ." The table is always spread, the company are always welcome, the season is always pleasant, and the joy is always new, Lord, I once was feeding upon husks, upon ashes, upon the wind, and drinking down iniquity like water; but, O wonderful love! thou didst invite and bring me to thine own feast! Thou feedest me with the bread of life, and causest me to drink of the wine of thy consolation. May I never more have an appetite for the vanities of the world.

Why was I made to hear thy voice, And enter while there's room; When thousands make a wretched choice, And rather starve than come?

'Twas the same love that made the feast,
That sweetly forc'd us in;
Else we had still refus'd to taste,
And perish'd in our sin.

And he believed in the Lord, and he counted it to him for righteoufness, Gen. xv. 6.

It is no uncommon thing in scripture to put the act for the object, especially with regard to faith and hope. Thus hope signifies the object of hope, Jer. xiv. 3. 1 Tim. i. 1. 1 Heb. vi. 18. And faith is often put for the object, or doctrine of faith, or that which is believed in; as when it was said, Paul preached the faith which once he destroyed; and Felix heard him concerning the faith of Christ; and when the scripture speaks of keeping, and contending for the faith, and holding the mystery of the faith, and the like. Thus when Abraham is said to believe in the Lord, the meaning is, he believed in the promise of God, that he should have a seed, and a very numerous one; he believed that the Messiah would spring from his seed; he believed in him as his Saviour and Redeemer; he believed in him for righteousness; and he believed in his righteousness as justifying him before God. It was not the act of his faith, but the object of it; not the promise he believed, but what was promised, and his faith received even Christ and his righteousness; see this explained fully in Rom. iv. 3, 10, 22, 23, 24.

Reader, mark well how Abraham was justified before God, not by faith as a work, but as apprehending Christ; and follow this example of the Father of the Faithful. It is by faith in Jesus Christ alone that we can be justified before God; by faith all the Old Testament saints were justified, as well as the New; this distinguishes the Christian religion from all systems of morality,

and to err in this, is to err in the fundamentals of Christianity.

This do in remembrance of me, Luke xxii. 19.

COME, my foul, obey thy dying Lord's command; let it be thy delight, as it is thy privilege, to attend thy master at table, to take a nearer view of his bleeding love, and by a renewed act of faith, obtain a fresh taste and renewed pledge of the precious benefits contained therein. Stagger not through unbelief; it is a blessed truth, Jesus died for sinners; this is the soundation of a sinner's hope: let this encourage thee, O my soul; thou art a sinner guilty and desiled; Jesu's blood cleanses from all fin; he is the sountain opened for thy uncleanness; thou art by nature a child of wrath, condemned by the law, exposed to the curse; but Jesus was made a curse for thee; thou art unrighteous, unholy, but Jesus is made of God unto thee righteousness and sanctification; thou art weak, beset with enemies, his strength shall be perfected in thy weakness, and thou, by faith, shall be more than conqueror through him that loved thee; thou art afraid of perishing at the last, look to Jesus, neppirchased thee with his blood, he will not give thee up, none can pluck thee out of his hand.

Rife, then, O my soul, and come to the banquet of love, and partake of the bleffings of the everlasting covenant; beseech the Lord to manifest his love, and seal thy pardon, renew thy strength, and enable thee to travel the remaining part of thy pilgrimage, till thou come to Mount Zion, and be ad-

mitted a welcome guest at the marriage-supper in heaven.

I thank thee, O my dying Lord, For thine appointed feaft; Vouchsafe to meet me at thy board, And smile upon thy guest. I write umo you, little children, because your sins are forgiven you for his name's sake; I write unto you, fathers, because ye have known him that is from the beginning; I write unto you, young men, because ye have overcome the wicked

one, 1 John ii. 12, 13.

OD has faints of feveral degrees and fizes, and fome of them have more Communion with him than others; from among the multitude he chose twelve to be with him; from among the twelve he chofe three, Peter, James, and John, who were of the privy council; from among the three he chose out John as his peculiar darling, and bosom favourite, of whom it is said five times in St. John's gospel, that " he was the disciple whom Jesus loved." So now at this day, God hath his babes who live upon milk, and nothing elle; he has " his children alfo," who know their Father, and are affored of his love; " moreover he has his young men, who go out to war, and fight the Lord's battle victoriously; and he has "Fathers in Israel," who abound in greyheaded experience and wildom; for they knew him from the beginning, and they remembered his words. It is a great mercy to be one of God's " little ones," yea, the least of all; to be a star, though not of the first magnitude; to be a disciple, though not a John; not one of the three, nor one of the twelve, nor one of the feventy. But to be a John, a darling, and to lean on his breaft, to lie in his bosom, O how great a mercy! It is a mercy to be new-born, to be taken into the family of God, and household of faith; but to grow up to a perfect flature, to be a man in Chiff Jefus, O how great a mercy! Lord, thou knowest my defire, perfect that which concerns thy servant, yea, that which concerns all thy fervants.

It doth not yet appear
How great we must be made;
But when we see our Saviour here,
We shall be like our head.

We would no longer lie
Like flaves beneath the throne;
My Faith shall, Abba Father, cry,
And thou the kindred own.

Take now thy fon, thine only fon Isaac, whom thou lovest, and get thee into the land of Moriah, and offer him there for a burnt offering, Gen. xxii. 2.

A BRAHAM defired earnestly to see into the mystery of redemption; and A God, to instruct him in the best manner humanity is capable of receiving intruction, in the infinite extent of divine goodness to mankind, who spared not his own Son, but delivered him up for us all, let Abraham feel, by experience, what it was to lofe a beloved fon: " Take now thy fon, thine only fon, thine Isaac, the staff off thine age, the hope of thy family; none else do I require, and offer him up for a burnt-offering; and in this transaction fee my love to finners, when I shall give up mine only Son Jesus a facrifice for them." Abraham obeyed, he virtually facrificed his fon; a ram was substituted in his place, and bleffings are poured upon the faithful patriarch. In the whole flory we have a lively type of greater things. We have feen the day when God spared not his only Son, when he was bound with cords, when he bore his crofs, and on this mountain, probably on this very spot, was offered up an offering for fin; when he, triumphant over the grave, rose again to live for evermore, and fow his feed, even his redeemed people, whom no man cap number, and whose possessions are the glories of heaven and eternity.

And now, my foul, meditate on these things. Art thou a fon of Abraham? Is there in thine heart a darling sin? draw forth the knise and smite it to the heart. Hath God not spared his Son for me, and shall I spare what he commands me to sacrifice? No, gracious Saviour, no. Help me to be faithful, to keep back nothing from thee; search the ground of my heart; when thou hast tried me, crown the faith thou hast bestowed, and the obedience thou hast wrought, with that unfading glory thou hast promised to them that are

faithful unto death.

I thank the, Father, for the gift Of thy beloved Son; Now bid me give myfelf to thee, And live to thee alone. God, who is rich in mercy, for his great love wherewith he loved us, even when we were dead in fins, has quickened us together with Christ (by grace ye are faved:) and has raised us up together, and made us sit together in heavenly places in Christ Jesus, Eph. ii. 4—6.

CHRIST being the head of the body, his Church, all who are his real members, are together with him dead, buried, raifed up, and feated in heavenly places; for he is the new Adam, and has done all these things as our representative, in our stead, and for our good. Therefore a true believer may rejoice and say, I have suffered in thee, O my glorious Head, for all my fins already; I am discharged, I have no punishment to fear any more, respecting the guilt and curse of sin! Thou hast fully answered the charge against me, satisfied the infinite justice of God for me; and it is impossible with his equity and love to require a double payment of my debts. Consequently I die no more, since thou canst die no more, nay, I live already, and have my place with thee eternally in heaven, since the head cannot nor will ever part even with the weakest of his members, but influence and draw them after him wherever he goes.

O Lord, we praise thee for thy Son, Who join'd our nature to his own: Adam the second from the dust Raises the ruins of the first.

By the rebellion of one man Thro' all the feed the mischief ran; And by one man's obedience now Are all his feed made righteous too.

Where fin did reign and death abound, There have the fons of Adam found Abounding life; there glorious grace Reigns thro' the Lord our righteousness. God has made him to be fin for us who knew no fin, that we might be made the righteousness of God in him, 2 Cor. v. 21. To him that worketh not, but be-lieveth on him that justifies the ungodly, his faith is counted for righteousness, Rom. iv. 5.

THESE are very sweet and precious words to those who look upon their own best virtues and performances by nature as sinful, and upon their best condition by grace, as extremely weak and impersect. How comfortable a thing is the justification of the ungodly by faith, when the soul is first stript quite naked before God, and thoroughly convinced of its wickedness and weakness. A mere moral legal man does not meddle with this, he pretends to make amends for his former sins, by altering his course, and doing better works; but this is not making amends at all, since we are but unprofitable servants, and want continually forgiveness of sin, even when we have done all. There is but one way to be justified, and to obtain and preserve the blessing of a good conscience, which is by humbling and confessing ourselves guilty, and looking only for forgiveness and righteousness in Christ. Thus we are made by him the righteousness of God itself. May the Lord put us all in this way.

No more, my God, I boast no more Of all the duties I have done; I quit the hopes I held before, To trust the merits of thy Son.

O yes, I must and will esteem
All things but loss for Jesus' fake;

O may my foul be found in him, And of his righteoufness partake.

The best obedience of my hands
Daves not appear before thy throne;
But faith can answer thy demands,
By pleading what my Lord has done.

God has exalted Christ Jesus with his right hand, to be a Prince and a Saviour, for to give repentance to Israel, and forgiveness of sins, Acts v. 31.

SAY not what reason have I to repent? I am no murderer or robber; for thou art both. By thy fins thou hast murdered the Son of God, and by thy pride robbed God of his due service; therefore, if thy old heart be not changed into a new one, and yet thou seelest some uneasiness about thy salvation, do not look on this concern as a fit of the vapours, or as a temptation of the devil, but believe it is the work of Christ, who now awakes thee from the sleep of sin, and offers thee repentance; and who will change thy heart, and make thee a new man, if thou canst yield up thyself to him. "He stands at the door and knocks; and says, if any man hear my voice, and open the door, I will come in to him and fup with him," Rev. iii. 20.

Now Christ will ev'ry want supply, And fill our hearts with peace; He gives by cov'nant, and by oath The riches of his grace.

Our heart, that flinty, stubborn thing, That terrors cannot move, That fears no threat'nings of his wrath, Shall be diffoly'd by love. There shall his facred Spirit dwell, And deep engrave his law, And ev'ry motion of our souls To swift obedience draw.

Thus will he pour falvation down, And we shall render praise; He'll bless the people of his love, And we'll adore his grace. God is not a God of confusion, 1 Cor. xiv. 33. He has made every thing beautiful in his time. Also no man can find out the work that God makes from the beginning to the end, Eccles. iii. 11.

Lord, I am like a little child, knowing neither the beginning nor end of my ways; but thou being a wounderful counsellor, I think it my only wisdom to be advised and ruled by thee. O show me then always thy way in all things, even in the least; that I may never mis to do thy work in due season and due order. Make me such a faithful steward, as not to go one inch from thy will; but on all occasions to act and suffer according to thy good pleasure.

Whither, O whither should I sty, But to my longing Saviour's breast! Secure within thy arms to lie, And safe beneath thy wings to rest.

I have no might t' oppose the soe; But everlasting strength is thine; Show me the way that I should go, Show me the path I should decline. Which shall I leave, and which pursue?
Thou only my adviser be;
My God, I know not what to do,
But Oh! mine eyes are fix'd on thee.

Foolish, and impotent, and blind, Lead me a way I have not known; Bring me where I my heav'n may find, The heav'n of loving thee alone. Now he who establisheth us with you in Christ, and bath anointed us, is God; who hath also sealed us, and given us the earnest of the Spirit in our hearts, 2 Cor. i. 21, 22. Eph. i. 21.

A Sensible joy of saith, and great delight in prayer, are not the only evidences of this earnest and sealing of the Spirit; these sometimes are wanting, when we know we are sealed by these marks, namely, when we receive Christ in all his offices, and have a sincere desire to do the will of God in all things; when we love the ordinances of Christ, and regard the children of God with brotherly affection, and seek to do them good; when we hate sin, and watch and pray against it; and, lastly, when we are poor in spirit, vile in our own eyes, and are led into surther acquaintance with Christ himself, and with his gospel by the Spirit. These are constant marks even for the weakest.

Why should the children of a King Go mourning all their days? Great Comforter descend, and bring Some tokens of thy grace.

Dost thou not dwell in all the faints, And seal the heirs of heav'n? When wilt thou banish my complaints, And show my sins forgiv'n? Affure my conscience of her part In the Redeemer's blood; And bear thy witness with my heart, That I am born of God.

Thou art the earnest of his love,
The pledge of joy to come;
And thy soft wings, celestial Dove,
Will safe convey me home.

God me merciful to me a finner, Luke xviii. 13. Look upon my affliction and my pain, and forgive all my fins, Psalm xxv. 18.—Divine answer: The Lord is gracious and full of compassion, and of great mercy; the Lord is good to all, and his tender mercies are over all his works, Psalm cxlv. 8, 9. Therefore, my son, be of good cheer; thy fins are forgiven thee, Matt. ix. 2.

USTIFICATION or remission of sins before the tribunal of God, and the comfortable assurance of it in the heart, do not always go together. The pardon is passed in heaven at once, and in the most perfect manner: yet the sense of it may be wanting, for the assurance of that pardon is mostly given by degrees, as believers are able to receive it. Feeble glimpses appear now and then; and many love-tokens, usually pass between Christ and a believing soul, before the Spirit gives a full and clear witness to his conscience. Therefore a penitent soul must converse much with the gospel, and pray continually for more light, and a greater degree of faith and peace.

O God of mercy, hear my call; My load of guilt remove; Break down this fegarating wall, That bars me from my love.

Give me the presence of thy grace, Then my rejoicing tongue Shall speak aloud thy righteousness, And make thy praise my song.

A foul oppress'd with fin's desert My God will ne'er despise; An humble grown, a broken heart, Is our best facrifice. Delight thyfelf in the Lord, and he shall give thee the desires of thine heart, Pfalm xxxvii. 4.

I F thou defirest to delight thyself only in the Lord, and art more solicitous for the increase of faith, love, and holiness, than temporal happiness; and wouldst even part with some earthly good, provided it would enlarge thy spiritual welfare; this comes not from nature, but is an infallible mark of grace and regeneration; and the Lord shall give thee also the desires of thine heart, and even more than thou desirest.

Nothing can be more foolish than to harbour one or more secret lusts in our hearts, after we have been once awakened. We must certainly suffer for it; our conscience will check us; we cannot enjoy it with half the pleasure as before; our course is hindered, and our peace disturbed. How much more prudent and profitable then would it be, to forsake all and follow Christ straight, who only can satisfy the desires of our heart! Consider this, O my soul! act the wifer part; let thine eye be single, and cleave to Him alone; while others seeking to serve two masters, God and Mammon, are wosully disappointed at last; avoid thou this solly, and be wholly for Christ. Thus thou wilt be able to taste the kisses of his mouth, and the crystal streams of his comfortable and heavenly love.

Dear Saviour, let thy beauties be My foul's eternal food;

And grace command my heart away From all created good.

Heal me, O Lord, and I shall be healed, Jer. xvii. 14.—Divine answer: I am the Lord that healeth thee, Exod. xv. 26. They that be whole need not a physician, but they that are sick, Matt. ix. 12. I have seen his ways, and will heal him, Is. Ivii. 18. Chap. xliii. 3. and lxi. 1. He healed all that were sick, Matt. viii. 16.

CHRIST's healing all bodily fickness, was a token of his power and grace, to heal all spiritual diseases of our souls, though ever so desperate and dangerous. Therefore give thyself only up to his cure, he understands thy distemper also, and will certainly restore thee. He has healed a great many already, nay, all those who ever desired it, of all their infirmities. Thou canst never be too miserable and bad for him; he is ever willing and able to help. The worse thy case is, the more he will pity thee and have patience. Before we can be made whole, his way is to make us thoroughly sensible of our sickness, and lay our wounds more and more open. But as the physician then is most wanted, we must be the more earnest to implore his help, and he will furely bind us up again and heal us; not at once, but by degrees, often slowly and wonderfully, yet thoroughly at last; for he heals ALL, even the most incurable diseases, Psalm ciii. 3.

Bind up, O Lord, and cheer my foul With thy forgiving love; O make my broken spirit whole, And bid my pains remove. Let not thy spirit quite depart, Nor drive me from thy face; Create anew my vicious heart, And fill it with thy grace. Confess your faults one to another ___ James v. 16.

IT is related of St. John the Evangelift, that being upon his return from Patmos to Ephelus, after the death of Domitian, he was fet upon by a company of thieves, amongst whom was a young man their captain; to him Sr. John applied himself, by way of wholesome counsel and advice, which took fo good effect, that he became a new man, and was converted, and went thereupon to all his fellow-thieves, and befought them in the name of Jefus Christ, that they would walk no longer in their former wicked ways. He told them withal, that he was troubled in conscience for his former wicked life, and earnestly intreated them, that as they tendered the welfare of their own fouls, they would now leave off their old courses, and live more confcientiously for the time to come. The counsel was good, and well taken, so that many of those great robbers became great converts. Thus it is that one finner's confession of his faults to another, may happily prove the conversion of one by the other. Hence the meaning of that precept, " Confels your " faults one to another," is thus interpreted by fome. That those who have been partners together in fin, should go one to another, and seriously confess their fins each to the other; he that hath been a drunkard, or any otherwise a wicked liver, let him go to his companions in iniquity, and tell them that he is troubled in mind, because of his former excess, and perhaps he may be a means of converting them. Reader! Art thou a converted man, follow this method, go to thy old companions, warn them of their danger, and thou wilt either be a means of converting them, or hereby wilt get rid of their troublesome company in future? Again, he who has injured another, should confess his fault to that other, as well as to God, and beg forgiveness from both.

If I have wrong'd my neighbour aught, Or led a foul aftray, Lord, give me grace to own my fault, And to amend my way. Lord, enter not into judgment with thy fervant, Psalm cxliii. 2.—Divine answer a Verily, verily, I say unto you, He that heareth my voice, and believeth on him that sent me, hath everlasting life, and shall not come into condemnation, but is passed from death unto life, John v. 24. See also chap. viii. 51. Isa. xxv. 8.

SINGE the Judge himself is our Brother, our Bridegroom, the Lord of death and life, yea, even our life; believers cannot die eternally, because they are passed from death unto life." He that owns the justice of God's judgment, confesses himself guilty in all things, and appeals from the judgment-seat to the mercy-seat, him the Lord will own and justify through the righteousness of his Son: For "if we would judge ourselves," we should not be judged. Nay, we should even sit in judgment together with Christ," I Cor. vi. 2. and surely in that day we shall not pass a sentence of condemnation on ourselves; much less will Christ; for he loves us more than we do ourselves.

Who shall the Lord's elect condemn?
'Tis God that justifies their souls;
And mercy, like a mighty stream,
O'er all their sins divinely rolls.

Who shall adjudge the saints to hell? 'Tis Christ that suffer'd in their stead;

And the falvation to fulfil, Behold him rifing from the dead,

Faith has an overcoming pow'r, It triumps in the dying hour; Christ is our life, our joy, our hope, Nor can we firk with such a prop, Give heed to me, O Lord, Jer. xvii. 19.—Divine answer: Bebold he that keepeth Israel shall neither slumber nor sleep, Psal. cxxi. 4. Casting all your care upon God, for he careth for you, 1 Pet. v. 7.

THE care of the Lord, which he takes for his little ones, infinitely exceeds the care of the most tender mother over the weak and helples child. Then, whilst I feel and own myself weak, foolish, and wretched, the Lord being the guardian of such babes, he will have patience with me; for they are the vessels of his grace, knowing myself, therefore to be always a weak and ignorant child, I will labour to keep close to Jesus in waiting and prayer. And since he is the Minister of the Sanctuary, he will never let me want any thing that is good for me, but wil defend me and feed me, and train me up in the best and most suitable manner.

Be thou my counfellor,
My pattern, and my guide;
And thro' this defert land,
Still keep me near thy fide.
O let my feet
Ne'er run aftray,
Nor rove, nor feek
The crooked way.

Should all the hofts of death,
And pow'rs of hell unknown,
Put their most dreadful forms
Of rage and mischief on;
I shall be safe,
For Christ displays
Superior pow'r,
And guardian grace.

They faid unto the woman, Now we believe; not because of thy saying, for we bave heard him ourselves, and know that he is indeed the Christ, the Saviour of the world, John iv. 42. If so be ye have tasted that the Lord is gracious,

1 Pet. ii. 3.

It is an important thing to know affuredly that the scripture has such a witness as experience, and that there is a real correspondence between the saints and the word, between the believer and Christ. This matter lieth out of the common road of the world. Sinners not awakened, can have no experience of the world, and therefore it is often ridiculed by them. But oh! what an empty thing would religion be without experience, and a heart-selt knowledge of its truths? Experience is the sure and secret mark whereby the Christian knoweth the scripture is of God, and seeleth his own interest in Christ, and has been often helped out of a dark plunge by the sealing of the word in his heart. O what an excellent interpreter is experience: taste and see! for thus the serious Christian getteth a view of the scripture and spiritual things, which the most subtle and piercing eye of unfanctified schoolmen cannot reach, Psal. xxxiv. 3. and cxvi. 10. 2 Tim. i. 12. Gal. ii. 16. Heb. iv. 3.

This cannot be found in books; men will not meet with it in a throng of the choicest notions; it confoundeth the wife and disputer of this world, while the meanest and most simple Christian understands it well, to the satisf-

faction of his foul.

Reader! press after experience, live not by hearsay, and upon the comforts of others, but seek to the Lord that he would give thee this inward testimony; it will help thee in future trials; it will remove many of thy sears, make thy passage through life easy and comfortable, and be as a pledge of thy suture glory.

'Tis well to hear and read the word, Its truth to fee and own; But there must be experience too, Or yet thou art undone. Whosoever will come after me, let him deny himself, and take up his cross daily, and follow me: for whosoever will save his life shall lose it; but whosoever shall lose his life for my sake, the same shall save it. Mark viii. 34, 35. Luke ix. 23. Whosoever he be of you that sorsaketh not all that he hath, he cannot be my disciple, Luke xiv. 33.

"HIS doctrine is discarded by all who call Christ "Lord, Lord, "but do not the things which he saith." The language of their heart is, "speak unto us smooth things, prophesy deceits," Isa. xxx. 10. How different was that of the apostle! "So sight I; not as one that beateth the air; but I keep under my body, and bring it into subjection; lest that by any means, when I have preached to others, I my"self should be a cast away," I Cor. ix. 26, 27. No cross, no crown:
Let us not then be assaid of the cross; for when we bear it, it bears us; and when we resuse to take it up, we resuse the staff of every Christian pilgrim, and the weapon of every Christian soldier; we renounce the tree of life for that of knowledge; and practically "deny Jesus Christ, and him crucised."

Give me, O Lord, a fober mind, A steady, felf-renouncing will, That tramples down and calls behind The deadly baits of pleafing ill. What things soever ye desire, when ye pray, believe that ye receive them, and ye shall have them, Mark xi. 24. Verily, verily, I say unto you, Whatsoever ye shall ask the Father in my name, he will give it you. Hitherto ye have asked nothing in my name; ask, and ye shall receive, that your joy may be full, John xvi. 23, 24. But ask in faith, nothing wavering; for he that wavereth is like a wave of the sea; let not that man think that he shall receive any thing of the Lord, James i. 6, 7.

EROD promised with an oath to give the daughter of Herodias whatever she would ask, even to half of his kingdom. How advantageous
was his promise? But how much more so that of the Lord? "By myself
have I sworn," savs he, "that in blessing, I will bless thee," Gen. xxii. 16, 17.
When he bids us ask, he does not lay us under a restriction of not asking
above half a kingdom. No; we may ask a whole kingdom, even the kingdom of heaven: consisting both of grace and glory. Both are purchased for
us by the blood of the Lamb; both promised to believers in the word of the
gospel; and both actually bestowed: grace upon praying souls in the church
militant; glory upon praising souls in the church triumphant. If now we do
not enjoy the kingdom of grace, righteousness, peace, and joy in the Holy
Ghost, it is merely because we have not asked, or have asked amiss; that is,
without saith, without patience, or in our own name, and not in the allprevailing name of Jesus.

Faith, mighty Faith, the promise sees, And looks to Christ alone; Laughs at impossibilities, And cries, IT SHALL BE DONE. O Lord, pardon mine iniquity for it is great, Pfal. xxv. 11.—Divine answer: Where fin abounded, grace did much more abound, Rom. v. 20. For God will abundantly pardon, Ila. lv. 7.

IT is all one with God to forgive a repenting sinner his trespasses, whether great or small, many or sew; for they are all paid with one ransom. No sin, properly speaking, is little in itself; and none greater than the grace of God, and the infinite price laid down for it. Whatever sins therefore a man feels, yet he may throw himself upon the abounding grace of God: But this grace must always be our comfort, to depend upon it alone, even when it is best with us; for then only it is best with us, when we depend alone on grace, and live in it as in our element.

Why does your face, ye humble fouls,
Those mournful colours wear?
What doubts are these that waste your faith,
And nourish your despair?

What the your num'rous fins exceed
The stars that fill the skies!
And, aiming at th' eternal throne,
Like pointed mountains rise!

See here an endless ocean flows
Of never-failing grace;
Behold a dying Saviour's veins
The facted flood increase!

It rifes high, and drowns the hills, Has neither shore nor bound! Now, if we search to find our fins, Our fins can ne'er be found. Have mercy upon me, O Lord, for I am weak, Psalm vi. 2. And strengthen me with strength in my soul, Psalm exxxviii. 3.—Divine answer: My grace is sufficient for thee; my strength is made perfect in weakness, 2 Cor. xii. 9. The Lord delights not in the strength of an horse, he takes not pleasure in the legs of a man. The Lord taketh pleasure in them that fear him, in those that hope in his mercy, Psal. exlvii. 10, 11. The Lord our Strength, mighty God, and Emanuel will give strength unto his people, Psal. exix. 11.

IN whatever part we are weak and most beset by corrupted nature, we may yet be strong enough through grace to come off conquerors. Therefore hope against hope, and despair not of overcoming by the power of God, be thy corruption within, and thine enemies without, ever so strong and obstinate. I am weak indeed, but Christ is strong; I am poor, he is rich; I am sick, he the physician of the sick; I a sinner, he the Saviour of sinners; consequently he suits me, and I suit him extremely well. But let me look to Him daily, and seek his grace earnestly, and grace to help in every time of need.

Let me but hear my Saviour say,
"Strength shall be equal to the day:"
Then I rejoice in deep distress,
Leaning on Ali-sufficient Grace.

I glory in infirmity, That Christ's own pow'r may rest on me: When I am weak, then am I strong, Grace is my shield, and Christ my tong.

I can do all things, or can bear All suff'rings, if my Lord be there; Sweet pleasures mingle with the pains, While his left hand my head sustains. Wherewithal shall a young man cleanse his way? By taking beed thereto according to thy word. Open thou mine eyes, that I may behold wondrous things out of thy law. Remove from me the way of lying, and grant me thy law graciously. I have chosen the way of truth; thy judgments have I laid before me. Teach me, O Lord, the way of thy statutes, and I shall keep it unto the end, Psal. cxix. 9, 18, 29, 30, 33.

TEITHER the old nor the young, can walk uprightly, without taking heed to the word of God; if they depart from that, they foon fall into error and vicious courses; but if they would make the word their rule, they must read it carefully, and pray diligently for the enlightening of the Holy Spirit. If David considered his eyes as shut, how much more should we consider ours so, and pray, "Open thou mine eyes," &c. He who doth not fervently pray thus, is still blind, and hath not an eye; even though he should think himself a prosound divine, and be so esteemed by others. Lord, give me to see the wonders both of thy law and gospel, and turn my feet from every crooked path. Let thy commandments be always before me as a guide, and enable me to choose the narrow path of truth, and stedsastly walk in it to the end: for this was David's request throughout this long psalm.

How shall the young secure their hearts, And guard their lives from sin?

Thy word the choicest rules imparta-To keep the conscience clean. Teach me thy way, O Lord, and lead me in a plain path, because of mine enemies, Psal. xxviii. 11. Teach me thy way, O Lord; I will waik in thy truth: unite my heart to fear thy name, Psal. lxxxvi. 11.—Divine answer: Good and upright is the Lord, therefore will be teach suners in the way. What man is he that fears the Lord? Him shall be teach in the way that he shall choose, Psal. xxv. 8, 12.

O Lord, be pleased to sulfil this gracious promise in me also. Thou hast inclined my heart to do thy will, and yet I am often in darkness about thy will. Here it is written, "Good and upright is the Lord, "therefore he will teach sinners in the way;" It is thy own word; I may depend upon it, and would plead it with Thee; many times thou hast sulfilled this promise already; and art willing and able to do it evermore, for thy own name's sake, and for my enemies' sake. Thou art ever mindful of thy word, and I would keep close unto it. Then let thy Spirit well explain thy word, and write it on my heart, enabling me to understand, to love, and practise it.

I lift my foul to God,
My truft is in his name;
Let not my foes, that feek my blood,
Still triumph in my shame.

Sin and the pow'rs of hell
Perfuade me to despair;
Lord, let me know thy cov'nant well,
That I may 'scape the snare.

The Lord is just and kind;
The meek shall learn his ways;
And ev'ry humble soner find
The methods of his grace.

For his own goodness' sake

He saves my soul from shame;
He pardons (tho' my guilt be great

Thro' my Redeemer's name.

Turn again our captivity, O Lord, Pfal. cxxvi. 4.—Divine answer; The Lord has anointed me to preach good tidings unto the meek, to proclaim liberty to the captives, and the opening of the prison to them that are bound, Ita. ixi. 1. For thus faith the Lord, &c. I will give thee for a covenant to the people, &c. that thou mayest say to the prisoners, Go forth; to them that are in darkness, Show yourselves: they shall feed in the ways, and their passures shall be in all high-places; they shall not hunger nor thirst, Ita. xiix. 8, 9, 10. See also chap. xxxv. 10.

O Lord, I am hungering after the righteousness and freedom, not only of faith but of holiness also; not that I may make holiness the foundation of hope, but the evidence of faith; and that I may be able to rejoice and take the comfort of thy righteousness alone, without deceiving my soul. Grant, therefore, that I may be truly filled, and may be strong, easy, and free, so as to be kept no longer in any of the most subtle boads, either of the law, unbelief, and a bad conscience, or of a carnal worldly mind.

Bury'd in shadows of the night We lie, till Christ restores the light; Wisdom descends to heal the blind, And chase the darkness from the mind.

Jefus beholds where Satan reigns, Binding his flaves in heavy chains; He fets the pris'ners free, and breaks. The iron bondage from our necks.

Poor helpless worms in thee possess Grace, wisdom, pow'r, and righteousness; Thou art our mighty ALL, and we Give our whose selves, O Lord, to thee. How long wilt thou hide thy face from me, O Lord? Pfal. xiii. 1.—Divine answer: For a small moment have I forsaken thee, but with great mercies will I gather thee. In a little wrath I hid my face from thee for a moment, but with everlassing kindness will I have mercy on thee: for this is as the waters of Noah unto me; for as I have sworn that the waters of Noah should no more go over the earth; so have I sworn, that I would not be wroth with thee, nor rebuke thee, Isai. liv. 7—9.

HEN the Lord is pleased to quicken us in our prayers with a lively impression of one or more promises, we are apt to think that the hour of his help is come. But afterwards it may be, he not only hides himself for a great while again, but things take even such a strange and contrary course, as if all had been nothing, or as if nothing was more uncertain than the word of God; nay, even God himself. They who deny such temptations, are strangers both to themselves and to the devices of Satan. But Christians must then be prudently upon their guard, thinking that God is going to do some glorious things for them: for if they be first more convinced of their utter unworthiness, if they act with faith and patience, and be more earnest in prayers, they are fit to receive so much more grace afterwards. Though yet, after all, God, as a sovereign, will give such measures of grace at such seasons, and to such persons, as he pleases.

Dear Lord behold our fore diffrefs; Our fins attempt to reign; Stretch out thine arm of conqu'ring grace And let thy foes be flain.

If thou despise a mortal's groan, Yet hear a Saviour's blood; An advocate so near the throne Pleads and prevails with God.

How boundless is our Father's grace, In height, in depth, and length! He made his Son our righteousness, His Spirit is our strength. How long wilt thon forget me, O Lord? Pfal. xiii. 1.—Divine answer: Can a woman forget her fucking child, that she should not have compassion on the son of her womb? Yea, they may forget, yet will I not forget thee. Behold, I have graven thee upon the palms of my hands; thy walls are continually before me, Is. xix. 15, 16. I will not leave you comfortless, John xiv. 18.

WERE all our fins and afflictions so soon to be prayed away with a few words, whence these sad and repeated complaints of David? Why should God advise us to wait for him, and persevere in hope? And how could faith and pateince be exercised? In our closets we may be listed up with high speculations; seem to be strong, and able to leap over all the walls; but in great distress we see how dejected, and distrusting our hearts often are, Psal. xxx. 7, 8. but the Lord preserves us.

Can a woman's tender care Ceafe towards the child she bare? Yes, she may forgetful be, Yet will I remember thee!

Mine is an unchanging love, Higher than the heights above; Deeper than the depths beneath; Free and faithful strong as death, Thou shalt see my glory soon, When the work of grace is done; Partner of my throne shalt be; Say, poor sinner! lov'st thou me?

Lord, it is my chief complaint, That my love is weak and faint; Yet I love thee, and adore; O for grace to love thee more! Show me thy ways, O Lord, and teach me thy paths, Pfalm xxv. 4. Show me now thy way that I way know thee, Exod. xxxiii. 13.—Divine answer: I will instruct thee, and teach thee in the way which thou shalt go: I will guide thee with mine eye, Pfalm xxxii. 8. My presence shall go with thee, and I will give thee rest, Exod. xxxiii. 14.

Lord, suffer me not to step aside one inch from thy way, much less to sall away from thee, the True Vine and Fortress of my soul, by the plausible infinuations of my own brain and imagination. May I never run, before thou halt called me, to the hurt of my soul; but constantly and considently abide in thee, always drawing first the necessary light and strength from thee by never ceasing supplications. Grant that my eye being fixed continually upon thee, I may be guided into all truth, my doings be attended with thy blessings, and my whole life be a constant progress towards heaven.

CHRIST's Answer:

"I will keep thee as the apple of mine eye, that no evil shall come near thee.

As a careful mother watches over her child, so have I undertaken to teach thee my path, and guide thee with mine own eyes. Whatever faintings and failings may befall thee, yet will I be ever faithful, raising thee up again, and leading thee on evermore in my ways. Nay, as a good shepherd, I will carry thee in my own arms, whenever thy increasing weakness shall require."

My honour is engag'd to fave The meaneit of my sheep; All that my heav'nly Father gave, My hands fecurely keep. By these, (books) my son, be admonished, Eccl. xii. 12. But, as new-born babes, desire the sincere milk of the word, that ye may grow thereby, 1 Pet. 2. ii.

NEW-BORN babes must not self-conceitedly be desirous of high things and strong meat. Such have more need experimentally to understand the first oracles of Christ, and taste the milk and saving power of the gospel. This would best make them grow in grace, and wean them from the world; since a sucking child esteems nothing else in comparison of its mother's breast, and those that delight more in losty vain imaginations than the Bible, do not follow the right spirit, and at last must come to their catechism again. For the more a Christian is approaching to his end, and desires to be duly prepared for heaven, the more he walks in deep humility and godly simplicity, placing himself on the lowest bench of weak and little children. And thus they are the the fittestvessels of grace; they will certainly be enlightened, and have the mystery of Christ revealed in their hearts, Mat. xi. 25.

There was an hour when Christ rejoic'd, And spoke his joy in words of praise; Father, I thank thee, mighty God, Lord of the earth, and heav'n, and seas!

I thank thy fov'reign pow'r and love,
That crowns my doctrine with fuccefs;
And makes the babes in knowledge learn
The height, the breadth, and length of grace.

But all this glory lies conceal'd From men of prudence and of wit; The prince of darkness blinds their eyes; And their own pride resists the light.

Father, 'tis thus, because thy will Chose and ordain'd it should be so; 'Tis thy delight t' abase the proud, And lay the haughty scorner low. For this cause I bow my knees unto the Father of our Lord Jesus Christ, of whom the whole Family in heaven and earth is named; that he would grant you, according to the riches of his glory, to be strengthened, &c. Eph. iii. 14—16. read on to verse 21.

HIS is a prayer, and a form fit to be used by ministers for their congregations, and by all Christians for themselves: it may be used as a daily prayer; we should offer it up in faith, without apprehending that the favour we ask is too great. God will do exceedingly more for us than we can either ask or understand: Whatever we ask, he will grant us still more; for though we are sinners, yet Jesus hath received gifts even for sinners, and to every one of us (ver. 7.) is given grace according to the measure of the gift of Christ, that we may enjoy all things richly, Christ being rich towards all them that call upon him. O God, thou art our father, reconciled to us in Christ; grant us therefore power, great power, according to the riches of thy glory, not according to the narrowness of our hearts. We stand in need of great power, for we have great enemies; strengthen us by thy Spirit in the inner man. Lord Jesus do thou dwell in our hearts, and grant us to be rooted in thy love, that we may know it more and more, and that it may be shed abroad in our hearts, and that we may be filled with the sulness of God.

To thee, my God, I daily figh, But not for golden stores; Nor covet I the brightest gems On the rich eastern shores.

Nor Pleasure's fost enticing charms My fond desires allure; Far greater things than earth can yield My wishes wou'd secure.

Those blissful, those transporting smiles
That brighten heav'n above;
The boundless riches of thy grace,
And treasures of thy love,

Thy word have I hid in my heart, that I might not fin against thee. Stablish thy word unto thy servant, who is devoted to thy fear. Then shall I not be assumed, when I have respect unto all thy commandments. Therefore, remember the word unto thy servant, upon which thou hast caused me to hope. I will run the way of thy commandments, when thou shall enlarge my heart, Psalm cxix. 11, 38. and ver. 6, 49, 32.

OSPEL comforts sweetly and powerfully urge us to obedience, and law terrors check us from resting on that obedience. Both are needful to guard us from security and legality. Whosoever despites or neglects obedience, entertains a false notion of the gospel, and is running headlong into licentiousness and ruin. And he who relies on his obedience to justify him, defeats the design of the gospel and frustrates the grace of God, making it of no effect. May the Lord lead and keep us in the right way.

Laden with guilt, and full of fears,
I fly to thee, my Lord;
And not a glimple of hope appears,
But in thy written word.

This is the Judge that ends the strife, Where wit and reason fail; My guide to everlasting life, Thro' all this gloomy vale.

O may thy counfels, mighty God, My roving feet command; Nor I forfake the happy road That leads to thy right hand. Through the law I am dead to the law, that I might live unto God. I am crucified with Christ, nevertheless I live; yet not I, but Christ liveth in me: and the life which I now live in the sless, I live by the faith of the Son of God, who loved me, and gave himself for me, Gal. ii. 19, 20.

CHRIST being our head, in whom all fulness dwells, he will certainly fill all his members with life and strength, according to his promise, John xiv. 19. "I live, and ye shall live also;" and chap. xvii. 3, "This is eternal life," &c. To know Christ, and God in Christ, as love, is true light and life; he that has this, has enough. O the excellency of the knowledge of Christ! O Lord, teach me to know thee as the Bridegroom of my soul, that the law may not rush into my conscience, now thy bride-chamber, and condemn me any more. I desire to be devited to thee alone, Rom. vii. 4. Grant, therefore, that my whole heart and life, all my words and actions, may be governed only by a living faith on thee, who hast loved and given thyself for me.

Come, dearest Lord, defend and dwell By faith and love in ev'ry breast; Then shall we know, and taste, and feel The joys that cannot be exprest.

Come fill our hearts with inward strength, Make our enlarged souls posses,

And learn the height, and breadth, and length Of thine unmeasurable grace.

Now to the God whose pow'r can do More than our thoughts or wishes know, Be everlasting honours done By all the church, thro' Christ his Son. I am poor and needy, and my heart is avounded within me, Pfalm cix. 22.—Divine answer: I know thy powerty, but thou art rich, Rev. ii. 9. For, bleffed are the poor in spirit, for theirs is the kingdom of heaven, Matt. v. 3. The meek shall eat and be satisfied: they shall praise the Lord that seek him; your hearts shall live for ever, Ptal. xxii. 26. The Lord healeth the broken in heart, the Lord listeth up the meek, Pfal. cxlvii. 3. 6. A bruised reed shall he not break, and smoking slax shall he not quench, till he send forth judgment unto victory, Matt. xii. 20.

SUCH are the tender mercies of Christ towards the weakest of his people, that he supplies them from time to time with all proportionable strength, till at last they are able to gain a complete victory. As soon, therefore, as we are sensible of our poverty, or miserable condition, and are desirous of grace and strength to overcome sin, and evidence that desire to be sincere by constant prayer, we have actually some grace and spiritual life, and are delivered already from the jaws of hell: for there is no such feeling in dead souls; and in hell there is only a desire to be delivered from the punishment of sin, but not from sin itself.

Bles'd are the humble souls, that see Their emptiness and poverty; Treasures of grace to them are giv'n, And crowns of joy laid up in heav'n. Blefs'd are the men of broken heart, Who mourn for fin with inward finart; The blood of Christ divinely flows, A healing balm for all their woes. I am the light of the world, he that followeth me shall not walk in darkness, but shall have the light of life, John viii. 12. Therefore, walk while ye have the light, lest darkness come upon you; for he that walketh in darkness knoweth not whither he goeth, chap. xii. 35.

Watching and obeying the motions of his Spirit, will be evermore, tender in conscience, and receive so much more light; consequently he will be from time to time more deeply rooted in repentance, saith, and assurance, so as either to be preserved from many combats and disorders, or at least be carried sooner through the same. He may meet with dark valleys in his pilgrimage (for nature is covered with darkness, and grace sometimes only glimmers like a spark) yet by degrees it will blaze, and at last break through and enlighten all our darkness.

Is he a ftar? he breaks the night,
Piercing the shades with dawning light
I know his glories from afar,
I know the bright the morning star.

Is he a sun? his beams are grace; His course is joy and righteousness; Nations rejoice when he appears. To chase the clouds, and dry their tears. Nor earth nor fea, nor funs nor stars, Nor heav'n his full resemblance bears; His beauties we can never trace, Till we behold him face to face.

O let me climb those higher skies, Where storms and darkness never rise! There he displays his pow'rs abroad, And shines and reigns th' incarnate God. I am the Lord thy God which teacheth thee to profit, which leadeth thee by the way that thou shouldest go. O that thou hadst hearkened to my commandments! then had thy peace been as a river, and thy righteousness as the waves of the sea. Isa. xiviii. 17, 18. Behold I stand at the door and knock; if any man hear my woice, and open the door, I will come in to him, and will sup with him, and te with me, Rev. iii. 20.

HOW often and how variously does the Lord knock at the door of our hearts! by the voice of his word, the voice of his spirit, or the voice of conscience! But how seldom are we inclined to give him the hearing! We are often so distracted with business or pleasure that we can hardly observe his voice through the hurry, and noise of worldly things, and we are not at home when he knocks, and seeks to take up his abode with us. Well, even now he is knocking by this paper. Hearken to his voice and open the door for him directly, since he defires nothing from us that might be grievous; but intends to make our heart a glorious residence and banqueting room of love, to fill it with heavenly treasure, and give us every thing along with himself.

I'll bring him to my mother's home; Nor does my Lord refuse to come To Zion's facred chambers, where My soul first drew the vital air.

He gives me there his bleeding heart, Pierc'd for my fake with deadly smart; I give my foul to him, and there Our loves their mutual tokens share.

I charge you all, ye earthly toys!

Approach not to disturb my joys;

Nor sin, nor hell, come near my heart,

Nor cause my Saviour to depart.

I am the true Vine, and my Father is the Husbandman; every branch in me that beareth not fruit, he taketh away; and every branch that beareth fruit, he purgeth it, that it may bring forth more fruit. Abide in me and I in you: he that abideth in me, and I in him, the same bringeth forth much fruit, John xv. 1-5.

O Lord, I trust that this word will have its accomplishment in me also though as yet I have great reason to be humbled on account of my barrenness. Grant therefore that I may always abide in thee faithfully and quietly; since there is every thing in thy power, and nothing can be done by our own strength; but as it is thy will, and it tends both to the glory of thy Father, and thine own, I depend upon being replenished in due teason with fruits of righteousness. O suffer nothing in me which may dishonour thy name, and which would prove hurtful to myself and offensive to others. But whatever thou thinkest as yet fit for me to suffer, let it work for my real good.

How can I sufficiently adore the patience of the Lord, my gracious husbandman, who still bears with me, the weakest of all his branches. He has not cut me off yet, but still dresses me to bring forth more fruit, though like a degenerate plant I have yielded little else but wild grapes. Why then shouldest thou grumble. O my heart, at the application of his pruning knise? It is really for thy good. He is angry only with the unfruitful branches. The

more these are purged, the more fruit thou shalt bring forth.

Is Christ a vine? his heav'nly root Supplies the boughs with life and fruit. O let a lasting union join My foul to him the Living Vine! I am glorified in them, I have declared unto them thy name, and will declare it, that the love wherewith thou hast loved me may be in them, and I in them: I in them, and thou in me, that they may be made perfect in one, John xvii. 10, 23, 26.

OGLORIOUS promise! how could he love us more: What blessed and intimate union is this; O for such a faith that could always truly believe it! Christ is the Vine, believers are the branches; he the Bridegroom, they the bride; he the Head, they the members of his body, of his very slesh, and very bones, and consequently one body with him. And whoever hated his own slesh? so in loving and cherishing believers, he loves himself, Epb. v. 23, 29. Whenever he shall cease to love himself, then, and no sooner, shall he cease to love and cherish them also. It is his own delight to do them good, more than the mother that suckles her child.

Lord, what a heav'n of f ving grace Shines thro' the beauties of thy face, And lights our passions to a stame! Lord, how we love thy charming name!

When I can fay, my God is mine, When I can feel thy glories thine, I tread the world beneath my feet, And all that earth calls good and great.

Send comforts down from thy right hand, While we pass thro' this barren land; And in thy temple let us see A glimpse of love, a glimpse of thee. I am weary with greaning, Pfalm vi. 6.—Divine answer: He gives power to the faint, and to them that have no might be increases strength, Isa. xl. 29. I have satisfied the weary soul, and I have replenished every sorrowful soul, Jer. xxi. 25. Therefore, Come unto me, all ye that labour and are heavy laden, and I will give you rest. Take my yoke upon you, and learn of me, for I am meek and lowly in heart, and ye shall find rest to your souls; for my yoke is easy, and my burden is light, Matt. xi. 28, 30.

ERE Christ is commending his own meekness, both as a pattern for imitation, and as an encouragement for heavy-laden sinners to draw near to him with considence. And his rest is promited not for the merit of our labour and humility; but merely for our coming to him and believing in him. He says, "Take my yoke upon you." But how shall I take it?" says the finner? "Why," says Christ, "Learn of me: Let me be your teacher, and shough you are blind and foolish, fretful and forgetful, yea wholly politited with sin, I can yet bear with you, because I am meek and lowly in heart, not rough and haughty to offenders as Pharisees usually are, but full of compassion towards them, willing to receive them, and ready to forgive and comfort them," &c. Come therefore to him, O sinner! with all thy loads of sin and mistery, he will in no wise cast thee out, but receive thee gladly.

Come hither, all ye weary fouls! Ye heavy-laden finners, come!

I'll give you rest from all your tolls,
And raise you to my heav'nly home.

Hiefs'd is the man whose shoulders take My yoke, and bear it with delight; My yoke is eafy to his neck, My grace shall make the burden light,

Jesus, we come at thy command, With saith, and hope, and humble zeal, R sign our spirit to thy hand, To mould and guide us at thy will.

I have gone astray like a lost sheep, seek thy servant, Psalm cxix. 176.—God's answer: Behold I, even I, will both search my sheep and seek them out; I will seek that which was lost, and bring again that which was driven away; and will bind up that which was broken, and will strengthen that which was sick, Ezek. xxxiv. 11, 16. He shall feed his slock like a shepherd: he shall gather the lambs with his arm, and carry them in his bosom, Isai. xl. 11.

Be that is wife in his own conceit, as philosophers usually are, does not pray like David to be sought after, and healed by Jesus Christ, and therefore he continues amidst all his boasted wisdom, deeply ignorant of his fallen nature, and his ruined state. But as thou hast given me, O thou good Shepherd, to understand my lost and helples condition; and that like a wandering sheep I can neither find myself when lost, nor advise myself how to return; I beseech thee to seek, heal, lead, feed, carry, and strengthen me also, as my various needs require; that I may be able to say with David, "The Lord is my shepherd, I shall not want."

My Shepherd will fupply my need, Jehovah is his name; In pastures fresh he makes me feed, Beside the living stream.

He brings my wand'ring spirit back, When I forlake his ways; And leads me for his mercy's fake, In paths of truth and grace.

The fure provisions of my God, Attend me all my days; O may thy house be mine abode, And all my works be praise. I am not worthy of the least of all the mercies, and of all the truth which thou hast showed unto thy servant, Gen. xxxii. 10. Who am I, O Lord God! and what is my house, that thou hast brought me hitherto? 2 Sam. vii. 18.

A Soul truly humbled highly effects every favour, and judges itself utterly unworthy of the least, looking upon every thing as a free gift, and bestowed only for Jesus Christ's sake. Now, O my dear Father, it is true in myself I deserve none, no, not the least of thy mercies; but as thou hast graciously looked upon me and given me thine own Son, who hath purchased all blessings at a high price for sinners. I do believe that goodness and mercy will follow me all the days of my life. Amen. Be it so, holy Father, to thy glery and my everlasting joy.

Now to the pow'r of God supreme, Be everlatting honours giv'n; He saves from hed, (we bless his name) He calls our wand'ring feet to heav'n.

Not for our duties or deferts. Put of his own abounding grace, He works falvation in our hearts, And forms a people for his praise. 'Twas his own purpose that begun To rescue rebels doom'd to die: He gave us grace in Christ his Son, Besore he spread the starry sky.

Jesus, the Lord, appears at last,
And makes his Father's councils known:
Declares the great translations past;
And brings immortal bleffings down.

I befeech you therefore, brethren, by the mercies of God, that ye present your bodies a living sacrifice, holy, acceptable unto God, which is your reasonable service.

And be not conformed to this world; but be ye transformed by the renewing of your mind, that ye may prove what is that good, and acceptable, and perfect will of God, Rom. xii. 1, 2.

HE presenting our bodies a living sacrifice unto God, when attended with ferious prayer, and reading the scriptures, is the best means of knowing the will of God. To neglect this and use other means, is tempting God, and exposing ourselves to the temptations and siftings of the wicked one. We may think ourselves to be divinely convinced by faith of the will of God, though we follow our own imaginations, and spoil the best of our actions. Self will generally takes quick resolutions, and has a great deal of assurance: whereas God very often leads his people blindly, and takes methods quite different from ours. "Who therefore believes shall not make haste," I/a. xxviii. 16. Let every one be careful that he does not mistake self-will and plausible representations for divine convictions and affurances of faith; always strictly examine himself first, whether his body, soul, will, and affections, are entirely offered up to the good-will and pleasure of God; for God requires the fervice of the whole man, even a facrificing our whole felves to him at all times, not only at church, but in all other places; that we do not conform to the world, but be daily transformed, by the renewing of our minds.

The lifted eyes falute the skies, And bended knees the ground, Yet God abhors the sacrifice, Where truth cannot be found. Lord, fearch my thoughts and try my ways,
And make my foul fincere:
Then I shall stand before thy face,
And find acceptance there.

I will greatly rejoice in the Lord, my foul shall be joyful in my God; for he has clothed me with the garments of salvation, he has covered me with the ribe of righteousness, as a bridegroom decketh himself with ornaments, and as a bride adorneth herself with her jewels, Isa. Ixi. 10.

In vain dost thou dress up and adorn thyself, O my soul, before thou approaches Christ. To him thou must come, filthy, naked, and miferable as thou art; he will clothe and adorn thee himself; and in this ornament alone thou shalt rejoice. For the very best of our robes and performances are not without spots, but still want to be washed in the blood of Christ, and covered with this ornament, Rev. vii. 14. This, and this alone, is the way to enjoy and maintain true peace. This will enable us to rejoice that our names are written in heaven.

Awake my heart, arife my tongue,
Prepare a tuneful voice;
In God, the life of all my joys,
Aloud will I rejoice.

'Fis he adorn'd my naked foul, And made felvation mine; U, on a poor polluted worm He makes his grace to thine. The Spirit wrought my faith and love, And hope, and ev'ry grace; But Jesus spent his life to work The robe of righteousness.

Strangely, my foul, art thou array'd By the great Sacred Three! In fweetest harmony of praise, Let all thy pow'rs agree. I have sinned against the Lord.—Divine answer: The Lord also bath put away thy sins; thou shalt not die, 2 S.m. xii. 13. For if we would judge ourselves, we should not be judged, 1 Cor. xi. 31.

HE that with unfeigned repentance accuses and judges himself, accounting his own righteousness and best doings as filthy rags, and seeks for mercy through Jesus, may expect to receive forgiveness of all his sins at once, though chastitement may follow. For pardons are not bestowed in parcels or various measures as spiritual gifts are. God, through Christ, receives the whole person of a penitent sinner into his savour, forgiving both original and actual sins in one instant; so that either none or all are forgiven: But though repentance be needful to humble a sinner, and to bring him to Christ; yet no sins are forgiven on account of this repentance; but through faith alone in the blood of Christ. This fountain washes away the guilt of all sins, though ever so numerous and heinous. For it is written, "The blood of Christ cleanseth us from all sin," I John i. 7.

Show pity, Lord, O Lord, forgive, Let a repenting rebel live: Are not thy mercies large and free? May not a finner truft in thee?

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My lips with shame my fins confess, Against thy law, against thy grace; Lord, should thy judgment grow severe, I am condemn'd, but thou'art clear.

Should fudden veng'ance feize my breath, I must pronounce thee just in death; And if my foul were fent to hell, Thy righteous law approves it well.

My crimes are great, but don't furpass The pow'r and glory of thy grace; Great God, thy nature has no bound, So Lt thy pard'ning love be f und! Having the understanding darkened, being alienated from the life of God, through the ignorance that is in them, because of the blindness of their heart; who being past feeling, have given themselves over unto lasciviousness, to work all uncleanness with greediness, Eph. 1v. 18, 19.

TF a man be naturally dead, bring a candle into the room, he fees it not; let I the fun thine in his face, he perceives not the beauty, nor feels the warmth thereof: offer him rich prefents, he receives them not; he hath no eye to fee them, no heart to defire them, no hand to reach out unto them. Thus it is with one that is fairitually dead; let the funfhine of the gofpel blaze out never to clear he fees it not, because he is in darkness; though he live under plentiful means, and rich ditpenfations, yet he is blind and fottifh; offer unto him the rich pearls of the gospel, those rich treasures of grace in Christ Jesus, yet he hath no heart to them, no hand of faith to lay hold upon them; fo blind. to fortish, to flupid, and senseless is he, that tho' these rich treasures, these graces, these pearls of the gospel, be conveyed unto him in earthen vessels, in a plain and familiar manner, yet he doth not, he cannot apprehend them : judgments do not affright him, and mercies crnnot allure or perfuade him ; vet this creature is all lite in the element of fin, he loves it, he pleads for it. he commits it with greediness. This is St. Paul's account of the unconverted Gentiles; and how many such have we under a Christian name? O Lord, exert thy great power, quicken ail that are thus dead in trespasses and fins ; " turn them from darkness unto light, and from the power of Satan to thine " own felt." Amen.

A carnal foul is blind within, And has no want of Jefu's grace; He feels and fears no harm in fin,
And turns from God his haughty face.

I wait for the Lord, my foul doth wait, Pfalm cxxx. 5.—God's answer: They that wait upon the Lord shall renew their strength; they shall mount up with wings as eagles, they shall run and not be weary, and they shall walk and not faint, Is. xl. 31. For the Lord is good unto them that wait for him, to the foul that feeks him, Lam. iii. 25.

WHEN we have prayed, we must remember to wait also, for this is well-pleasing to the Lord, and expressly commanded by him. The more we wait and keep instant in prayer, so much more will he give: Nay, he always hears and grants our petitions directly, and lays them up for his children; but that we may not abuse them, he gives the enjoyment only when it is most needful. Therefore we may confidently say, such and such gifts I shall have, since I have prayed for them: They are actually laid up for me, and the use and benefit thereof, I shall reap in due season, especially in death and in eternity.

My spirit looks to God alone, My rock and refuge is his throne; In all my sears, in all my straits, My soul on his salvation waits.

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Trust him, ye faints! in all your ways, Pour out your hearts before his face;

When helpers fail and fors invade, God is our all-fufficient aid.

For fov'reign Pow'r reigns not alone Grace is a partner of his throne: Thy grace and justice, mighty Lord, Shall well divide our last reward.

L 3

In the multitude of my thoughts within me, thy comforts delight my foul, Pfalm xciv. 19. See also 2 Cor. i. 3-5.

A Converted man without afflictions is ready to place his trust and seek his comforts in temporal things. Earthly desires crowd upon him, filling his soul with vanity, and he cannot well taste the sweet comforts of God's word, but under the burden of the cross. Here we often enjoy more solid rest than if we were without a cross, and then that word is suissiled which Christ says, Matt. xi. 30. "My yoke is easy, and my burden is light." Thus our hearts are set against the world, reconciled to heavenly things, and easily separated from many idols, which we could not resist or sorsake before. Well then may we bear these salutary burdens which when sanclisted will produce present comfort, and soon issue in eternal rest and glory. And since the Lord has promised to give strength sufficient for the day, that we may not be tempted above measure, there is abundant reason again to say, that his burden is light indeed.

'Tis good for me to wear the yoke,
For pride is apt to rife and swell;
'Tis good to bear my Father's stroke,
That I might learn his statutes well.

Father, I blefs thy gentle hand;
How kind is thy chaffifing rod,
That forc'd my confeience to a fland,
And brought my wand'ring foul to God?

I determined not to know any thing among you, save Jesus Christ, and him crucified, 1 Cor. ii. 2. The fear of the Lord is the beginning of wistom, &c. Psalm exi. 10. The wisdom that is from above is sist pure, then peaceable, gentle, and easy to be entreated; full of mercy and good fruits, without partiality, and without hypocristy, James 111. I knowledge puffeth up, but charity edifieth, 1 Cor. viii. 1.

CHRIST crucified, and he alone, is the power and wisdom of God; him all Christians, and especially divines, should make their particular practice to study well. Were our faith built on human wisdom, then surely carnal philosophers would be the greatest believers; whereas they are sometimes the worst of insides, or at best the most silly and faithless people in times of distress. And besides their being pussed up, is another evidence that they have not the true wisdom; for the wisdom from above is only with the lowly and babes, who pray for it earnestly, Prov. xi. 2. Mast. xi. 25.—What would all knowledge avail us then, without the knowledge of Christ! One spark of pure love yields more power than all the stores of empty human learning. May the Lord Jesus shed his love abroad in my heart; him have I determined only to know; his love at the cross I account for my greatest wisdom and glory.

They that would grow divinely wife, Must with his fear begin.

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Our fairest proof of knowledge lies In hating ev'ry fin. I will not let thee go, except thou bless me, Gen. xxxii. 26. Forsake me not, O Lord, O my God, Plalm xxxviii. 21.—Divine answer: Behold I am with thee, and will keep thee in all places whither thou goest; for I will not leave thee, until I have done that which I have spoken to thee of, Gen. xxviii. 15. I know thee by name, and thou hast also found grace in my sight, Exod. xxxiii. 12. I will never leave thee nor forsake thee, Heb. xiii. 5.

OD will have me to be faithful, and should he not be so himsels!

Am I to trust in his word? then surely he will not forsake me, but be as good as his word. Heaven and earth must pass away, but his word will not: He is ever faithful. If I do not believe this, I think blasphemously of God, and can have no help or comfort from his word; but if I truly believe him to be faithful, I believe enough. This is what he only desires: the Word will hold me up, though I receive it even in weakness. But my faith must be attended with continual prayer.

Begin, my tongue, fome heav'nly theme, And speak some boundless thing; The mighty wooks or mightier name Of our eternal King.

Tell of his wond'rous faithfulnefs,
And found his pow'r abroad,
Sing the fweet promife of his grace,
And the performing God.

Proclaim falvation from the Lord For wretched dying men; His hand has writ the facred word With an immortal pen.

Engrav'd, as in eternal brafs,
The mighty promise shines;
Nor can the pow'rs of darkness raze
Those everlasting lines.

I fay unto you, that every ille word that men foall speak, they shall give account thereof in the day of judgment, Matt. xii. 36. See also Eph. iv. 29. chap. v. 4.

ERE all corrupt communication, jesting, foolish talking, or whatever is not convenient and good to the use of edifying is plainly forbidden. But who truly believes the report and the truth of these awful words? Surely the world does not believe them at all: this is quite plain, from that very common and shocking practice of judging, lying, swearing, jetting, and talking all manner of filthiness; yea, even, religious people very often do not believe and confider them enough. How many heedless, flanderous, idle, and unprofitable words, are sometimes spoken by these? therefore careful, O my reader! to weigh every word, and to make light of none, for such will increase thine account. Whenever ye are going to speak, let the question be first, Is it needful to speak? does it tend to the glory of God? will it profit me or others? O Lord, grant that never an idle word may drop from my lips. Whenever I am to converse with others, give me grace first to converse with thee by secret prayer. In all companies let thy presence be before mine eyes, always looking upon thee as the chief person in the place, and receiving direction when and what I am to speak. May thy good Spirit always teach me, and sanctify all my thoughts and words.

And must I give a strict account
Of every idle world?

Then fet a watch upon my lips, And guard my tongue, O Lord. Let every man abide in the same calling wherein he was called, 1 Cor. vii. 20.

MOST of the employments of life are, in their own nature, lawful; and all those that are so, may be made a substantial part of our duty to God, if we engage in them only to far, and for fuch ends as are fuitable to beings that are to live above the world. This is the only measure of our application to any worldly business; it must have no more of our hands, our hearts, or our time, than is confiftent with an hearty, daily, careful preparation of ourselves for another life. For fince all true Christians have renounced this world to prepare themselves, by daily devotion and univerfal holiness, for an eternal state of quite another nature, they must look upon worldly employments as upon worldly wants and bodily infirmities; things not to be defired, only to be endured and suffered, till death and the referrection has carried us to an eternal state of real happiness. A person's being called into the kingdom of grace, is not defigned to make void the duties that arise from his peculiar calling or situation in life, but to enforce the practice of them in fuch a way as may be most to the glory of God. He, therefore, that does not consider the things of this life as of lit le moment, or even nothing, in comparison of the things that are eternal, cannot be faid either to feel or believe the greatest truths of Christianity.

Lord fave me from my calling's fnare, From fraud and from the love of gain; My hand be fill'd with worldly care, But all my heart with thee remain. And the loftiness of man shall be bowed down; and the haughtiness of men shall be made low; and the Lord alone shall be exalted in that day, lia. ii. 17.

"PRIDE was not made for man," fays the fon of Sirach; " and the "proud in heart are an abomination to the Lord:" And yet what more common than pride and felf-righteousness among the fallen children of Adam? So deeply are they engrafted in our corrupt natures,

that nothing short of Almighty Grace can root them up.

It is the great defign and effect of the bleffed gospel, wherever it is applied to the heart by the Spirit of God, to mortify this curfed temper. In that day the haughtiness of man, his felf-will, which he fet up in opposition to the will of God shall be brought down; and his felf-righteousaels, by which he thought to recommend himfelf to the favour of God, shall be made low; and Christ, and his righteousness alone, shall be exalted.

Hath this precious promise ever been fulfilled in thy experience, O my foul? Is the will of God thy rule? Is the righteousness of Christ thy hope? And is the language of thy heart and life, Let God in all things be exalted in me, and by me, through Christ Jesus? Without this, O my foul! thy profession is vain, thy faith is also vain, and thou art yet in thy fins.

Lord, lay my legal spirit low, And ev'ry lofty look fubdue; Bid all my heart to Jefus bow, Exalt, and love, and truft him too. I know also, my God, that thou triest the heart, and hast pleasure in uprightness, 1 Chron. xxix. 17. He is a buckler to them that walk uprightly, Prov. ii. 7. The Lord looks on the heart, 1 Sam. xvi. 7.

As God fearches the heart and tries the reins, he cannot be deceived by outward form; we ought not therefore to deceive ourselves in this particular. It is no certain proof of a real convertion to God, if we only reform the groffer sins of our former lives, much less if we only abstain from such things as by nature we are not so much inclined to indulge: but if our hearts are so renewed by the grace of the Holy Spirit, as to be sirmly and habitually opposed to our most beloved lusts, we have a good evidence of a real conversion. For these inward capital enemies, the Lord and all his upright followers attack most, before all the rest. If we would give over that which is dearest to us, we must first know and believe that Christ is both able and willing to help us, and has lovingly engaged his word, that none shall seek his face in vain. Let us keep this thought ever in our minds, and it will stir up faith, and encourage diligence in seeking after salvation.

Mistaken souls! that dream of heav'n, And make their empty boast
Of inward joys and fins forgiv'n,
While they slaves to lust.

Vain are our fancies, airy flights,
If faith be cold and dead;
None but a living pow'r nnites
To Christ the living Head

'Tis faith that changes all the heart;
'Tis faith that works by love;
That bids all finful joys depart,
And lits the thoughts above.

Faith must obey her Father's will, As well as trust his grace; A pard'ning God is jealous still, For his own holiness. I will hedge up thy way with thorns, and make a wall that she shall not find her paths; and she shall sollow after her lovers, but she shall not overtake them; and she shall seek them and not find them; then shall she say, I will go and return unto my sirst husband, for then was it better with me than now, Holea ii. 6, 7.

A Sit is only with thee, O my dear Saviour! that I can be happy, I would never leave thee any more: and that I may not flip from thee unawares, even under good pretences, I defire to have my way well hedged up, and be encompassed every where with thorns. Let me quickly discover, and crucify every thing which would give thee the least disturbance to the enjoyment of thy love, that I may always closely walk with thee alone; and never take a step out of the way, for sear of running myself into the thorns, and bringing unnecessary sufferings upon me; tho' I do not mean to avoid the cross of Christ in other respects, but would willingly submit to any sufferings, which are never without good fruit.

Glory be to thee, O my blessed Saviour! that thou hast not given me up yet, and suffered me to run into destruction in my own ways. O be please to restrain me evermore; and whenever I am in danger of sliding into the broad way, let me find no rest till I am brought back, though it be through the briers of affliction.

I know thy judgments, Lord, are right, Tho' they may from severe; The sharpest sufferings I endure Flow from thy faithful care. Before I knew thy chaft'ning rod, My feet were apt to stray; But now I learn to keep thy word, Nor wander from the way. And he faid, Art thou my very fon Efau? And he faid, I am, Gen. xxvii. 24.

THERE are certainly some circumstances in this affair, which may help a I little to excuse Jacob and his mother, but cannot justify them. The case may be thus stated: It cannot be denied on the one hand, but that both Jacob and his mother were justly to be praifed for having a due efteem of the Father's folemn bleffing, and for their endeavouring to attain it; fince this could proceed from no other motive, but a full perfuation of the truth of G. d's promites and covenant with Abraham. And thus, from the confideration of the goodness of the end, and from Jacob's title to the bleffing as accompanying the birth-right, as also from the fore-appointment of God, together with Isac's approbation of the thing, when done, may be drawn tome arguments to leffen the crime. But on the other hand, it must be confessed, that the means used to attain their ends were highly criminal. Rebecca was wrong in her advice to her fon, and he was wrong in following it; for tho' God, before he was born, defigned him to inherit the bleffing, yet he ought to have waited until the divine Wildom opened the way, and not have anricipated God, and procured the bleffing by an irrgular act of his own. Befides, both of them, by this act, promited to limit the power of God, by thinking that haud was needful to accomplish God's purpose.

For God's good promife let me wait,

The fear would cit my faith forbid;

Nor venture on a picus fraud, As Jacob and Rebecca did. -Lest any of you be hardened through the deceitsuluess of sin, Heb. iii. 13.

OTH sin present itself, turn away from it with loathing and prayer. Give it not a look, lest it insnare thee. If thou committest sin, and deet without repentance, thy soul is lost, and thy redemption ceaseth for ever; or if thou committest sin and dost repent, yet expect chidings of God's face, and breaking of bones, as David felt for his cost. Oh! what bitter pangs! what painful throes! what shadows of death! what terrors of hell may seize upon thee, before thou canst make thy peace, or settle thine assurance! Wilt thou give way to sin, because it is delightful, or because it is pardonable! Who loves poison because it is sweet? or who drinks poison because he may have an antidote? seeing it will work to his trouble, if it work not out his life! I have a precious soul, shall I lose it for a lust? I have a gracious God, shall I venture him for a sin? No. Lord, give me grace to resist sin, give me victory over it; let me always reject that, for the indulgence of which I am sure to lose my peace, and endanger the loss of my immortal soul.

A tender conscience give me Lord, And put my feet within; That I may tremble at thy word, And 'scape the snares of sin.' This is he that come by water and blood, even Jesus Christ; not by water only, but by water and blood; and it is the Spirit that beareth witness, because the Spirit is truth. He that believeth on the Son of God, hath the witness in himself: And this is the record—that God bath given to us eternal life, and this life is in his Son. He that hath the Son, bath life, I John, v. 6, 10—12.

Jesus came with water and blood; not with water alone, to fanchify us, but also with his blood to make atonement for our fins. We should therefore, first of all, penitently seek and obtain remission of fins in his blood; then may we hope to obtain the water of life, the Holy Ghost, for our inward purification and fanctification. And his holy Spirit will bear witness with us, that the Gospel is truth, and that God will fulfil his word, by giving us everlasting life, as he hath promised. We have three witnesses of it in heaven, and three on earth. And if we believe in Christ, we have this true testimony in ourselves; and may therefore assuredly know, that, "having the Son of God, we have life, eternal life; for he is," according to ver. 20, "life eternal;" and consequently, being in him, we are already entered into everlasting life.

Let all our tongues be one,

To praise our God on high;

Who from his bosom sent his Son,

To setch us strangers nigh.

My Saviour's pierced fide Pour'd out a double flood. By water we are purify'd, And pardon'd by the blood.

It cost him cries and tears,
To bring us near to God!
Great was our debt, and he appears
To make our payment good.

And no man bath aftended up to heaven, but he that came down from heaven, even the Son of Man, which is in heaven, John iii.

NO mere man what soever has entered, or can enter, into the secret of God's heart in heaven, relating to the great mysteries of salvation, so as immediately and perfectly to understand them, and make them known to others; but this privilege is peculiar to the Melliah, who is spoken of under the character of "The Son of Man," Ffal. lxxx. 17. and Dan. vii. 13. and always had an existence in heaven as the Son of God; and who came from thence into an incarnate state, that he might reveal God's counsels to men. As many are perplexed about the divinity of Christ, the following note may help them to conceive of that matter more properly: As the divine and human natures were united in the person of Chrift, some things are attributed to one nature, which properly belong to the other. Thus, when it is faid, I Cor. ii. 8. " The Lord of glory was crucified;" and Alls xx. 28. he is called "God, who purchased the church with his own blood;" the meaning is not, that he, as the Lord of glory, was crucified; or, as God, fled his blood; as if the divine nature could be crucified and bleed; but that the person, who was the Lord of glory in one nature, was crucified in the other, &c. So when it is faid, "the Son of man is in heaven;" the meaning is not, that he, as the Son of man, was there whilft he was on the earth; but that he, who was here in his human nature, was there in his divine.

My Saviour, whilft he dwelt on earth As God in heav'n had his abode ;

So let me by an heav'nly birth, Live in the world, yet dwell with God. I will perform my good word towards you; for I know the thoughts that I think to-wards you, faith the Lord; thoughts of peace, and not of ewil to give you an expecied end. Then ye shall pray unto me, and I will hearken unto you; and ye shall feek me and find me; I will turn away your captivity, Jer. xxix. 10,11,13,14. For the avord of the Lord is right; for he spake and it was done, he commanded and it slood fast, Psalm xxxiii. 4, 9.

ERE it so light a matter to rely on the faithfulness of God in times of distress, what need to give us so many and various promises? If our faith be right, we must also endure and wait his time with patience, which certainly is not an easy task; since the promise of the Lord not only tarries very often, but sometimes his providence goes contrary to his word, and makes his word seem to fall to the ground; yet then we must remember that these are the very ways and methods of God, which have ever been in the deep, and acted contrary to our expectation. This the corruption of our nature requires; and the wisdom of God ever chooses first to help us inwardly, by exercising faith and patience, and so prepare us for a right use of his outward favours. Thus we receive a double blessing at once from his hands.

Who shall pretend to teach him skill? Or guide the councils of his will?

His wisdom, like a sea divine, Flows deep and high beyond our line. Behold, I will allure her, and bring her into the wilderness, and speak comfortably unto her, Hos. ii. 14. Come, my beloved, let us go forth into the field; let us lodge in the villages, Cant. vii. 11.

Lord, this world is nothing to me but a wilderness, a place of tribulation, where, being tossed to and fro, I enjoy no rest; but when I lift up my heart and look for peace in thee I am supported and comforted. Grant that I may thus be strengthened for the time to come, whenever I am at a loss what course to take. Let me always firmly believe thee to be a present help in trouble, who art able and willing to bear me up under all outward distresses, till I shall safety arrive at the rest of the people of God.

Lord! what a wretched land is this, That yields us no supply, No cheering fruits, nor wholesome trees, Nor streams of living joy?

But prickling thorns thro' all the ground, And mortal poifons grow; And all the rivers that are found, With dan'rous waters flow. Tet the dear path to thine abode lies thro' this horrid land: Let I we would keep the heav'nly road, And run at thy command.

Our fouls would tread the defert thro'
With undiverted feet;
And faith and flaming zeal subdue
The terrors that we meet

When ye pray, fay, " Our Father," &c. Luke xi. 2. Ye ask and receive not, because ye ask amis, James iv. 3.

MANY say the Lord's prayer, who do not pray it, they (like Austin, before his conversion, when he prayed for chastity) are asraid, lest God thould hear them; they do not care that God fle ul I fay Amen, or, So be it, though they themselves will say so. They say, "Our Father," but if he be their father, where is his honour? They fay, "Which art in heaven;" but did they believe it, how durft they fin as they do upon earth; They fay, " Hallowed be thy name;" yet take God's name in vain. They fay, " Thy "kingdom come;" yet oppose the coming of his kingdom. They say, "Thy will be done on earth as it is in heaven;" yet will not fland to their words, for "this is the will of God, their fanclification;" but they want none of that. They fay, " Give us this day our daily bread;" yet mind not the feeding of their fouls with "the bread (Jefus Chrift) which came down from heaven." "They fay, "Forgive us, as we forgive others;" but alas! if God should take them at their word, how undone were they, whose hearts burn with malice and revenge. They fay, "Lead us not into temptation;" yet run into it, and tempt Satan himself to tempt them. They fay, "Deliver us from evil;" and yet deliver themselves to evil, and give up themselves "to fulfil the lust of the flesh," &c. Yea it hath been observed, that they fin most against this prayer, who stick most for the saying of it. Reader, how often hast thou been guilty of such vain petitions and repetitions? Wonder not, if thou prayest in such a manner as this, that thou receivest nothing. Labour to get a deep fense of the Majesty of God, and of his mercy, upon thy mind, that thy prayers may be fervent and earnest, and God will bless thee.

Assist and teach me how to pray; Incline my nature to obey;

What thou abhorrest, let me flee, And only love what pleases thee. Jesus Christ the same yesterday, to-day, and for ever, Heb. xiii. 8. Who of God is made unto us wisdom, and righteousness, and sanctification, that, as it is written, be that glorieth, let him glory in the Lord, 1 Cor. i. 30, 31. He has sinished the transgression, be has made reconciliation for iniquity, he has brought in everlasting righteousness, Dan. ix. 24. In him have we righteousness and strength, 1sa. xiv. 24.

No ourselves we find nothing but misery; in Christ all that is good; nay, he is himself our All; he works and gives what is necessary to salvation, therefore we cannot, and need not bring any thing to him of our own; but since he is made unto us wisdom, righteousness, sanctification and our all, we may, and must rely only on his name, and draw every thing from him by the continual prayer of faith. And when by living faith in Christ he becomes our All, the law, sin, Satan, and even our own judgments, have lost their power and right of condemnation over us.

Jehovah speaks, let Israel hear; Let all the earth rejoice and fear, While God's eternal Son proclaims His sov'reign honours and his names.

I am the last, and I first, The Saviour-God, and God the just; There's none befides pretends to show Such justice and salvation too.

In me alone, shall men confess, Lays all their strength and righteousness; But such as dare despite my name, I'll clothe them with eternal shame. Beloved, if God so loved us, we ought also to love one another, I John iv. II. I fay unto you, Love your enemies; bless them that curse you; do good to them that hate you, and pray for them that despitefully use you and persecute you; that ye may be the children of your Father which is in heaven, Matt. v. 14, 15.

HYPOCRITES may counterfeit the children of God in many things, but they cannot love their enemies from their hearts; and yet by this we must try and know ourselves, whether we are really children of God or not. The world very easily, but falsely, suppose themselves to be God's children; but sincere Christians find it often very hard to believe it, without a divine sense and assurance of it; it cost them many a fore conslict; for if Satan disputed the Sonship of Christ, much less will he spare any of us. But since a true love to the children of God, and to our enemies, is a sure evidence of our state of grace, we have our title clear to it, though we should walk in darkness and be destitute of all pleasant sensations.

Now by the bowels of my God,

His sharp distress, his fore complaints;

By his last groans, his dying blood,

I charge my soul to love the saints.

Clamour and wrath, and war, begone; Envy and spite for ever case: Let bitter words no more be known Amongst the saints, the sons of peace.

Tender and kind be all our thoughts; Thro' all our lives let mercy run: So God forgives our num'rous faults, For the dear sake of Christ his Son. And he faid to his fervant, Go up now, look toward the fea. And he went up and looked, and faid, There is nothing: and he faid, Go again fewen times, 1 Kings xviii. 43.

SIX times Elijah's fervant looked towards the sea before he could see any thing; the seventh time he saw a cloud, but no bigger than his hand; yet that cloud, within a sew hours, covered the heaven with darkness and the earth with rain. Just so may be the case with many a one when he is praying to his God, as Caleb's daughter did unto her father, Judges i. 15. Thou hast hitherto made me the owner of a dry, a barren heart, but give me now some springs of water, some feeling, at least, some forrow for my sins. Well, though at six times bending of thy knees, God doth not grant it, and though at the seventh there appears but one small drop swimming in thine eyes, yet be not discomforted, that drop may prove a shower, the beginning of that thaw may at last dissolve thy whole heart to water, and as there is a full joy for the thorough conversion of a sinner, there may be a suitable measure of joy for one tear, nay, for one desire of a tear, of any one sinner that repenteth.

If fix or fixty prayers are past, Pray on and never faint; A bleffing surely comes at last, To cheer a drooping saint. Ye shall drive out all the inhabitants of the land; but if you will not drive out the inhabitants of the land from before you, then it shall come to pass, that these which ye let remain of them, shall be pricks in your eyes and thorns in your sides, and shall wex you in the land wherein ye dwell, Numb. xxxiii. 52, 55. See this fulfilled. Judges i. 27. chap. ii. 14. Manossed did not drive out the inhabitants of Bethshean, &c. and all the Canaanites would dwell in that land; so that they (the Israelites) could not any longer stand before their enemies.

Lord. He that fights only against outward sins, is but very little, if at all acquainted with the dangerous enemies in his heart, or the deep corruption of original sin, and so the temper may more easily gain any advantage over him. Experienced Christians guard more against the inward assaults of wickedness; they are at peace with no sin, but keep up a constant war with all their most subtle and darling lusts. However, though the Canaanites, our inbred soes, must be conquered, they will dwell in the land, and cannot be wholly thrust out of the bosom, which makes the Christian warfare continue till death; yet give me grace, O Lord, never to spare my sinful lusts or tempers, but to look unto thee to destroy them without delay, as soon as they begin to move or stir, that I may not be destroyed by them.

O Prince of Peace, forgive my guilt, Tho' more than I can tell; And from the pow'r of fin releafe, And from the host of heil. Furnish me, Lord, with heav'nly arms
From Grace's magazine,
And i'll proclaim eternal war
With ev'ry darling sin.

In the beginning God created the beaven and the earth; and the earth was without form and woid, and darkness was upon the face of the deep; and the Spirit of God moved upon the face of the waters, Gen. i. 1, 2. We are his workmanship, created in Jesus Christ. Note, unto good works, which God has before ordained, that we should walk in them, Eph. ii. 10.

THEREFORE before we can really grow in holiness we must be born again. How is it possible for a man to grow in sanctification without a real change being first wrought in his heart? It is the Spirit's way first to strip us of our own righteousness and strength, to show us our nakedness and nothingness, to fill us with godly-forrow for sin, and then lead us to Jesus for pardon, sanctification, and justification. Christ being the Vine, we must first be planted in him, and draw nourishment and strength from him by faith. When it is suffilled, "they shall feed and lie down" on his passure, "and none shall make them as fraid," Zeph. iii. 13. Then we shall be able to bring furth good fruits and obtain victories. For it is God himself that thus makes us perfect in every good work, and prepares a table before us in the presence of our enemies.

Mighty Redcemer! fet me free From my old state of fin; O, make my foul alive to thee, Create new pow'rs within. In the Lord have I righteousness and strength, Isai. xlv. 24. 2 Cor. ii. 14. chap. v. 19.

JUSTIFICATION through faith in Christ, at first is a very dark doctrine, hard to be understood; but afterwards we find, by experience, that it would be impossible to be saved in any other way, and that nothing can be surer than this, though all mankind should turn away from it. And when we are made to see, that our best performances are unclean in the sight of God, and could not be accepted without the covering of Christ's righteousness, then we are brought to submit entirely to Christ, and at last look upon ourselves wholly justified through him, which alone produceth rest,

thrength, and a gentle spirit, the true image of Christ.

In vain do we hope to procure this rest by any reasonings or strong resolutions of our own. For if we are sometimes able to master our affections by our own strength, this is yet a building of our own, and keeps us from earnest wrestling in prayer. We have now a form of godliness, without its power, and we are still deceiving our own souls. For nothing can be pleasing in the sight of God, and profit us in the last day, but what he works himself.—Away therefore with all these doings of our own. Let us acknowledge the weakness and nothingness of our strength, and apply in our poor, blind, naked, lost, and miserable condition, to the blood and righteousness of Christ; then we shall also find power and dominion over sin, Isa. xxxiii. 24.

Sinners shall hear the found; Their thankful tongues shall own, Our righteousness and strength is found In thee the Lord alone. In the day of my trouble I will call upon thee, for thou wilt answer me, Psal. lxxxvi. 7.—God's answer: Then shalt thou call, and the Lord shall answer: thou shalt cry, and he shall say, Here am I, Isa. lviii. 9. The Lord is rich unto all who call upon him; and it shall come to pass, that who sever shall call upon the name of the Lord shall be saved; (this, to the comfort of the weak, is several times repeated in scripture, Joel ii. 32. Acts ii. 21. Rom. x. 12, 13, 19.—Therefore when the righteous cry, the Lord heareth them, and delivereth them out of all their troubles, Psalm xxxiv. 17. The Lord is nigh unto all that call upon him, Psalm cxiv. 18. The prayer of a righteous man available much, James v. 16.

O Glorious promise! how can God deny me any thing now that I pray for? He has passed his word for it; his Son has purchased it; the holy Spirit inspires the prayer, the word holds it forth, and the prayer of faith. If thou wilt have much, "open thy mouth wide, and it shall be "filled." Who then should not be stirred up to pray much! O what foolishness is this, that we have nothing, but may obtain all from God, and yet are so loth to pray much and pray right.

God knows the pain his fervants feel, He hears his children cry;

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And their best wishes to suissi, His grace is ever nigh.

Swear not at all, Matt. v. 34.

SWEAR not by the creatures; that in effect is swearing by their Maker. Neither swear by thy Maker, unless called to it by authority for the putting an end to strife; swear not falsely, that is calling the God of truth a witness to a lie; swear not needlessly or rashly, as Saul did, I Sam. xiv. 39. Such oaths or vows are ensaring, better broke than kept; but best not made at all. Swear not idle common oaths, such as, O Christ! O God! faith and troth; by my soul! as I live! God bless me! If we must give account for every idle word, much more for every idle oath, and most of all for horrible cursing and biasphemy, that profanes God's name, and is the very language of hell. He that is guilty of perjury not only is destroying his own soul; but is seeking to ruin his neighbour, by perverting justice and robbing the innocent of his right. Yea, sometimes God takes a false-swearer and self-curser at his word, and strikes him dead on the spot. Lord, help the guilty to repent of their sin, and help all to watch and pray against it.

From false, and rash, and idle oaths, Desend my tongue, O Lord; Let falt of grace hang on my Kps, To feafon every word. Dearly belived, avenge not yourselves, but rather give place unto wrath; for it is written, Vengeance is mine, I will repay, saith the Lord, Rom. xii. 19.

JUDGE ye then, my brethren, would it be wife to fnatch the rod out of the all-powerful hand of God to take it into our own, even was it in our power to do it? We are taught by the holy prophet not to avenge ourselves, it being daring presumption to usurp God's province, and to step into his throne. He that chassiseth the nations, shall he not correct? Might may overcome right for a time, to try God's children: But whether that is done with a close hand, so as not to be discovered; cr with a high hand, so as not to be controuled, God will in his due time show himself, and affert his right of vengeance against all that would take it from him. It is therefore our wisdom to call to mind our blessed Lord's silence when he suffered, and to copy after it, committing ourselves to him that judgeth righteously.

Grace dwells with Justice on the throne, And men that love thy word, Have in thy fanctuary known The councils of the Lord; When God in his own fov'reign ways
Comes down to fave th' opprest,
The wrath of man shall work his praise,
And he'st-restrain the rest.

If any man be in Christ he is a new creature, 2 Cor. v. 17.

ET no man be discouraged from coming to Christ, because he finds not in himself that godly forrow for fin, that ability to repent, that dispofition of heart which he defires to have; we must first be in Christ, before we are new creatures. This is a common fault among us; we would fain have fomething before we come; we think God's pardons are not free, but we must bring fomething in our hand: whereas the proclamation runs thus, "Buy without money;" that is, come without any excellency at all; because we are commanded to "come, and take the water of life freely." Therefore do not fay, I have a finful disposition, and a hard heart, and cannot mourn for fin as I should, therefore I will stay till that be done. It is all one as if you should say, I must go to the physician, but I will have my wounds well, and my disease healed first. The end of going to Christ is, that this very hardness of thy heart may be taken away; that this very deadness of thy spirit may be removed; that thou mayeft be enlivened, quickened, healed; that thou mayeft hate fin, for he is thy physician; look not for fanctification; nor for genuine fruits of righteoufness, till thy foul is united unto Chrift, by a living faith. For it is faith that purifies the heart and works (i. e. produces good works) by love. Thou must first be in Christ, grafted into Christ by faith, before thou canft be a new creature.

Lord, graft me in thyfelf the vine, And feed me from thy root, So shall I in thine image shine, And bear much heav'nly fruit. All things are lawful unto me, but all things are not expedient; all things are lawful for me, but I will not be brought under the power of any, I Cor. vi. 12.

MANY that are well-affected to religion, and receive instructions of piety with pleasure and satisfaction, often wonder how it comes to pass, that they make no greater progress in that religion which they so much admire. Now the reason of it is, because religion lives only in their head, while something else has possession of their heart; and therefore they continue from year to year mere admirers and praifers of piety, without ever coming up to the reality and perfection of its precepts. If it be asked why religion does not get possession of their hearts; the reason is, not because they live in gross fins or debaucheries, for their regard to religion preserves them from such disorders, but because their hearts are constantly employed, perverted, and kept in a bad state by the wrong use of such things as are lawful to be used; for our fouls may receive very great hurt merely by the abuse of innocent and lawful things. What is more innocent than rest and retirement? and yet what more dangerous than floth and idleness? What is more lawful than eating and drinking? and yet what more destructive of virtue than sensuality and indulgence? How lawful and praise-worthy is the care of a family? and yet what so prejudicial as an anxious worldly temper? Reader, follow the apostle, and beware of lawful things; keep thy heart free from the power of them.

O Lord, direct me in the use, Of things that lawful are; For lawful things may have abuse,

And prove a fatal snare.

There are diversities of operations, but it is the same God which worketh all in all,

1 Cor. xii. 6.

COME believers are remarkable for the firength of their faith in trials, even unto death; others of liveliness and activity in duty; others of wisdom, conduct, and prudence in temporals and spirituals; others for their zeal in defence of the truth: others for knowledge in the mysteries of the truth; others for meekness and patience; others for outward usefulness; and some for an inward and spiritual life of communion with God. But all these are the various gifts and graces of the Holy Spirit, dividing feverally to every man as he will, and are given to profit withal according to his place in the church, or in the world. My fellow Christians, let us hence learn a lesson of forbearance to our brethren. It is not right to judge of another by thine own pattern. Art thou a warm and active Christian? Condemn not him whose endowments may be more placid and contemplative than thine. He who now creeps as a final in humble filence, may by one lift of divine power be raised higher than thou art. The same may be said of their differences among the followers of Jesus: Let us then no longer envy one another or indulge a rash and censorious spirit; but rather covet earnestly the best gifts of meekness and love, and by the help of divine grace, faithfully improve the talent committed to our truff, that each of us may receive that heart reviving word, "Well done, good and faithful fervant, enter thou into the joy of thy Lord!"

There is a voice of fov'reign grace
Sounds from the facred word;
Oh! ye defpairing finners come
And trust upon the Lord.
My foul obeys th' almighty call,
And runs to this relief;
I would believe thy promise, Lord;
O! help my unbelief.

Stretch out thine arm, victorious King,
My reigning fins subdue;
Drive the old dragon from his seat,
And form my soul a new.
A guilty, weak, and helpless worm,
On thy kind arms I fall:
Be thou my strength and righteousness,
My Jesus and my All.

Every good gift, and every perfect gift, is from above, James i. 17.

READER, it is a point of the greatest importance for thee to know, that every evil thing is of thyself, and every good thing of God; without faith we cannot be faved; but, faith St. Paul, Eph. ii. 8. "by " grace are ye faved thro' faith, and that not of yourselves, it is the gift " of God: We are called upon to repent; but in Ads v. 31. we read that " Christ is exalted at the Father's right-hand, to be a Prince and a Sa-" viour, for to give repentance to Ifrael."-We must be born again, but regeneration is wholly of God's will; "which were born not of blood, " nor of the will of the flesh, nor of the will of man, but of God," John i. 12. Saving knowledge is likewise the gift of God; " to you it is given " to know the mysteries of the kingdom of heaven, Matt. xiii. 11. Effectual calling is also of God's grace, 2 Tim. i. 9. Justification is of God's grace; we are justified freely. Adoption also is an act of grace; he vouchfafes that high privilege, not in common to all, but only to fo many as he pleaseth. Perseverance in duty is also God's gift, for "we are peserved "by the power of God to salvation." Eternal life is also a gift, for "the " gift of God is eternal life thro' Jefus Christ." A right knowledge of these things, reader, will keep the humble and dependent upon God; and not only dispose thee to give him the glory of his grace; but to seek him diligently for it.

Whate'er I have or may posses, It flows from God above;

Comes from his bounty and his grace, And undeferved love. We would fee Jesus. Search the Scriptures, for in them ye think ye have eternal life, and they are they which testify of me, John xii. 21. and chap. v. 29.

TT is remarkable, that the wife men travelling to find Christ, followed only the ftar; and as long as they had that in view were affured that they were in the right way, and we may believe had great pleafure in their journey; but when they entered Jerusalem, (whereas the star led them not thither, but to Bethlehem) and there would be inftructed where Christ was born, they were not only ignorant of the place where, but had also lost the fight of the far that should guide them thither. Whereby we are taught this useful lesion, that when we are going to learn Christ, and seek Christ, who is above, to beware we lose not the star of God's word, which only is the mark that fhows us where Christ is, and which way we may come to him: To which may be added, that if with David we make the word of God " a lantern to " our feet, and a light to our paths," we shall not be led aside by every false fire that prefents itself to us; but by keeping close to the word of God, we shall be brought to the knowledge of Christ here, and to the full enjoyment of him hereafter. Reader, this little book is only defigned to lead thee to " fearch the scriptures," which are able to make thee wife unto salvation through faith in Jefus Chrift.

Eternal life God's word imparts,
. Whereon each fainting spirit lives;

Here sweeter comforts cheer our hearts.
Than all the round of Nature gives.

Let no corrupt communication proceed out of your mouth, but that which is good to the use of edifying, that it may minister grace unto the hearers: and grieve not the holy Spirit of God. Let not filthiness be once named among you, nor foolish taiking, nor jesting, which are not convenient, Eph. iv. 29. chap. v. 4.

DLE words are hurtful words; they grieve the holy Spirit, destroy what power has been obtained by prayer, and cause nothing but levity and distraction of mind. Let this be a caution against talking too much; for if it does not tend to the glory of God, it is nothing but corrupt communication. May all Christians take heed to refrain their tongues, and never speak unadvisedly; but always consider first, whether their words can be profitable to others, and acceptable to God in heaven. O Lord, teach me by thy wisdom "to keep my mouth as it were with a bridle," and to weigh all my words like gold. Let my heart and lips be moved and governed by thy holy Spirit, that both my silence and talking may be according to thy will and direction. Grant that I may always chiefly converse with thee in prayer and thanksgiving, for the good of my own soul and others; and whenever I am to open my lips in due time, let my words be so seasoned and blessed as to administer grace to the hearers.

So let our lips and lives express The holy gospel we profes; So let our words and virtues shine, To prove the doct ine all divine. And he dreamed, and behold, a ladder fet upon the earth, and the top of it reached to heaven: and behold, the angels of God afcending and descending on it, Gen. xxviii. 12.

It may be considered as representing the Divine Providence, which governs all things. The several sleps of the ladder are the motions and actions of Providence; the angels going up and down, show that they are the great ministers of Providence, never idle, but always employed in the preservation of the just; their ascending, means their going up to receive the divine orders and commands; and their descending, their coming down upon earth to put them in execution. So that, in this representation, God signified to Jacob, row sull of care and uneasy apprehensions, that the man who was under the care and protection of Divine Providence, wanted not company in a wilderness; wanted not fecurity in the midst of dangers; wanted not direction in the most difficult undertakings; since there were so many ministering spirits holding correspondence between earth and heaven, and daily and hourly "sent forth from God's presence to minister unto "them who shall be heirs of salvation."

Thou Jesus my safe ladder art, To lift me to the skies; And on it when I find I'm got, My heart begins to rife,

Alleluia; for the Lord God Omnipotent reigneth, Rev. xix. 6.

OD is the Lord of hofts, he is the great commander of heaven and earth; I he it is that directs all conflicts in war; no field is pitched, no battle fought but by his special order and commission, and all for the accomplishment of his glory. But it betalleth us, as it doth them who ltand in the same level wherein two great armies are ready to engage, they conceive them to be a disordered multitude; whom, notwithstanding, if they beheld from a high hill, they would difcern that they were artificially ranged, and every one ferving under his own colours. Even so men, who behold the state of the world, with the eyes of flesh and blood, dim by reason of the corruption of their judgments, and weakness of their affections, think all things are out of order; they " fee fervants riding on horfes, and princes going on foot;" that the worse men are, the better they fare; and they fare the worse, the better they are: but if they would go into God's fanctuary, and judge of occurrences by heavenly principles, then they would confess, that no army on earth could be better marshalled, than the great army of all the creatures of heaven and earth, yea, and of hell too; and that notwithstanding all appearances to the contrary, all is well, and will end well, especially to God's people; and that the God of order will bring light out of darknels, and order out of the greatest confusion, could they but have patience, and let him alone with his own work.

The Lord God Omnipotent reigns, Commanding whatever he will; And rebels that roar at his word, Are under his government still. Thou hast thrust fore at me, that I might fall; but the Lord helped me, Psal. exviii.

13. Preserved in Jesus Christ, and called, Jude 1.

TESUS was in the council, undertook our cause, struck hands in the cove-I nant as our furety, wrought out a righteousness for us, suffered our curle on the tree to redeem us, ever lives, and ever loves, and ever pleads our cause, while he represents our persons before the everlastingly gracious, and infinively just and righteous Jehovah, his Father and our Father, now well pleased with us, because accepted and preserved in the beloved. Are these things so? And has the Lord, the Spirit, the glorifier of Jesus, enlightened our underftandings to fee thefe things, enabled us to believe, and affured our hearts of our own happy share and interest in them? O my foul, stop, rest. ct, dwell on fuch wonderful power, marvellous favour, distinguishing love, and appropriated mercy! Now let all mine enemies exert their utmost power, I will not be afraid. Afflictions, pains, temptations may await me, waves and florms may go over my head, Satan may fift me as wheat, the waters of death may prove bitter to my tafte, yet will I not be discouraged; he that died for me, will take care of me; he that pardoned my aggravated offences, will heal my infirmities; he that knew the power of temptation, will support and deliver me out of all. This I believe, Lord, help my unbelief.

The wisdom, the power, the love, the promise, the covenant, and the oath of Jehovah, stand all engaged for the preservation of a poor, unworthy be-

liever in Jesus. Alleluia.

Why should I fear, tho' mighty foes Thrust at me ev'ry day? The Lord who offers me his help, Is stronger much than they. Learn of me; for I am meek and lowly in heart; and ye shall find rest unto your fouls. Matt. xi. 29. Be clothed with humility, for God resisteth the proud, and giveth grace to the humble. Humble yourselves therefore under the mighty hand of God, that he may exalt you in due time, I Pet. v. 5, 6.

SUCH as are haughty and self-conceited, rush against the mighty hand of God, and destroy themselves, but those that are humbled under it, will be protected by the same. Whatever knowledge or skill we may obtain in the schools of human learning, the Scripture does not yet allow us to be truly wise, but calls us blind and mere worldly students, till we learn to be poor in spirit, lowly in heart, and dead to the world, Prov. xi. 2. 1 Cor. chap. i. and ii. Therefore "the more a man dies to this world, "the more is he enlightened."

Lord, if thou thy grace impart, Poor in spirit, meek in heart, I shall as my master be, Rooted in humility.

Simple, teachable, and mild, Chang'd into a little child; Pleas'd with all the Lord provides, Wean'd from all the world befides.

Father, fix my foul on thee Ev'ry evil let me flee; Nothing want beneath, above; Hap; y in thy precious love. And Jacob went on his way, and the angels of God met him, Gen. xxxii. t.

S Jacob was favoured with a heavenly vision, when he first departed A from his father's house, so the Divine Being thought proper again to favour him with the same token of his protection on his return thither, in order to encourage him to meet with confidence those dangers he had to encounter. Hence we may observe, that when God designs his people for extraordinary trials, he prepares them by extraordinary comforts. We should think it had been more seasonable for these angels to have appeared to him just in the heat of his engagement, either with Laban before, or Esau after, than this calm and quiet interval, when he saw not himself in any imminent peril. But God will have us, when we are in peace, to provide for trouble; and when trouble comes, draw comfort and encouragement from former experiences; knowing affuredly, that he who has delivered in fix troubles, will also deliver in seven; and in due time out of This may be a representation of God's people at death, who are then returning to Canaan, to their heavenly Father's house; and then the angels of God will meet them, to congratulate the happy finishing of their labours, and carry them to their everlasting rest.

May Jesus guide me on my way, And guard from threat'ning woes; His presence turns my night to day, And disconcerts my foes. For by thy words thou falt be justified, and by thy words thou soult be condemned, Matt. xii. 37.

HE general turn of a man's discourse will clearly discover the bent of his mind; for "out of the abundance of the heart the mouth speaketh." Other outward marks may be imitated; but not to offend in tongue, to be free from detraction and boasting, to speak the truth in love, to "let no corrupt communication (nothing contraty to peace or holiness) proceed out of the mouth;" this is the singer of God. Here the Hypocrite and Formalist always fail. Let us earnestly pray for grace to bridle the tongue. "O Lord, set a watch before my mouth, keep the door of my lips," that I may never bring a reproach upon my profession, by speaking proud, false, soolish, or censorious words.

The tongue, that most unruly pow'r, Requires a strong restraint; We must be watchful ev'ry hour, And pray, but never faint. Lord! can a feeble helpless worm
Perform a task so hard!
Thy grace must all the work perform,
And give the free yeward.

Loofe them and bring them unto me; and if any say ought unto you, ye skall say, the Lord hash need of them, and straight way be will send them, Matt. xxi. 2, 3. The Spirit of the Lord came mightily upon him, and the cords that were upon his arms became as flax that was burnt with sire, and his hands loosed from off his hands, Judges xv. 14.

THUS the Spirit of the Lord makes us free from all spiritual bonds; for "where the Spirit of the Lord is, there is liberty," 2 Cor. iii. 17. Though I was torn from Christ by the enemy; yet as a robber he gets no right to me. Christ does not give up for this reason his right which he has to me on so many accounts; and as soon as I am willing by his grace to give up myself to him, and desire to be delivered from the power of Satan, he vindicates and saves me as his property; I am his, Satan looses his hold, and nothing in the world can withhold me from him. All the fetters must fall off.

What tho' the hofts of death and hell All arm'd against me stood, Terrors no more shall shake my soul; My refuge is my God.

Arife, O Lord, fulfil thy grace, While I thy glory fing; My God has broke the ferrent's teeth, And Death has loft his sting.

Salvation to the Lord belongs,
His arm alone can fave;
Bleffings attend thy people here,
And reach beyond the grave.

Make me a new beart and a new spirit, Ezek. xviii. 31. See also 2 Cor. v. 17,

MANY are converted, but not entirely to Christ and from their own righteousness, so as to be truly sensible of their abominable wickedness, and earnestly to see to Christ for a reconciliation and righteousness; and therefore they never seek to Jesus to make the new heart and new spirit, but continue on in their mere outward moral state year after year. O Lord, let me daily receive a word from thee, to nourish and strengthen my soul, so as to be renewed daily by it more and more.

O for an heart to love my God!
An heart from fin fet free;
An heart that always feels the blood,
So freely shed for me!

An heart refign'd, fubmissive, meek, My dear Redeemer's throne; Where only Christ is heard to speak, Where Jesus reigns alone. A lowly and believing heart,
Abhorring felf and fin;
A constant heart which nought can part
From Christ who dwells within.

A child-like heart, that cries for food And pines for love divine; An upright heart by grace renew'd, A copy Lord of thine. Martha, Martha, thou art careful and troubleth about many things, Luke x. 41.

Keep thy heart with all diligence, for out of it are the issues of life, Prov. iv. 23.

As the virtue of a strong spirituous liquor evaporates by degrees in a vial which is not closely stopped, in like manner the life and power of the spirit insensibly vanishes away, if the heart is not kept with all diligence. Of the former, remains only water; of the latter, nothing but the form of religion, or perhaps some false principles and errors crept in. Therefore many must be tried and sifted, that they may know, like Hezekiah what is in their hearts, 2 Chron. xxxii. 31.; consequently, what more needful than to take heed of our own spirits, and to keep close to the written word; for as the latter times draw nearer, the more plausible will errors and seducements appear both on your right-hand and on your lest; beware of being drawn off from the truth, either by the worldly prudence or half-hearted professors, or by pretences to merit in the self-righteous Pharisee.

O Lord, permit me not to be A firanger to myself and thee; Amidst a thousand thoughts I rove, Forgetful of my highest love.

Call me away from fiesh and sense, One sov'reign word can draw me thence; I would obey the voice divine, And all inferior things refign.

Be earth with all her scenes withdrawn; Let noise and vanity be gone In secret silence of the mind, My heav'n, and there my God I sind. My foul thirfieth after thee as a thirfly land, Plalm exliii. 6. Let him that is athirfle come, and whosoever will let him take the water of life freely. Rev. xxii. 17. If any man thirst, let him come unto me and drink. He that believeth on me, as the scripture has said, out of his belly shall flow rivers of living waters, John vii. 37, 38.

HEN thou art dry and barren, examine thyself closely what may be the cause; ask pardon for all known offences, and take care to amend them. And though thou shouldest not find any thing particular, yet humble thyself deeply before the Lord; but at the same time remember that thou art accepted, beloved, justified, and blessed in Christ; and in this disposition quietly wait the return of some new drops of living water and grace; but be also sure afterwards to cherish and make a right use of them. Thus shalt thou be like a watered garden, Isa. lviii. 11.

For thee I thirft, O Lord, I mourn; When will thy fmiling face return?

Shall all my joy on earth remove, And God for ever hide his love?

ANSWER.

Ho! ye that pant for living streams,
And pi e away and die;
Here you may quench your raging thirst
With springs that never dry.

Rivers of love and mercy here
In a rich ocean join;
Salvation in abundance flows,
Like floods of milk and wine.

Martha, Martha, thou art careful and troubleth about many things, Luke x. 41.

Keep thy heart with all diligence, for out of it are the issues of life, Prov. iv. 23.

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For thee I thirst, O Lord, I mourn; When will thy smiling face return?

Shall all my joy on earth remove, And God for ever hide his love?

ANSWER.

Ho! ye that pant for living streams, And pi e away and die; Here you may quench your raging thirst With springs that never dry.

Rivers of love and mercy here In a rich ocean join; Salvation in abundance flows, Like floods of milk and wine. My foul waiteth upon God: from him cometh my falvation; he only is my defence, I fhall not be greatly moved. Therefore, trust him at all times; ye people, pour out your hearts before him. God is a refuge for us, Pfalm ixxii. 1, 2, 3.

THE more patient, believing, and fingle eyed we are, the sooner we shall see the salvation and victory of the Lord. Double-minded souls have the greatest struggle, and the slothful must tarry the longer. Sometimes, it is true, tho' we are faithful, yet we must cry out, "O Lord, how long?" Psal. vi. 3. But nevertheless he always hears and delivers us, though we do not see and feel it directly, but seem to suffer continually. In heaven we shall certainly see it, and reap the blessed fruits of all our afflictions and prayers.

Almighty God of truth and love! In me thy pow'r exert; The mountain from my foul remove, The hardness of my heart.

From thee that I no more depart, No more thy goodness grieve; The filial awe, the fleshly heart, The tender conscience give.

Quick as the apple of an eye
O God my confcience make;
Awake, my foul, when fin is nigh,
And keep it fill awake.

I have been young, and now am old; yet have I not fee the righteous for faken, nor bis feed begging their bread, Pfulm xxxvii. 25.

CWEET declaration! encouraging experience! The Lord indeed careth of for the righteous; for those, who, having seen the want of mercy, rely for it upon the promise of God, that there is forgiveness with him, through the meritorious life and death of Jesus Christ. He hath promised, that he will never leave nor forfake them-that he will withhold from them no manner of thing that is good. He careth also for their feed; so that they shall not beg their bread. He frequently provides for them, when their parents are no more, in such unexpected ways, that many who see it are constrained to acknowledge, "this is the Lord's doing." And fometimes, while they are living, he brings bread to their mouths, and also furnishes them with opportunities to hear of, and feek for the bread which came down from heaven, and which endureth unto everlasting life; thus foatching them from the jaws of ignorance and destruction. O Lord, if mine ears have heard-if mine eyes have feen-and more especially if I partake of such bleffings thankfully may I own, that thou art a God keeping covenant and mercy; and make this proof of thy faithfulness, a ground of reliance upon thee for all needful promiled bleflings! help me-to calt all my care on thee-and endeavour by prayer, instruction, and example, that thy goodness may be sanctified to my feed, that we may live together here and hereafter, to the praise of the glory of thy grace.

The Lord for his own mercy's fake
Will blefs believers and their teed;

The parents he will not forfake, Nor let their children beg their bread, Strengthened with all might according to his glorious power, Col. i. 11.

My foul, what encouraging words are these! How full of meaning! The Lord our righteousness is the Lord our strength. He is near at hand, believer, to strengthen thee according to thy need. Not in one or two respects, but with all might, with a supply suited to every various occasion, and that to the utmost, answe able to what may be expected from the exertion of "his own glorious power." Happy state of the believer in Jesus; though seeble in himself, surrounded with enemies, and exercised with a continual warsare, he shall not be overpowered; for the promise and the arm of God is on his side. The Lord, who can do what he pleaseth, is an alliance, yea, in covenant with a believer, and therefore he shall be made more than conqueror through Christ who has loved him.

Let me but hear my Saviour say,
"Strength shall be equal to thy day;"
Then I rejoice in deep distress,
Leaning on All-sufficient Grace.

I glory in infirmity,
That Christ's own pow'r may rest on me;
When I am weak, then am I strong,
Grace is my shield, and Christ my song.

My belowed is mine, and I am bis, Cant. ii. 16 .- Divine answer: I will betroth thee unto me for ever; yea, I will betroth thee unto me in righteousness, and in judgment, and in loving-kindness. I will even betroth thee unto me in faithful. nels, and thou fhalt know the Lord, Hof. ii. 19, 20.

BY faith in the blood of Christ we are accepted, and closely united to him as our bridegroom. By that we daily eat his slesh, drink his blood, and are sprinkled all over: And need there is of a daily sprinkling, that our persons and services may be accepted; since the best of our works, our prayers and praifes, our duties and graces, are all unclean till washed in the blood of Jesus. This appears from Heb. ix. 19 -21. where it is faid, that " All the vessels of the ministry, and even the book " was fprinkled."

Hark! the Redeemer from on high, Sweetly invites his fav'rites nigh; From caves of darkness and of doubt He gently speaks, and calls us out.

" My fifter and my spouse," he cries,

46 Bound to my heart by various ties; "Thy pow'rful love my heart detains,

" In ftrong delight and pleasing chains."

Dear Lord, our thankful heart receives The hope thy invitation gives; To thee our joyful lips shall raise The voice of pray'r, the voice of praise.

I am my love's, and he is mine; Our hearts, our hopes, our passions join; Nor let a motion, nor a word, Nor thought arife to grieve my Lord.

When thou saidst, Seek ve my face; my heart said unto thee, Thy sace, Lord, will I seek, Ptalm xxvii. 8. It am thine, save me; for I have sought thy precepts, Psalm cxix. 94.—Divine answer: They who seek me early shall find me, Prov. viii. 17. The humble shall see this and be glad, and your hearts shall live that seek God, Psalm lxix. 32. Seek and ye shall find, Matt. vii. 7. And whoever sindeth me, sindeth life, Prov. viii. 35. For I am the life, John xiv. 6.

SUCH arguments and intreaties we may use with God, to strengthen us in saith; he does not want them, but we do; and he is well pleased when we take him at his word. For if we would not draw near to God in prayer till our hearts are quickened, perhaps we might never come to it. Therefore we must not indulge ourselves in such a state of dulness, but rather put a force upon ourselves, and pray against our natural inclination. Being faithful and instant in this, we shall certainly have our affections warmed, and great power and blessings given from above, that our hearts may live. O Lord, I plead thy precious promises; and thou canst not deny thy word.—Thou hast laid thyself under obligation to help a feeble praying soul. Then let thy holy Spirit abide with me, to quicken my soul when fainting, and to rule my heart in all things, that no sin may have dominion over me.

Lord, I address thy heavinly throne:
Call me a child of thine:
Send down the Spirit of thy Son
To form my heart divine.

There shed thy choicest love abroad, And make my comforts strong; Then shall I say, My Father God, With an unway'ring tongue. O my God, I trust in thee; let me not be ashamed, Psalm xxv. 2. In thee, O Lord, do I hope: thou wilt hear, O Lord my God, Psalm xxxviii. 15. Let none that wait on thee be ashamed, Psalm xxv. 3.—Divine answer: Hope maketh not ashamed, Rom. v. 5. They that trust in the Lord shall be as mount Zion, which abideth for ever, Psalm cxxv. 1. Pray for help, and though it tarry, wait for it; because it will surely come, it will not tarry, Heb. ii. 3. Then thou shalt know, &c. 1sa. xlix. 23.

DOES God delay his promises, and the enemy raise a suspicion against his faithfulness? remember it is said, "Pray and wait." Thou art still alive, and shalt be a witness to God's saithfulness. If he was not faithful and true, he could not be God. His saithfulness is eternal, and as sure and great as himself; above all our thoughts. Thou shalt at last the more gloriously experience it, and not be ashamed: Heaven and earth shall pass away; but his word shall not sail, because "He keeps truth for ever, Psal. exlvi. 6.

Happy the man whose hopes rely
On Israel's God: He made the sky,
And earth and seas, and all their train;
And none shall find his promise vain.

His truth for ever stands secure:
He saves th' opprest, he seeds the poor;
He sends the lab'ring conscience peace,
And grants the pris'ner sweet release.

And I, if I be lifted up from the earth, will draw all men unto me, John xii. 32.

HIS he spoke of his death. And it is the remembrance of his cruel death, of what he suffered, said, and finished, when he hung naked and wounded upon the cross, that effectually captivates the sinner's heart to himself. The sharpest convictions, if not relieved by this sight, will never teach the heart to love. The strongest resolutions, unless made with this bleeding object in view, will melt away like snow: But a crucified Saviour is a powerful loadstone indeed; multitudes have been drawn by it from sin to holiness, stom Satan to God, from earth to heaven.

Was it for crimes that I have done
He groan'd upon the tree?
Amazing pity! grace unknown!
And love beyond degree!

But drops of grief can ne'er repay
The debt of love I owe;
Lord I would give myfelf away,
'Tis all that I can do.

Love feeketh not her own, is not eafily provoked, and never faileth, 1 Cor. xiii. 5, 8.

My dear heavenly Father, I desire to love thee and my neighbour with a pure heart fervently, and beg thou wouldest let me know and enjoy thy love in Christ, as the only means of producing this love in me. For how can my heart be cold, when resting at the Cross of Christ, and feeling the virtue of his blood? Or how can it be heard, when lying in thy bosom, richly tasting of thy grace, and sweetly experiencing thine everlasting love to me, a vile and miserable sinner? Oh! may a sense of thy love melt my hard heart into love, and change it thoroughly.

Had I the tongues of Greeks and Jews, And nobler speech than angels use, If love be absent, I am found Like tinkling brass, an empty found.

Were I inspir'd to preach and tell All that is done in heav'n and hell, — Or could my faith the world remove, Still I am nothing without love. Should I distribute all my store
To seed the bowels of the poor,
Or give my body to the stame,
To gain a martyr's glorious name,

If love to God and love to men
Be absent, all my hopes are vain:
Nor tongue, nor gists, nor fiery zeal,
The work of love can ne'er fulfil.

Unto thee, O Lord, do I lift up my foul, Pfalm xxv. 1.—Divine answer: Thou bast heard the desire of the humble, thou wilt prepare their heart, thou wilt cause thine ear to hear, Plalm x. 17.

AITH only desires Christ, and does neither delight in the gain, nor grieve much at the loss of temporal things; but "Faith, through an earnest desire for Christ and his word, rises above all creatures, and overcomes all worldly pleasures and fears" And this being the work of God, will certainly be accomplished; nay, is looked upon as really accomplished already in our desires and endeavours after it; in the same manner as evil desires are reckoned for deeds in the sight of God, though they never proceed to outward acts.

I cannot bear thine absence, Lord;
My life expires if thou depart:
Be thou, my heart, still near my God,
And thou, my God, be near my heart.

I was not born for earth and fin, Nor can I live on things so vile; Yet I will stay my Father's time, And hope and wait for heav'n a while.

Then, dearest Lord, in thine embrace Let me resign my steeting breath, And with a smile upon my sace, Pass the important hour of death. Draw near in the day that I will call upon thee; fay unto me, Fear not: O Lord, plead thou the cause of my soul, and redeem my life, Lam. iii. 57, 58.—God's answer: Fear not, for I am with thee, Isa. xliv. 5. I am he that lives and was dead, and behold I am alive for evermore, and have the keys of hell and of death, Rev. i. 18.

"CHRIST has overcome death, led captivity captive, and by one of"fering perfected for ever them that are fanctified." Heb. x. 14.
Whoever leaves this world, believing in him, being perfected already, has nothing to fear after death. O! my heavenly Father, dispose me to seek diligently after holiness; and though the work of sanctification will be imperfect in this life, which should humble me much; yet let it cause no fear of death, or disturb my considence in thee. Since my salvation and my considence do not depend on a perfect holiness here, but on my being in Christ, and adopted through him. Which adoption the weakest child hath as well as the strongest, tho' both are not equally sensible of it. For every true believer, whether weak or strong, hath eternal life, and shall not fall into condemnation. If therefore I am a child of God, though a weak one, I am still an heir, and shall find life and deliverance in death.

I am Alpha, fays the Saviour,
I Omega like sife am,
I was dead, and live for ever,
God Almighty and the Lamb.

In the Lord is our persection, And in him our boast we'll make; We shall share his resurrection, If we of his death partake. And he gave him a for, but Hezekiah rendered not again according to the benefit done unto him, for his heart was lifted up, 2 Chron. xxxii. 24, 25.

A HAZ, trusting in the Assyrians for help, had refused a sign graciously offered by God as a token of deliverance. He did not choose to put his whole trust in God, tho' his pretence was, he would not tempt the Lord. This might lead his son Hezekiah to ask for a sign, and it proved a snare to him. The king of Babylon, on finding Hezekiah so highly honoured by the sun, thought it incumbent upon him to send ambassadors with letters and

a present to such a favourite of the god of the Baylonians.

Hezeziah hearkened unto them, and fought crattily to avail himself of this false notion of the king of Babylon; and, by not affronting their god, he hoped to gain a fafe protection against the king of Assyria. Isaiah was ordered to acquaint him, that as he preferred an arm of flesh to his almighty Deliverer, he should experience the fad effect of his folly in not honouring God; and all that he had so vainly showed should be carried to Babylon .-Hezekiah ought have testified to the ambassadors, that the Lord God of Ifrael stopped the fun in its progress. He had here a fair opportunity of showing them and their king the vanity of their idolatry in worthipping the fun, evidently under the direction of a superior Being .- He ought also to have given God all the glory in this matter, and have rested on him, and him alone, for fafety, who had just then given him fuch a striking proof of his power and favour. - Worldly wisdom is arrant folly; and, when set in opposition to the will of God, will be fure to disappoint us. Even the noblest instance of wisdom and love God ever showed in the salvation of sinners by Jesus Christ, if not accepted with humility and simplicity, in God's own way by faith, will not have its bleffed effect .- Wordly wifdom enfrared Hezekiah; and carnal wisdom ever attended with lostiness of heart is daily destroying its thousands.

From worldly wisdom save me Lord, Tho' men may prudence call it; My heart be anchor'd on thy word, Whatever storms befal it. Can two walk together, except they be agreed? Amos iii. 3.

EADER, I suppose thee a religious person, one that has been converted by the power of grace; one that is defirous to glorify God in life and conversation; one that has an interest in Jesus, and want to have it made more manifest to thine own felf every day; one that considers this life as a passage to a better, and would be glad of a spiritual companion to go along with thee, for " two are better than one." Give not the right hand of fellowship to any before thou hast tried him, for two cannot walk comfortably together except they are agreed: bring him to the law of God; the eternal, moral law of God, contained in the 'Ten Commandments, and ask him, Does he look upon that law of God as the rule of his life? If he denies it, avoid him. If he fays he is not under the commanding power of it, turn away from him. But if he fays, that he fincerely takes it as God's revealed will to him, owning the authority thereof over his conscience and conversation, "Thus faith the Lord," breathing after universal obedience, repenting and mourning where hefalls short, and fleeing by faith to Christ for ail peace and pardon, take fuch a one for a friend and companion.

Lord draw my wand'ring heart to thee, And reconcile it to thy word;

Then will it well with God agree
And find communion with the Lord.

My foul fainteth for thy salvation. My foul is continually in my hand. Uphold me according to thy word, that I may live, and let me not be ashamed of my hope. Look thou upon me, and be merciful unto me, as thou usest to do unto those that love thy name, Plalm cxix. 81, 109, 116, 132.

OLORD, I love thy name also, since thou art called merciful, gracious, long-suffering, and even the Lord our righteousnes; and therefore I depend upon nothing of my own, but throw myself entirely upon thy free grace and righteousness, which alone keeps me in peace. Without thee I am ignorant and weak; and Satan being as wicked as he is cunning, what would be one of me, if I was not kept and preserved by thee? "Thy name is a strong tower, the righteous enter there and are fase;" there let me abide also continually, so shall I be safe from every adversary.

The arms of evenlashing love
Beneath my foul he piac'd;
And or the Rick of Ages set
My slipp'ry footsteps fast.

The city of my bieft abode
Is wall'd around with grace;

Salvation for a bulwark stands, To shield the facred place.

Satan may vent his sharpest spite, And all his legions roar; Almighty Mercy guards my life, And bounds his raging po'r. Not unto us, O Lord, not unto us, but unto thy name be glory, Pfalm cxv. 1.

O Lord, grant that I may always give thee the praise of thy own, and may learn to delight and glory in thee, having no other aim but to walk before thee in godly simplicity and sincerity. For he that walketh uprightly walketh surely, Prov. x. 9. All disquiet of mind ariseth from our own lusts and unmortified tempers, which make the bosom like a troubled sea. And no settled calm shall we find till we have a single eye to God's glory, and can count ourselves worthy of no good. Then we may draw comfort out of trouble, and learn to praise the Lord, both for what he giveth and taketh away: being sure that all things are working for our good and tending to God's glory, which he knows best how to promote, and that nothing but sin can make us unhappy and miserable.

What worthless worms are we!

Let the whole race of creatures bow,

And pay their praise to thee.

Our lives thro' various scenes are drawn, And vex'd with triffing cares; While thine eternal thought moves on Thine undisturb'd affairs. Who shall lay any thing to the charge of God's elect? It is God that justifieth, who is he that condemneth? It is Christ that died, yea, rather, that is risen again; who is even at the right hand of God, who also maketh intercession for us, Rom. viii. 33, 34.

HERE is a flory, how the devil appeared to a dying man, and I showed him a parchment roll, which was very long, wherein was written on every fide the fins of the poor fick man, which were many in number: and there were also written the idle words he had spoken in his life; together with the false words, the unchaste words, and angry words; afterwards came his vain and ungodly words; and, lastly, his actions; digefied according to the commandments: Whereupon Satan faid, See here, behold thy virtues; fee here what thy examination must be .- Whereupon the poor finner answered, It is true, but thou hast not fet down all, for thou shouldest have added, and set down here below, "The blood of Jesus Christ cleanseth us from all our fins;" and this also should not have been forgotten, that "Whosoever believeth in Him " shall not perish, but have everlasting life." Whereupon the devil vanished. Thus, if the devil should muster up our fins, and set them in order before us, but let Christ be named in a faithful way, and he will give back, and fly away with all speed.

My fins are great, I do consess, And of a scarlet dye; But Jesu's blood can wash me clean, As God does testify. But we all with ofen face, beholding as in a glass the glory of the Lord, are changed into the same image from glory to glory, 2 Cor. iii. 18. Therefore, let this mind be in you which was in Christ Jesus, Phil. ii. 5. For he has left us an example, that we should follow his steps, 1 Pet. ii. 21.

If, before we fay or do any thing, we should always consider whether it was agreeable to the pattern of Christ, a multitude of sins would be avoided. O Lord, however guilty and miserable I am, yet when I can humble myself before thee as the vilest of sinners, and look up unto thee by faith, depending only upon thy free grace, I enjoy peace. Grant therefore, O my God, that this beholding of thee may be my constant exercise, and that by this means I may be strengthened cheerfully to follow thy pattern, and be daily more changed into the glorious image of thy love, patience, and humility, and thus be ripening for eternal life.

My dear Redeemer and my Lord! I read my duty in thy word; But in thy life the law appears, Drawn out in living characters.

Such was thy truth, and fuch thy zeal, Such def'rence to thy Father's will.

Such love and meckness so divine, I would transcribe and make them mine.

Be thou my pattern, make me hear More of thy gracious image here; Then God the judge shall own my name Among the follow'rs of the Lamb. He maketh his fun to rife on the evil and on the good, and fendeth rain on the just

and on the unjust, Matt. v. 45.

MANY serious people are very ready to give alms to the pious part of their poor brethren, but are afraid of relieving a common beggar; and It must be owned, that, as riches are a talent from God, they who have them must be discreet in the distribution of them; the religious poor have the best claim, but others ought not to be entirely overlooked; as it is plain from the conduct of God himself, " for he maketh his sun to rise on the evil and on the good." Only common healthy beggars are forbidden alms; concerning whom God fays, "If they will not work neither should they eat," 2 Theff. iii. 10. It may be faid, they will make an ill use of your bounty; but what then? is not this the very effect of divine Goodness? Is not this the very goodness that is recommended to us in scripture, by imitating of which we may flow ourselves to be "the children of our Father which is in "heaven, who fendeth rain on the just and unjust?" Shall I withhold a little money or food from my fellow-creature, for fear he should not be good enough to receive it of me? Do I beg of God to deal with me, not according to my merit, but according to his own great goodness; and shall I be so absurd as to withhold my charity from a poor fellow-creature, because he may perhaps not deserve it? Shall I use a measure towards him, which I pray God never to use towards me? Lazarus was a common beggar; and yet he was the care of angels, and carried into Abraham's bosom. " I was a stranger, " and ye took me in," faith our bleffed Saviour; but who can perform this duty, that will not relieve persons that are unknown to them? " As we have "therefore opportunity, let us do good unto all men, especially unto them " who are of the household of faith."

And will good works command;

Lord give me faith which works by love, | Which makes a neighbour's grief my own, And lends an helping hand.

Though I walk through the walley of the shadow of death, I will fear no evil, for thou art with me, thy rod and thy staff comfort me, Pfalm xxiii. 4. See also Exod. xiv. of the deliverance of the Israelites, and the destruction of the Egyptians in the Red Sea.

TO rejoice in the light of God's countenance is certainly most pleafant, but not always so prositable to every one, as sometimes to walk in the dark, nay, in the valley of the shadow of death. Some are more humble and cautious, while walking in the dark than in the light; and glimpses of grace are then exceedingly precious; but such should consider for their humiliation, that darkness or deadness are commonly the effects of a wrong spirit and careless walk. O Lord, grant that when I am deprived of sensible comforts, I may yet be enabled to rely upon the bare word, and in death may be refreshed by the light of thy countenance. Amen. Yes, thou hast declared "that the righteous hath hope in his death," Prov. xiv. 32.

Death cannot make our fouls afraid,
If God be with us there;
We may walk thro' our darkest shade,
And never yield to fear.

May I but climb to Pifgah's top, And view the promis'd land, My flesh itself shall long to drop, And pray for the command.

Clasp'd in my heav'nly Father's arms, I shall forget my breath,
And lose my life among the charms
Of so divine a death.

Hear, ye children, the instruction of a father; and attend to know understandings Prov. iv. 1. We speak that we do know, and testify that we have seen, John iii. 11. Beloved, believe not every spirit, but try the spirits whether they are

of God, 1 John iv. 1.

TO EADER, whoever thou art that comest to this book for instruction and edification, let the following monitions, the result of long experience and observation, be acceptable unto thee; they are defigned for thy spiritual good, will warn thee against errors, and, if complied with, give thee a true relish of gospel peace and redeeming love. Let "the life thou now livest in the flesh be by faith in the Son of God." Labour after a constant foulfurviving fellowship with the Father and the Son, thro' the holy Spirit .-Watch over thy passions, conduct, and conversation, so as that the Spirit of the Lord be not grieved, nor his comfortable influences withdrawn from thy foul. Be ready to every good work as thou hast ability and opportunity; and take special care that thy good be not evil spoken of thro' the manner of thy performing it. Let no external fervices whatever, either respecting thyfelf or others, make thee neglect a constant watchfulness over the inward motions of thine own heart. Let the written word of God be thine invariable rule, both in principle and practice. Whatever persuafion advanceth not the Redeemer's honour, and tendeth not to magnify his grace, work, and faivation, be fure cometh not of him that calleth us. Be very earnest after meekness, humility, patience, self-denial, inward holmess, and all other graces of the Spirit: these carry their own evidence that they are wrought of God, and in their bleffed effects will remain with thee for evermore.

" My fon, if thine heart be wife and experienced in these things, my heart

" shall rejoice, even mine."

Lord fill my heart with love and joy, And fill it with thy precious peace; So will my tongue find fweet employ, And blefs the Lord my righteoufness. Open thou mine eyes, that I may see wonderful things out of thy law, Psal. cxix. 18. Lighten mine eyes, lest I sleep the sleep of death, Psalm xin. 3. For with thee is the fountain of life, in thy light shall we see light, Psalm xxxvi. 9.—Divine answer: I am come a light into the world, that who soewer believeth in me should not abide in darkness, John xii. 46. The Lord openeth the eyes of the blind, Psalm cxlvi. 8.

ANY imagine their eyes are opened, and that they have clear notions of religion in their heads; but they fee just like Eve after eating the forbidden fruit; their hearts being corrupted, are destitute of Christian simplicity and godly sincerity. For he that does not understand the word of God by the light of the holy Spirit, through prayer and faith, but only by his natural reason, is certainly blind still, new. iii. 17. and one devilish and plausible temptation to error and sin, is enough to break the strongest chain of human reasoning, for it is only "faith that gets the "victory," I John v. 4.

The fouls, enlight'ned from above, With joy receive the word; They fee what wifdom, pow'r, and love Shines in their dying Lord.

 But unbelief perverts the fame To guilt, despair, and death.

Till God diffuse his graces down, Like show'rs of heav' ly rain, In vain Apollos sows the ground, And Paul may plant in vain. Without me ye can do nothing; therefore, abide in me, John xv. 4, 5.

I Can no more do without thee, O my dear Saviour, than the branch can without the vine! Keep me therefore always in thee, else I shall have recourse to my old fancied stock of grace, though I have been a thousand times convinced of my insufficiency. May I never be left in the least thing to my own strength, but be directed, assisted, and blessed by thee in all my doings. For as far as I trust to myself, I am distrustful of thee, and consequently weak; and, on the other hand, the more I distrust myself, the more I trust to thee, and shall be strengthened and blessed.

Son of God, thy bleffing grant; Still supply my ev'ry want; Tree of life, thine influence shed, With thy sap my spirit seed.

Tend'rest branch, alas! am I; Wither without thee, and die; Weak as helpless infancy; O confirm my foul in thee! Unfustain'd by thee, I fall; Send the strength for which I call: Weaker than a bruifed reed, Help I ev'ry moment need.

All my hopes on thee depend; Love me, fave me to the end; Give me thy continuing grace; Take the everlasting praise. Offer unto God thanksgiving, and pay thy vows unto the Most High, and call upon me in the day of trouble. I will deliver thee, and thou shalt glorify me. Whoso offereth praise glorifies me: and to him that ordereth bis conversation aright, will I show the salvation of God, Plalm 1. 14, 15, 23. See also Itai. xxv. 9.

NOTHING moves God more to hear us, than the glorifying him by faith with thanksgiving, and the keeping up a child-like confidence in him, as our reconciled Father in Christ; and nothing quickeneth faith more, than sure promises of answering our prayers. Thus God will certainly hear and deliver us, fince all his ways are only designed to strengthen us in faith, and to save our souls. What need we then to be afraid in times of trouble? ought we not rather to draw near to God in prayer and thanksgiving, and glorify him even beforehand; considently believing, that we shall certainly meet with new deliverances and quickenings of faith?

To what a flubborn frame
Has fin reduc'd our mind!
What ftrange ungrateful wretches we?
And God as ftrangely kind

Turn, turn us, mighty God, And mould our fouls afresh; Break, fov'reign Grace, these hearts of stone, 'And give us hearts of stell.

Let old ingratitude
Provoke our weeping eyes,
And hourly as new mercies fall,
Let hourly thanks arife.

Say ye to the righteous that it shall be well with them, for they shall eat the fruit of their doings, Isa. iii. 10. Therefore mark the perfect man, and behold the upright: for the end of that man is peace, Pfal. xxxvii. 37.

ANY are for having the first which is not to be expected till the Marting for they would be glad of the triumph, but will not fight; the waiting for the Lord seems to them too long: But for the most glorious promises we must often wait the longest. Jacob was obliged to wait longer than Esau, though he had greater promises than he: and how long was it before the promise of Christ, the greatest of all, was accomplished? It ought therefore well to be observed, that it is said at last, "It shall be well with the righteous, and the end of the upright is peace;" when his faith, love, and patience are tried enough in the surnace of afflictions, then the acceptable year shall come, and the blessed days of joy will appear.

As fparks break out of turning coals, And fill are upwards borne; So grief is rooted in our fouls, And man grows up to mourn.

Yet with my God I leave my cause, And trust his promis'd grace; He rules me by his well-known laws Of love and righteousness.

Not all the pains that e'er I bore
Shall spoil my future peace,
For death and hell can do no more
Than what my Father please.

Examine me, O Lord, and prove me; try my reins and my heart, Psalm xxvi. 2. Search me, O God, and know my heart, and see if there be any wicked way in me, and lead me in the way everlasting, Psal. Cxxxix. 23, 24.

WOULD David, the man after God's own heart, not trust himself, but present his heart to the Lord to be tried? much less can or ought we to trust our hearts: "For he that trusts in his heart," says the wise man, "is a fool," Prov. xxviii. 25. We have more reason to be as aid of our own hearts, than of all other enemies. It is not necessary for us to know when or by what means the Lord searches our hearts; but every one that is really in a state of grace, and walking in the sear of the Lord, will pray him to search the heart, and to deliver him from every wicked way. The holy Spirit hath various ways of searching the hearts of his people, and makes use of different means with the same person.—We are not to limit the mode nor the extent of his operations; but it is our duty to pray, that he will in every thing guide us in the way that leadeth to everlasting life. Some may be worked upon very differently from what we have been; but the whole is under the direction of infinite Wisdom, and tends to manifest the glory of divine Grace in our salvation.

Lord, fearch my foul, try ev'ry thought; Though my own heart accuse me not Of walking in a false disguise, I beg the trial of thine eyes.

Lord, all my desire is before thee. Teach me thy way O Lord; I will walk in thy truth; unite my heart to fear thy name, Plalm xxxviii. 9. and lxxxvi. 11.

INCOURAGED by thy bleffed word of promile, O Lord, that before men call, thou wilt answer, and whilst they are yet speaking, thou wilt hear, Ifa. lxv. 24. I now draw nigh to thee, and present my supplication before thee. Teach me by thy word and Spirit, the things of my everlafting peace; let my foul be cast in the mould of the gospel, and let me be obedient to thy will in all things. Manifest thyself unto me, as thou dost not the world; show me my inward corruptions, and let me see into the depth of iniquity that is in my heart; grant me that " fear of the Lord, which is the " beginning of Wildom; incline mine heart unto thy teltimonies; lead me " into all truth; help me to learn, that he that believeth will not make " hafte;" refrain the impetuofity of thy natural temper, that I may do all things deliberately, as becometh one that feareth alway, that is ever looking unto thee for discretion. Lord, preserve me calm in my spirit, gentle in my commands, and watchful that I speak not unadvisedly with my lips; moderate in my purpofes, yielding in my temper, where the honour of my God is not immediately concerned; and ever thedfast where needful. Lord, grant me thy protection, and may thy bleffing be upon me, that I may bring not an evil report upon the good land I was permitted to fpy out; but walk honourably through the wilderness, and pass triumphantly over Jordan into Canaan. Amen.

Be with me Lord, where'er I go,
Teach me what thou wou'dst have me do; Suggest whate'er I think or say,
Direct me in the narrow way.

Strive to enter in at the strait gate, Luke xiii. 24. Work out your own salvation with fear and trembling, Piul. ii. 12. Forgetting those things that are behind, I reach forth unto those things which are before, Phil. iii. 13.

HE that feeds only upon Christ, and yet with sear and trembling works out his salvation, is in the right way; the former preventing discouragement, and the latter presumption. Grant, O Lord, that I may still continue to fight the good fight of saith, and never look back on the sless-pots of Egypt; and "rather choose to suffer affliction with the people of God, than to enjoy the pleasures of sin for a season." May the painful death which thou suffereds on the cross, have an abiding place in my heart; that thereby unbelief and slavish fear may be destroyed on one hand, and security on the other; that I may walk at all times and in all places with holy and filial reverence, as in thy presence. Amen.

As new-born babes defire the breaft, To feed, and grow, and thrive; So faints with joy the gospel taste, And by the gospel live.

Grace, like an uncorrupted feed, Abides and reigns within; Immortal principles forbid
The fons of God to fin.

Not by the terrors of a flave
Do they perform his will;
But with the noblest pow'rs thy have
His sweet commands sulfil.

Create in me a clean heart. O God, and renew a right spirit within me, Pial. li. 10. See God's answer, Ezek. xi. 19, 20.

A Glorious promise, which may be relied on, and will certainly be sulfilled if heartily pleaded in prayer. "And blessed are the pure in heart, for they shall see God," Mat. v. 8 In regard to justification, we are perfectly clean by Christ's atonement; but in regard to fanctification, our hearts are not perfectly clean yet, but we have still need to pray, "Create in me a clean heart." Amen. O Lord! may thy blood and spirit cleanse and sanctify me thoroughly from all my sins. Amen.

Blefs'd with the joys of innocence Adam our father flood, Till he debas'd his foul to fenfe, And eat th' unlawful food.

Now we are born a fenfual race, To finful joys inclin'd; Reason has lost its native place, And slesh enslav'd the mind. Great God! renew our ruin'd frame, Our broken pow'rs restore; Impire us with a heav'nly slame; And sless that reign no more.

Eternal Spirit! write thy law
Upon our inward parts;
And let the fecond Adam draw
His image on our hearts.

And Enoch walked with God, Gen. v. 24.

HAPPY they who, in their early days, are turned from fin, themselves, and the world, by repentance towards God, and faith in the promised feed, as Enoch was, who, from the time of his convertion, walked with God in a continued progress in his work and ways. To "walk with God," is to come out from a finful generation and cleave to the Lord, as Noah and Caleb did; and God requires this of all believers, 2 Cor. vi. 17. It is fetting the Lord before our eyes continually, and fearing him always as Tofeph and Nehemiah did; thereby avoiding every thing that would offend him:-He is also making an open profession of faith in him and zeal for his fervice. as our highest honour and best interest. And farther, it is such a walk as obtains an holy intimacy and communion with God, which is kept up by constant meditation, prayer, and praise; hearkening to the voice of his word and Spirit, and walking humbly before him; hereby holine's is promoted and encouraged in the foul. Thus " Enoch wa'ked with God;" thus he maintained a holy confidence in him, committing all his ways unto him, always expecting help from him, and rejoicing in the hopes of being with him for ever.

For these happy ends the grace of God is sufficient for all that see their want, and ask it. The Lord help us to seek it, that like Enoch, we may walk with God here below, and live with him for ever in glory. Amen.

My heart is prone to rove I fee, Lord plant it near thy bleeding fide; Then will it kindly gaze on thee, And in thy love and fear abide. See that ye walk circumspecily, not as fools, but as wise. Be ye therefore not unwise, but understanding what the will of the Lord is, Eph. v. 15, 17. That ye may approve things that are excellent, that ye may be sincere and without offence, Phil. i. 10. See also Luke xii. 36.

BELIEVERS have nothing more at heart than the will of God; being once convinced of that, they immediately fet about it at all hazards; but sometimes they cannot come to a thorough knowledge of the same without great conflicts and patience, Heb. x. 36. For the flesh is exceedingly crasty and forward, and though often forbid to go, it is often calling out, "However little we run," 2 Sam. xviii. 23. But the Lord will nevertheless carry them through. Yes, Lord! this thou hast done innumerable times. O that I might trust thee also for the time to come, and not be so weak in faith any more.

Beloved felf must be deny'd,

The mind and will renew'd;

Passion suppress'd, and patience try'd,

And vain defires subdu'd.

Flef is a dang'rous foe to grace, Where it prevails and rules; Flesh must be humbled, pride abas'd Lest they destroy our souls.

Lord! can a feeble, helples worm,
Fulfil a task so hard?
Thy grace must all my works perform,
And give a free reward.

If ye be reproached for the name of Christ, happy are ye; for the spirit of Glory and of God resteth upon you, 1 Pet. iv. 14. Rejoice ye in that day, and leap for joy, for, behold your reward is great in heaven, Luke vi. 23 Whose-ever shall confess me before men, him will I confess before my Father who is in heaven; but whosever shall deny me, &c. Matt. x. 32, 33.

EVERY real Christian must expect persecution from the world, and though he should take heed of giving needless offence by self-will, or surious conduct of any kind; yet neither should he seek to shun the cross, by what some men call prudence, or a sneaking compliance with the world, but be willing to suffer every thing after the will of God, rather than to hurt the cause of God in the least, and depart a hair's breadth from his express will, out of complacence to the world. They openly confess Christ their Lord, and do not mind to be called sools by the wicked, as they are persuaded that at last they will call themselves by that name; therefore they care not for the approbation and praise of the world, but count it a great honour to bear the reproaches of Christ.

Bless'd are the suff'rers who partake Of pain and shame for Jesu's sake; Their souls shall triumph in the Lord; Glory and joy are their reward.

The Lamb shall lead his heavinly slock Where living fountains rife, And love Divine shall wipe away The sofrows of their eyes.

Take heed to your spirit, Malachi ii. 15. The heart is deceitful above all things, and desparately wicked, who can know it? Jet. xvii. 9.

PRIVATE loop-holes, finful lusts can hide themselves at times so well as to seem quite dead: but if we grow careless, they spring up again on a favourable occasion, and sometimes appear in a spiritual shape, and take a fine spiritual name. Thus though the sless exceedingly likes sensual indulgences, yet to flatter its lust of pride and the vanity of being thought a perfect man, it will sometimes endure great mortification. Therefore we ought always to be jealous of ourselves and guard as much against self-righteousness as licentiousness. For the sless is never more shelly and dangerous, than when it has the most spiritual appearance, and covers its lusts with the holiness and spirituality of angels.

Sin has a thousand treach'rous arts
To practise on the mind:
With flatt'ring looks she tempts our hearts,
But leaves a sting behind.

With names of virtue she deceives
The aged and the young:
And while the heedless wretch believes,
She makes his fetters strong.

She pleads for all the joys the brings, And gives a fair pretence; But cheats the foul of heav'nly things, And chains it down to fenie.

So on a tree divinely fair
Grew the forbidden food;
Our mother took the poifon there,
And tainted all her blood,

O fend out thy light and thy truth; let them lead me, let them bring me into thy holy hill, and to thy tabernacles, Pfalm xliii. 3 — Divine answer: The path of the just is as the shining light, that shineth more and more unto the perfect day, Prov. iv. 18.

THE wifer we are in our own conceits, the more negligent are we in prayer, and more destitute of true wisdom and faith. "For the "Lord gives sight only to the blind, and to the babes" who pray for it. Therefore the deepest humblings go before the greatest blessings. O my blessed Saviour! since I am always blind and ignorant of myself, if I am not guided by thine eyes, I desire always to look up to thee, and do every thing under thy direction.

Prevent me, lest I harbour pride, Lest I in my own strength confide; Show me my weakness: let me see I have my pow'r, my All from thee.

Enrich me alway with thy love; My kind protector ever prove; The fignet put upon my breath, And let thy Spirit on me rest. Affift and teach me how to pray; Incline my nature to obey; What thou abhorrest let me flee, And only love what pleases thee.

O may I never do my will, But thine, and only thine fulfil; Let all my time, and all my ways Be foent, and ended to thy praise.

By grace ye are faved, Ephes. ii.5.

To rely on grace, and desire to be saved only by free grace, is a sweet exercise; but so far from being practised enough, that we have all need to learn the prayer of the publican better still, since the Pharisee is ever busy to creep in again. But care must be taken, that we do not build our faith only upon the sweet enjoyments of the grace of God in our hearts, but also upon the grace in the heart of God, as it is procured by Christ, and promised to us through Christ. For which reason God sometimes denies us sensible enjoyments, that true faith may begin to act like itself, and depend upon nothing but free grace in Christ. And this we have also boldness to do, should we ever seem to fall short of the due measure of faith, godly forrow, and repentance. For since there is no merit to be placed in these things, there is no certain measure and degree prescribed to all, but it is enough truly to hate sin, to desire grace, and sineerely to enter upon the Christian race.

'Tis not by works of righteousness, Which our own hands have done; But we are sav'd by sov'reign Grace, Abounding thro' his Son.

'Tis from the mercy of our God That all our hopes begin; 'Tis by the water and the blood.
Our fouls are wash'd from sin.

Rais'd from the dead, we live a-new?
And justify'd by Grace,
We shall appear in glory too,
And see our Father's face.

Whosever committeth sin, transgresseth also the law; for sin is the transgression of the law; and ye know that he was manifested to take away our sins, I John, iii. 4, 5.

THERE is a far greater power in the blood of Christ to save and cleanse, than in sin to defile and destroy, Rom. viii. 3. The law became weak to do good, but it hath power to condemn; "The strength of sin is the law; the law gives strength to sin, because, by virtue of the curse of the law, fin reigns, and defiles the souls of men, through that righteous curse; "The soul that fins shall die." But the blood of Jesus Christ hath greater power to save, than sin, together with the law, hath to condemn; for the blood of Christ takes away and abolishes it utterly: where this blood is applied, and brought home, sin itself cannot ruin that soul. The soul is poisoned and corrupted by sin; but the blood of Christ takes away the guilt of sin, yet not the being of it: As we are sanctified but in part, we can only be earnest at the throne of Grace that we may be kept by Almighty Power, and that Jesus may be for us, who is stronger than all that come against us.

O dear incarnate Son of God, . Well wash me in thy precious blood; Caft all my guilt into that fea, And let no luft have pow'r o'er me. Be ye not as the borse or as the mule, which have no understanding: whose mouth must be held in with bit and bridle, lest they come near unto thee, Pilin xxxii. 9. Therefore, if ye call on the Father, who, without respect of persons, judgeth according to every man's work, pass the time of your sojourning here in fear 1 Pet. i. 17.

READER, dost thou believe there is a God, and that he will shortly judge thee for every evil action thou hast done, and for all the secret iniquity of thy bosom? How then cansi thou meet thy Judge unless thy heart be changed, and thy sins are pardoned? There will be no room for dissembling, excusing, or escaping then. Begin therefore in time, O wretched man! to consider how thou must appear before that awful judgment-seat. The door of mercy is yet open: Oh call upon the Lord Jesus for repentance and pardon before the door be shut, and thou be lost for ever.

O God, mine inmost soul convert!
And deeply on my thoughtful heart
Eternal things impress;
Give me to feel their solemn weight,
And tremble on the brink of sate
And wake to righteousness.

Be this my one great bus'ness here,
With serious industry and sear
My suture bliss t'ensure;
Thine utmost counsel to sulfil,
And softer all thy righteous will,
And to the end endure.

Be firong and of a good courage, I will be with thee, I will not fail thee, nor forfake thee. Only be thou firong and very courageous! O sweet commandment! Be not afraid, neither be thou dismayed; for the Lord thy God is with thee whithersoever thou goest. O glorious promise! Joshua i. 5, 6, 9. Nay, I have called thee by thy name: I have surnamed thee, though thou hast not known me, Isa. xlv. 4.

OD calls upon us to be strong in faith, and strong faith will make men cheerful and courageous, and enable them to overcome strong distinctives. Therefore if thy feet and heart are bound for Canaan; trust stoutly in the Lord to carry thee safely through. Feeble as thou art, yet go on and fear nothing for God is with thee. He that has but this one care and fear, not to displease him, need not care for, or fear any thing else. His safety is insured in the promise of God, who will keep him harmless in all things.

Awake, our fouls, (away our fears, Let ev'ry trembling thought be gone) Awake and run the heav'nly race, And put a cheerful courage on.

True, 'tis a strait and thorny road, And mortal spirits tire and faint; But they forget the mighty God, That feeds the strength of ev'ry faint.

From Him, the overflowing fpring, Our fouls shall drink a fresh supply; While such as trust their native strength Shall melt away, and droop, and die. Behold the Lamb of God, who takes away the sin of the world! John i. 29.

These are they who came out of great tribulation, and have washed their robes, and made them white in the blood of the Lamb. Therefore are they before the throne of God, and serve him day and night in his temple, Rev. vii. 14, 15.

HE that washes himself continually in the blood of Christ, does not make light of sin, but detests it above all things; for what can be more abominable than sin, since it cannot be taken away but by the blood of the Son of God? This humbles true believers, and makes them watch against sin; and if it has not the same effect on thee, Reader, matters are not right with thy soul. For talking of the blood of the Lamb, and yet trisling with sin, cannot agree together, but show a false or a deceived heart.

Now will I have these lusts of mine That crucify'd my God, Those fins that pierc'd and nail'd his flesh Fast to the fatal wood.

Yes, my Redeemer, they shall die, My heart has so decreed; Nor will I spare the guilty things That made my Saviour bleed.

Whilst with a melting, broken heart,
My murder'd Lord I view,
I'll raise revenge against my fins,
And flay the murd'rers too.

Verily I say unto you, they have their reward, Matt. vi. 2. Henceforth there is laid up for me a crown of righteousness, which the Lord, the righteous Judge, shall give me at that day; and not to me only, but unto all them also that love his appearing, 2 Tim. iv. 8.

OR this crown faith strives. And because this faith justifies, it makes the world say, Well, I also believe: But where is their conflict and conquest? It is answered; I rely on Christ and grace. But Canaan was also a free gift of grace, and yet it was not taken without conflicts. And moreover as worldly people are acquainted with the wickedness of their hearts, they do not trust alone upon grace, but on their duties and the outward form of godliness, self-love and pride, still reigning in their hearts.

No works nor duties of your own Can for the smallest fin atone; The robes that nature may provide Will not your least pollutions hide.

Ye fons of pride, that kindle coals With your own hands to warm your fouls, Walk in the light of your own fire, Enjoy the sparks that ye defire.

This is your portion at my hands, Hell waits you with her iron bands; You shall lie down in forrow there, In death, in darkness, and despair. Let us run with patience the race that is fet before us, Heb. xii. 1.

HE that runs, and wants patience, will never get to the end of his race: For in the race of God's commandments, men have foul-play; one comes and rails on him for his zeal, for running fo fast, when he thinks him felf too flow; another gives him a blow, and strikes him down, and up he gets and runs again. Every man will make room, and give way to him that is in a race here; while he that runs the heavenly race may expect, and will find many fland in his way, and flop him all they he can, fo that he will have great need of patience; without it every thing will offend him. What it is a wife man, a zealous man without patience? He will bear nothing, fuffer nothing, and can do no great good. David had many enemies that foake mischievous things against him, and laid snares for his life; but he was as a deaf man that " heard not, and as a dumb man that openeth not his mouth." Saul was twice in his power, yet he would not avenge himself of him: he wanted neither courage nor wisdom; he had a stirring spirit, a working head, was fensible of wrongs, knew himself innocent, his adversaries malicious: his thoughts must needs be troubled, and yet he is his own man under all; he committed his cause to God, his patience was in exercise, and he waited God's time of deliverance. Chrift's active and paffive obedience made him a complete Mediator; may thy active and passive obedience, reader, make thee a complete Christian.

Awake our fouls (away our fears, Let ev'ry trembling thought be gone) Awake and run the heav'nly race, And put a cheerful courage on. From Christ the overslowing spring,
Our souls shall drink a fresh supply;
While such as trust their native strength
Shall melt away, and droop, and die.

Whom God hath set forth to be a propitiation (or a mercy-leat) through faith in his blood, to declare his righteousness for the remission of sins that are past, through

the forbearance of God. Rom. iii. 25.

GOD hath set forth the propitiation; from all eternity he proposed Christ to be the mercy-seat; the spring of all is from the Father, who is love: he proposed, revealed, and made Christ known to Adam, to Abraham, to the Prophets; he proposed the mercy-seat as an object of faith in all the sacrifices that were types of Christ; this mercy-seat is clearly and fully set forth in the gospel dispensation. In this plan the righteousness and justice of God is declared, while he vindicates the honour of his perfections and laws, and maintains the authority of his government, by punishing the offences of rebel-subjects in the sufferings of the Surety, who was made sin, an offering for sin, that we might be made the righteousness of God in him."

Whither shall I, a poor sinner, conscious of guilt, and apprehensive of wrath, fly for refuge? Where shall I find it? Where but under the covert of atoning blood! while others have recourfe to refuges of lies, and would establish a righteousness of their own, "in the Lord my righteousness I find rest at and fafety; having fled for refuge to lay hold on the hope fet before me; in " Christ my hope, I shall have strong consolation." Does Jehovah from this mercy-feat offer pardon for me, a rebel-finner? Do I hear this voice befeeching me to be reconciled to him, through Christ my propitiatory and peace? shall I not hear this voice of mercy, and live, and joy in God thro' Christ, by whom I receive the atonement? Will God commune with me from this mercy-feat, and bless me with the manifestations of his love! O delightful interview, when most alone, retired from the world, but least alone when with my God! O the inexpressible pleasure of secret devotion, of "a life hid with "Christ in God!" If the contemplation of divine love here below be fo ravishing, O what shall I experience above! " My God guide me here by thy " counsels, and afterwards receive me to thy glory."

No man can ferve two masters, for either he will hate the one, and love the other, or else he will hold to the one, and despise the other. Ye cannot serve God and Mammon, Matt. vi. 24.

my foul! stand upon thy guard, gird on thy strength with such thoughts as these? What can the world profit me, if the cares of it choak me? How can pleasures comfort me, if their sting poison me? Or what advancement is this, to be triumphing in honour before the face of men here, and to be trembling with confusion before the throne of God hereafter? What are the delights of the world, to the peace of my conscience, or the joy that is in the Holy Ghost? What are the applauses of men, to the crown prepared by God? Or what is the gain of the world, to the loss of my soul? The vanity of the creature is far beneath the excellency of my soul? The vanity of time not worthy to be mentioned with the things of eternity. Two masters of such opposite principles as God and Mammon, I cannot serve; therefore, Satan, upon the most deliberate consideration, I must give thee and thy service up, for thou biddest me to my loss.

Two masters are too much for me, Nor can the world with God agree; Then tempting Mammon, get thee gone, And let me ferve my Christ alone. O taste and see that the Lord is good, Psalm xxxiv. 8. Jesus Christ, the same yesterday, to-day, and for ever, Heb. xiii. 8.

HERE is an infinite fulness of all spiritual blessings treasured up in Christ Jesus for all his people; and out of his tulness they do receive, even grace for grace. But alas! we are flow of heart to believe the truth : we please ourselves with small things, and come slowly forward to a daily growth out of that fulness. Young converts, enamoured with what they have in hand, or living upon their feelings, are ready to flee from knowledge. as fomething dangerous and deftructive of holiness: and mere professors are apt to deny and even deride those precious feelings, as though the affections had no share in the Christian religion, and that the whole consisted in having a crowded head. Come then, O my foul, divest thyself from the pride of party, and the strife of tongues! be thou an humble supplicant at the feet of Jefus, for a live coal from off the altar, to purge away thine iniquity, and to warm thy affections; and likewise for the aids of the holy Spirit, to lead thee into "the knowledge of the only true God and Jesus Christ whom he hath " fent." Then shalt thou not only taste but see, not only see but taste, both fweetly tafte, and clearly fee, that "the Lord is good."

O the rich depths of love divine!
Of bliss a boundless store;
Dear Saviour, let me call thee mine,
I cannot wish for more.

On thee alone my hope relies, Beneath thy crofs I fall; Thou art my life, my facrifice, My Saviour and my All. We speak the wisdom of God in a mystery, even the hidden mystery, which God ordained before the world to our glory, I Cor. ii. 7.

THERE are some things declared in the gospel, which are absolutely its own, that are proper and peculiar unto it; such as have no footsteps in the law, or in the light of nature, but are of a pure Revelation, peculiar to the gospel. Of this nature are all things concerning the love and will of God in Christ Jesus; the mystery of his incarnation, of his Offices, and whole Mediation, of the Dispensation of the Spirit, and our Participation thereof, and our Union with Christ thereby; our Adoption, Justification, and effectual Sanctification thence proceeding: In a word, every thing that belongs to the purchase and application of saving grace, is of this sort. These things are properly evangelical, being peculiar to the gospel alone.

Hence the apostle Paul, unto whom the dispensation of it was committed, puts that eminency upon them, that (in comparison) he resolved to insist on nothing else in his preaching, 1 Cor. ii. 2. And to what purpose doth

he describe his ministry, Eph. iii. 7-11.

Reader, observe these two things; what God reveals in his word, let thy reason submit unto: what he proposes are objects, or matter of faith, beg of him to enable thee to believe.

The hidden wisdom of God's grace, No reason can explore; Then help me by thy Spirit's light, To see, believe, adore. Bleffed be the God and Father of our Lord Jesus Christ, who hath bleffed us with all spiritual bleffings in heavenly places in Christ, Ephel. i. 3.

PROM natural conftitution we earnestly expect present gratification. It is by no means sufficient, therefore, to explain to us our duty, or enforce it by suture rewards and punishments. There must be pleasures at hand, to outweigh the enticements of sin, and outbid whatever that forceress can offer. The religion of Jesus is constituted in this manner—it brings the possession of the best happiness here; a rich foretaste, in this life, of heavenly glory. Salvation cometh of the Lord to the sinner upon believing, just as a most ample estate bequeathed to a beggar in debt; at once it alters his whole condition, pays all he owes, supplies all he wants, gives him rank, figure, and authority, to which before he was a perfect stranger.

Such biessedness in the pardon of all my sins, in access to God with confidence, in victory over my spiritual enemies, give me, O my God, to enjoy!

Thou only Sov'reign of my heart, My Refuge, my almighty Friend, How can my foul from thee depart, On whom alone my hopes depend!

Eternal life thy words impart,
On these my fainting spirit lives;
Here sweeter comforts cheer my heart,
Than all the round that nature gives.

Let earth's alluring joys combine;
While Thou art here in vain they call;
One smile, one blissful smile of thine,
My dearest Lord, outweighs them all.

Low at thy feet my foul would lie,

Here fafety dwells, and peace divine,
Still let me live beneath thine eye,
For life, eternal life is thine.

Spare not, lengthen thy cords, and strengthen thy stakes. For thou shalt break forth on the right hand and on the left; and thy seed shall inherit the Gentiles, and make the desolate cities to be inhabited, Ila. liv. 2, 3.

TTOW comfortable is it to the religious man to behold an increase of the TI true worshippers of God! and more especially in that place, where his foul has dwelt among lions, and been " vexed from day to day with the filthy of conversation of the wicked?" To see the banner of Christ set up there, and numbers flock unto it, as doves to their windows-to see the kingdom of Satan weaken and contract, and the kingdom of God and his Christ strengthen and enlarge—to fee the hand of the Lord protecting and providing for his people-going before them, like the pillar and cloud, refreshing them by day and by night:- This is indeed a feast of fat things. Lord, grant that I may be thankful for what I have already feen, and may behold thy glory thus difplayed more and more. And while thou lengthenest our cords, do thou help us to ftrengthen our stakes; by holding fast the form of found words, living as persons professing godliness, showing that we are Christians indeed, by love to each other, and keeping the unity of the Spirit in the bond of peace. Thus shall our light shine before men, and the light of thy gospel break forth on the right hand and on the left, and make the desolate cities to be inhabited.

Arise, thou sun of righteousness,
And bless the world with heav'nly light;

Break forth and show thy gospel grace, Attended with the Spirit's might. If a man also strive for masteries, yet is he not crowned except he strives lawfully, 2 Tim. ii. 5. namely in faith, by which we have the victory. And as the enemies return again and again, and are always crafty and strong, we must continually be in arms. Until now, the kingdom of beaven suffereth violence, Matt. xi. 12.

If those cannot expect to be crowned who strive, but not lawfully, what must become of those who do not strive at all? O Lord, strengthen me therefore to get the victory, for it greatly exalts thy glory if the power of mine enemies be broke: and thy grace is able to overcome the greatest power of sin, and will destroy it effectually at last. Since thou hast promised that grace shall endure, and grow, and conquer, whilst sin is condemned to death, and is actually dying more and more when nailed to the cross of Christ.

Stand up, my foul, shake off thy fears, And gird the gospel armour on; March to the gates of endless joys, Where thy great Captain Saviour's gone.

What though the prince of Darkness rage, And waste the fury of his spite? Eternal chains confine him down To fiery deeps, and endless night.

What tho' thine inward lusts rebel,
'Tis but a struggling gasp for life;
The weapons of victorious Grace
Shall slay thy fins, and end the strife.

So then, it is not of him that willeth, nor of him that runneth, but of God that floweth mercy, Rom. xi. 16. Thou hast a little strength, Rev. iii. 8. But go in this thy might, &c. Surely I will be with thee, Judg. vi. 14, 16.

A Little strength is also the strength of God through Christ the second Adam, and confequently stronger than the power of Satan and the first Adam, should it seem ever so strong. Nay, it is the death of the old man already, and kills him by degrees more and more; till at last, when we drop this body of fin, it will deftroy him entirely. Believers in fuch a state may think themselves weaker than before they had any grace, not being able now to put such a force upon themselves as formerly. Because, they dare not now be wrought on by pride; for they no longer swim with the stream and experience no refistance; but swimming against the stream feel the force of the current of lust. But it is to be remembered, that hypocrify and proud nature, defirous of being feen and taken notice of, fometimes can outdo grace in many outward things, and have a better appearance in the eyes of man: for real Christians, not being willing to be worked upon by nature any longer, and yet having but little strength, cannot put forth a constraint upon themfelves continually, but they may be in this manner toffed to and fro; which the Lord wifely permits for their good, to convince them the more of their own infufficiency and nothingness, that they may rely on the strength of the Lord. Therefore we must not give over praying and hoping in this case; but as it is only the mercy and power of Christ, which preserves and strengthens the poor and feeble, we rather ought to be more earnest in drawing near to him with all our mifery, weariness, and nakedness.

Mere mortal pow'r shall fade and die, And youthful vigour cease; But we that wait upon the Lord, Shall feel our strength increase. If after they have ascaped the pollutions of the world, through the knowledge of the Lord and Saviour Jesus Christ, they are again entangled therein and overcome, the latter end is worse with them than the beginning, 2 Pet. ii. 20.

COME affirm that experienced Christians meet with no strong tempta-I tions, and feel no evil suggestions from within, and of consequence no strivings against the same; but it is quite the contrary: for beginners strive generally more against the outward pollutions of the world, whilst the experienced turn their force more against their inward and spiritual iniquities. Therefore take heed to your spirit, though your meaning be ever so good, and your affurance ever so great. Be not high-minded, for fear of falling. Beware of all fins; for the least may unawares and by degrees draw thee into many others, fo as to be at last entangled in such a manner, that without great watchfulness it will be impossible to be disengaged, therefore be not deceived: flee all occasions of fin. Say not within thyself, it is a light matter, it only concerns outward things, which do not belong to the effence of Christianity: for such outward liberty is a sure evidence of a false inward levity of mind, and a conscience not tender. And by conforming to the world, we give a good handle to the enemy of fouls to ruin us; and by fad experience we shall be convinced in time, that our latter end is worse than the beginning.

O for a persevering pow'r To keep thy just commands! We would defile our hearts no more, No more pollute our hands. If it be possible, as much as lieth in you, live peaceably with all men, Rom. xii. 18.

HERE is much contest in the world about property; but believers taking Christ for their only property, whom nobody can take from them, have, in him alone, immense treasures, and lasting peace. And fince wrath and anger turn into nothing but disquietness, and are punished by themselves, why dost thou suffer thyself to be easily moved by them? The least provocation, even a fingle word perhaps will stir up the corruption of thine heart, fo as to change thy countenance, and make thee utter dreadful words. Therefore confider how God bears with thee, and what an abomination anger is. It is a fire from hell, the true image of the old dragon: but being called to bear the image of God, and bring forth the fruits of the good Spirit, thou art to follow the lamb-like mind of Chrift; and to that purpose it is highly necessary first, to avoid all occasions of strife and contention. Secondly, to bridle our tongue, if quarrels arife. Thirdly, to fuffer when we are wronged. Fourthly, to pray directly, and quench the sparks of fire, before they break out into a flame. This is the easiest and the only method to prevent great troubles, and lead a peaceful happy life; for anger carries uneafiness, and love a sweet rest in itself.

Bl-s'd are the men of peaceful life, Who quench the coals of growing strife;

They shall be call'd the heirs of bliss, The sons of God, the God of peace. Having therefore, brethren, boldness to enter into the holiest by the blood of Jesus, &c. Let us draw near with a true heart, in full assurance of faith; having our hearts sprinkled (with the blood of Christ, by which he once entered into the holy place, having obtained eternal redemption for us, and purged our consciences from dead works, to serve the living God) from an evil conscience, and our bodies washed with pure water, Heb. x. 19, 22.

CHRIST has for ever purged our fins by himself; "For by one offering he hath perfected for ever them that are fanctified," chap. x.
And to this sprinkling of the blood of Christ all believers, even the weakest, are to come; in order to receive the forgiveness of fins. And the blood is said to be sprinkled to show the need of its application to the conscience by the holy Spirit. In this purple fountain the believer daily washes: It is his element and life. Thus he "lives by the faith of the Son" of God, who also loved him," always applying his ransom to his soul, and pleading his merits before his heavenly Father, which keeps his conscience pure and easy.

They find access at ev'ry hour
To God within the vail;
Hence they derive a quick'ning pow'r,
And joys that never fail.

O happy foul! O glorious state
Of ever-slowing grace!
To dwell to near the Father's feat,
And see his lovely sace.

That which may be known of God is manifest in them, for God hath showed it unto them, Rom. i. 19.

THERE are some things declared and enjoined in the gospel which have their foundation in the law and light of nature; fuch are all the moral duties, which are taught therein; these, the remaining light of nature, though obscurely, yet does teach and confirm; the apostle, speaking of mankind in general, fays, " That which may be known of God is " manifest in them;" the effential properties of God, rendering our moral duty to him necessary, are known by the light of nature: And by the same light are men able to make a judgment of their actions, whether they be good or evil, Rom. ii. 14, 15. The same law and light, which discover these things, do also enjoin their observance. Thus it is with all men before the preaching of the gospel to them. The gospel adds two things to the minds of men. 1. It directs us to a right performance of these things, from a right principle, by a right rule, and to a right end, so that they, and we in them, may obtain acceptance with God; hereby it gives him a new nature, and turns moral duties into evangelical obedience. 2. By a communication of that Spirit, which is joined to its dispensation, it supplies us with strength for their performance in the manner it directs. Who shall separate us from the love of Christ? shall tribulation, or distress, or persecution, or famine, or nakedness, or peril, or sword? Nay, in all these things we are more than conquerors through him that loved us, Rom. viii. 35, 37.

STARS shine brightest in the darkest night; torches are better for beating; grapes come not to the proof, till they come to the press; spices smell best when bruised; young trees root the faster for shaking; gold looks brighter for scouring; juniper smells sweetest in the fire; the palm-tree proves the better for pressing; camomile the more you tread it, the more you spread it: Such is the condition of all God's children, they are then most triumphant, when most tempted; most glorious, when most afflicted; most in the favour of God, when least in man's and least in their own: as their conslicts, so their conquests; as their tribulations, so their triumphs; true salamanders, that live best in the furnace of persecution: So that heavy afflictions are the best benefactors to heavenly affections; and where afflictions hang heaviest, corruptions hang loosest; and grace, that is hid in nature, as sweet water in rose leaves, is then most fragrant, when the fire of affliction is put under to distil it out.

My life, and all its comforts too From God's abundant bounty flow; And when he calleth back his own, Contented I would lay it down. Then if men scorn and Satan roar,
Yet strengthen'd by the God of pow'r
His faithful witness I shall be,
Tho' weak, I can do all thro' Thee,

Rise up, my love, my fair one, and come away; for lo, the winter is past, the rain is over and gone. The slowers appear on the earth, the time of the singing of birds is come, and the voice of the turtle is heard in our land, &c. Arise, my love, my fair one, and come away. O! my dove, that art in the clefts of the rock, &c. Song ii. 10—14.

Lord! how often has it been winter with me, but thou hast always quickened me again! Grant that by these experiences I may be so used to thy ways, as always to expect the best from thee in every thing, and to have only this one care, namely, how I may please thee as thy bride and dove, and be accepted through thee with thy Father. Let my faith be so strengthened by all thy various dealings with me, that at last I may have boldness and find complete rest in thy wounds, my crucified Saviour, where there is room for the greatest of sinners, even for me.

The voice of my beloved founds Over the tocks and rifing grounds; O'er hills of guilt, and feas of grief, He leaps, he flies to my relief.

Gently he draws my heart along, Both with his beauties and his tongue; Rife! fays my Lord, make hafte away, No mortal joys are worth thy flay.

The Jewish wint'ry state is gone,
The mists are sted, the spring comes on;
The sacred turtle dove we hear
Proclaim the new, the joyful year.

And when we hear our Jesus say, "Rise up, my Love, make haste away!"
Our hearts would sain outsly the wind,
And leave all earthly loves behind.

Be not conformed to this world, Rom. xii. 2. And love not the world, neither the things that are in the world. If any man love the world, the love of the Father is not in him. And the world paffeth away, and the luft thereof: but be that doth the will of God, abideth for ever, 1 John ii. 15, 17.

TO EADER; whose will dost thou? examine thyself. Perhaps thou thinkest to love the world and to do its will cannot be a great fin, because many reputed honest men and good Christians do the same. Nay, but for thy soul's fake confider what the Scripture fays, if thou "lovest the world, the love of the Father is not in thee;" and without this love of the Father, thou haft no faith; and being deftitute of faith, thou hast no Christ, and consequently no life and falvation. Confider further, whether thou doft not love the world. above either God or thy own foul? Hast thou not more than a hundred thoughts about the world for one of God, or of thy foul? And doft thou not talk an hundred times more about the world than about God or thy foul? And is not thy pursuit continually after the world to the neglect of God and thy foul? Why then the world is thine idol; thou lovest not God, and art murdering thy own foul. Alas, what a piteous case thou art in! The Lord have mercy on thee!

I fend the things of earth away; Away, ye tempters of the mind, False as the smooth deceitful sea, And empty as the whiftling wind.

Your freams were floating me along Down to the gulph of black despair; And whilft I liften'd to your fong, Your streams had near convey'd me there. And bid me seek superior bliss.

Now to the shining realms above I firetch my hands, and glance my eyes; O for the pinions of a dove, To bear me to the upper skies!

Lord, I adore thy matchless grace, That warn'd me from the deep abyfs; That drew me from those treach'rous seas, Not fashioning yourselves according to the former lusts in your ignorance; but as he who has called you is holy, so be ye boly. Note, in all manner of conversation, I Pet. i. 14, 15. Give diligence to make your calling and election sure; for the time past of our life may suffice us to have wrought the will of the Gentiles, &c. 2 Pet. i. 10. I Pet. iv. 3.

and doubts; for there is no affurance without conflicts: therefore all diligence is required to be evermore fure of it, so as to have boldness even in death. But let us take heed of presumption, since we do not know what may befal us at last; and be careful not to despise or overdrive the weaker fort of Christians, nor make our own experience a general rule for others; lest this comfortable doctrine of affurance prove a torment to them who have not yet attained it. Let all who have received a measure of Grace be thankful; yet not rest in it; but press forward, sighting the good fight of faith till they lay hold on eternal life.

How thort and hafty is our life!
How vast our souls' affairs!
Yet senseless mortals vaily strive
To lavish out their years.

But we march heedless on;
And ever hast ning to the temb,
Stoop downward as we run.

How we deserve the deepest hell,
That flight the Joys above!
What chains of veng'ance should we feel
That break such cords of love!

Draw us, O God! with fov'reign grace,
And hit our thoughts on high,
That we may end this mortal race,
And fee falyation nigh.

For the Son of Man is come to feek and to fave that which was loft, Luke xix. 10.

WHOEVER feriously seeks to be saved both from the power and punishment of sin, and seeks deliverance only through Christ, should not give way to heaviness of heart. For consider; art thou a lost sinner; Christ's salvation is brought to such. Art thou seeking his salvation? This is a good token that Christ has sought thee, else thou wouldst not seek after him. Whom Christ seeks he saves. Now therefore call upon him diligently to set up his kingdom in thy bosom, and say to thyself, O my soul, it was the very purpose of Christ's coming into the world to save sinners circumstanced just as thou art! yea, though thy sins be as scarlet, yea, though they be red as crimson; be thou not cast down, O my soul, and be not disquieted within me, but encourage a cheerful hope in thy Covenant-God, and instead of pouring only upon thy sins, consider the exceeding love of Christ in dying for them; and, constrained by a sense of that love, do thy diligence to live unto him; and for this he will enable thee by his holy Spirit.

The Lord of life and glory stands; Aloud he cries, and spreads his hands; He calls ten thousand sinners round, And sends a voice from ev'ry wound.

"An ample pardon here I give, And bid the fentenc'd rebel live; Show him my Father's fmiling face, And lodge him in his dear embrace. I purge from fin's detefted flain, And make the crimfon white again; Lead to celeftial joys refin'd, And lafting as the deathless mind."

O Jesu! let me doubt no more; But hear, and wonder, and adore; Till death shall make my last remove To dwell for ever in thy love. Repent ye, (O change your minds) and believe the gospel, Mark i. 15.

REPENTANCE or a godly forrow for fin is the doctrine of the gospel; this is absolutely necessary to faith in the Lord Jesus Christ, and a life of union and communion with him. O reader! the Baptist calls thee to repent! Jesus calls thee to repent! the God of heaven and earth calls thee to repent! and without it thou wilt perish eternally in the slames of hell. Canst thou not give thyself the grace of repentance! Thou canst not. O then pray and cry to the blessed Jesus, that his holy Spirit may produce this saving change in thee. Pray to him that he would give thee a living justifying faith in his blood and righteousness, and that thy heart may be filled with real sorrow for sin, with holy indignation against it, and with a sincere and active departing from it. O pray that you may walk by faith and not by sight, as seeing him continually, who to the natural eye is invisible.

Mistaken souls! that dream of heav'n, And make their empty boast Of inward joys, and sins sorgiv'n, While they are slaves to lust!

Vain are our fancies airy flights, If faith be cold and dead; None but a living pow'r unites To Christ, the living head.

'Tis faith that purifies the heart;
'Tis faith that works by love;
That bids our fins and lufts depart,
And lifts our fouls above.

What I fay unto you, I fay unto all, Watch, Mark xiii. 37.

ON a day set apart for the celebration of some great event, how anxious are the people to get in time to the place appointed? what earnestness is to be seen in their looks? As earnest should we be in watching for the hour in which our Lord shall come, that we may not be ashamed before him. A heart deceived by sin may suggest many arguments against this holy earnestness, but they are the reasonings of solly. It is a general warning, "What I say unto you, I say unto all, Watch." Almost every day affords an instance of some one hurried into eternity on a sudden. Was not hourly watchfulness necessary, a merciful God would not permit such sudden deaths. But he has sounded the alarm, "Ye know not what hour our Lord doth come." Give me grace, O Lord, to live always as if I heard that solemn voice sounding continually in my ears, "Awake, "ye dead! and come to judgment."

Awake, my drowfy foul, awake, And view the threat'ning fcene! Legions of fees encamp around, And Treach'ry lurks within.

Now to the work of God awake! Behold thy mafter near; The various, arduous task pursue, With vigour and with fear. The awful register goes on;
Th' account will furely come;
And op'ning day, or closing night,
May bear me to my doom.

Tremendous thought! how deep it strikes! Yet like a dream it flies, Till God's own voice the slumbers chase From these deluded eyes. Now also, when I am old and grey-headed, O God, for sake me not, Psaim 1xi. 18. O keep my soul, and deliver me; let me not be askamed, for I put my trust in thee. Let integrity and uprightness preserve me: for I wait on thee, Ptalm xxv. 20, 21.—Divine answer: Hearken unto me, O house of Jacob, and all the remnant of the house of Israel, which are borne by me from the belly, which are carried from the womb. And even to your old age I am He, and even to your boary hairs will I carry you: I have made, and I will bear, even I will carry and will deliver you, Isaiah xlvi. 3, 4.

OD never does for sake a true believer, since he is as closely united to Christ, as a child to its mother whilst carried in her womb. Yea a mother may forget her sucking child; but Jesus never forgets his ran-fomed people. His eyes are upon them for good continually: they are graven on the palms of his hands, and lodged in his pierced side close to his heart. We may expect every thing considertly from him, and this considence pleaseth him above all things. Then O may I "be careful for nothing, but in every thing by prayer and supplication, with thanks giving, make my requests known unto him," Phil. iv. 6. always trusting that he will as certainly carry me through all difficulties to come, as he has done hitherto; so that I may give him thanks for it beforehand. O Lord, grant that I may practise this better still.

My God, my everlasting hope,

I live upon thy truth;

Thine hands have held my childhood up,

And strengthen'd all ny youth.

Still has my life new wonders feen, Repeated ev'ry year; Behold my days that yet remain, I trust them to thy care. Trust ye not in lying words, saying, The temple of the Lord, the temple of the Lord, the temple of the Lord are these; but thoroughly amend your ways and your doings, &c. Jer. vii. 4, 5. Of true prayer and worthip in spirit and in truth, see also John iv. 24. Rom. xii. 1. James i. 27.

As a contrite heart is the most pleasing temple of God; so speaking with God in words of our own, as a child does with his father is the best book of prayer. The most cunning method, by which Satan deceives many now, is, the mistaking of an extensive knowledge and an afforance of their own making, not witnessed by the Spirit for true faith; or trusting on some outward forms of worship, or the having communion with others, or pretending to gospel experience and liberty, and thereby claiming the office of building up souls, though a true change was never wrought in their own hearts. For what can all our reading, prayers, going to church and sacrament profit us, without this? Before all this shall be acceptable to the Lord, we must be renewed in our minds and prove by our own words and deeds that we are the living temples of God.

Is there a thing beneath the fun
That strives with thee my heart to share;
Ah! tear it thence, and reign alone
The Lord of ev'ry motion there:
Then shall my heart from earth be free;
When it has found repose in thee.

O hide this felf from me, that I
No more, but Christ in me may live!
My vile affections crucify;
Let not one darling lust survive:
In all things may I nothing see,
Nothing defire or seek but thee,

Forsake me not, O Lord my God, be not far from me.—Divine answer: The mountains shall depart, and the hills be removed; but my kindness shall not depart from thee, neither shall the covenant of my peace be removed, saith the Lord that has mercy on thee. O thou afflicted, tossed with tempess, and not comforted; behold, I will lay thy stones with fair colours, and lay thy soundations with sapphires. And I will make thy windows of agates, and thy gates of carbuncles, and all thy borders of pleasant stones, Isa. liv. 10.—15.

SUCH as have never felt spiritual distress cannot relish this word of promise. But they who have been brought out of great misery by this sweet word, or any other word of promise applied to their hearts by the Holy Ghost, will henceforth take hold of it and prize it. Yea they should firmly believe, even without a present feeling of its comfort, that God will certainly perform the promise he has once sealed upon them. He is a God that changeth not, and a God in covenant with his people, and his covenant is everlasting. Therefore he will not forsake his people, but order all things for their good, and conduct them safely through their pilgrimage, though violent enemies assault them, and mighty tempests fall upon them. His faithfulness stands engaged for this.

Firm are the words which prophets give, Sweet words on which believers live; Each of them is the voice of God, Who spoke and spread the skies abroad.

O! for a strong, a lasting faith, To credit what th' Almighty saith! T' embrace the message of his Son And call the joys of heav'n our own.

Then should the earth's old pillars shake, And all the wheels of nature break, Our steady souls should fear no more Than solid rocks when billows roar, Lean not unto thine own understanding, Prov. iii. 5. Be not wife in your own conceit, Rom. xii. 17. For the wisdom of this world is foolighness with God, I Cor. iii. 19.

WHOEVER defires to know the will of the Lord, and prayeth earneftly for inftruction, shall certainly know his will. But he must not be wise in his own conceit, nor lean to his own understanding, nor expect that the wisdom or learning of this world will explain the things of God. He must not seek to reconcile the word to his lusts, but combat his lusts by the word. In short, he must come to Jesus for instruction, with the same simplicity of mind as a child comes to learn its letters; and not come for a month or a year, but sit all his life at the seet of Jesus, to receive instruction from him. Nor make me jealous of myself, enable me to go in and out with prayer, and keep me from all errors that may hurt my foul.

Thus faith the wisdom of the Lord, Bless'd is the man that hears my word; Keeps daily watch before my gates, And at my feet for mercy waits.

The foul that feeks me shall obtain Immortal wealth and heavenly gain; Immortal life is his reward, Life and the favour of the Lord.

But the vile wretch that flies from me, Doth his own foul an injury; Fools that against my grace rebel, Seek death, and love the road to hell. - So we preach, and so ye believed, I Cor. XV. II.

HE method of the gospel is this: First it proposeth things which are peculiarly its own. So the Apostle sets down the constant entrance, of his preaching, I Cor. xv. 3. It reveals its own mysteries laying them as the foundation of faith and obedience; and it also inlays them in the mind, thereby conforming the whole foul unto them, Rom. vi. 17. Gal. iv. 19. Tit. ii. 11. 12. 1 Cor. iii. 11. 2 Cor. iii. 18. This foundation being laid, it then grafts all duties of moral obedience on the flock of faith in Christ Jesus. Where this foundation is not laid through ignorance, or rejected through prejudice, the gospel has nothing to with such men : It neither renews their fouls, nor produces any genuine fruit of obedience. Thus the apostle Paul in all his epissles teaches first the mysteries of faith that are peculiar to the gospel and then descends unto those moral duties which are regulated thereby; so we must first hear the gospel, and be acquainted with its discoveries, before we can believe aright; and when our faith is rightly founded it is to show itself in the practice of all those good works that are required of us in the Scriptures. " As many as " walk according to this rule, peace be on them and mercy, and upon the " Ifrael of God."

Reveal mysterious gospel truth, And plant it in my mind, O Lord; So will my spirit be renew'd, And yield obedience to thy word, How can I do this great wickedness, and fin against God? Gen. xxxix. 9.

TOSEPH was a flave, and in a frrange country; he was tempted by a wanton and revengeful mittress; had he complied, he would have been fare of secrecy and sewards; but if he refisted, he might expect her keenest refentment, if not the loss of his life. Yet all these could not influence him; he chooles to submit to every inconveniency and danger, rather than be guilty of fo toul a crime, and fin against God. From hence we may learn, that the fear of God is a most effectual preservative against all criminal indulgences: it was this that reftrained Joseph, and will, where it is possessed, have the same effect on all mankind, upon all occasions, and in every scene of life: It strikes every passion, every spring of human actions, and includes in it all the most powerful motives, by which the conduct of mankind is determined. If interest be the principal thing that sways us, that furely cannot be so certainly promoted, as by fecuring the favour of God, and avoiding his displeasure. If we are governed by our fears, he is the most formidable Being in the universe to a mind that has perverted its faculties and transgressed the laws of its nature: if by hope, he is the supreme good; if by love, he is the most amiable and perfect excellence; if by gratitude, he is the author of all our happiness.

Give me, O Lord, such godly sear, As feels thy presence nigh; And looks to thee when fin is near, And makes the tempter fly. I have found the book of the law in the house of the Lord. Because thine heart was tender, and thou hast humbled thyself before the Lord, &c. 2 Kings xxii. 8, 19.

HE priefts, probably to fave themselves the trouble of writing, and the people of reading the book at large, had furnished themselves with ab-Aracts of the law, leaving out or flightly mentioning some parts thereof, and particularly the threatnings; which Jofiah was so much affected with, as being new to him. The book of God's law feems in our day to be loft, a fealed book to most of the congregations that profess themselves Christians; imperfect accounts of it are given, which hide the promifed bleffings and threatened curies of God. When this book by spiritual light is found, and on reading, or hearing thereof, conviction reaches the conscience, it is a great instance of God's favour, a token for good, and must be faithfully acknowledged as such. Reader, art thou truly apprehensive of the weight of God's wrath, and folicitous to obtain his favour? Seek earnestly upon thy knees, and in the house of the Lord, redemption from the curses of the law; pray that lefus may be revealed to thee; the blood of the Lamb of God alone can take away the guilt of fin; having found the law, reft not till thou find the gospel alfo, and arrive at a comfortable affurance of thine interest in its bleffings. Johah's heart was tender, he wept, and was encouraged; follow his forrow, and thou wilt partake of his bleffings; and make the law of God thy delight and countellor.

The precious word of God is hid, Or fealed every where; But when the Spirit light imparts, 'Tis found and read with care.

Draw me, we will run after thee: The king hath brought me into his chambers; we will be glad and rejoice in thee; we will remember thy love more than wine: the upright love thee, Song i. 4. In thee, the fatherless findeth mercy, Hosea xiv. 3.

THE needle's point in the seaman's compass never stands still, but quivers and shakes till it comes right against the north-pole: The wise men of the east never rested till they were right against the star which appeared unto them; and the star itself never stood still till it came right against that other Star, which shone more brightly in the manger, than the sun did in the sirmament: And Noah's dove could find no rest for the sole of her foot, all the while she was sluttering over the slood, till she returned to the ark with an olive branch in her mouth: So the heart of every true Christian, which is the turtle-dove of Jesus Christ, can find no rest all the while she is hovering over the waters of this world, till with the silver wings of a dove, and the olive branch of faith, it slies to Jesus the true Noah, and rest of our souls, who puts forth his hand out of the ark, and taking the dove in, receiveth it to himself,

In vain I feek for reft, In all created good; It leaves me still unblest, And makes me cry for God.

And fure at rest I cannot be, Until my heart finds rest in thee.

What shink ye of Christ? Matt. xxii. 42.

ND ought we not to put this question to our souls, when our happihels for ever depends upon him, and when without him we are undone to eternity? How ought we then to think of the Lord Jesus Christ? Surely as the Scripture represents him to be, " the Chief among ten thoufand, and altogether lovely." We ought to think of him in his person, as the great God incarnate; in his work and his offices, as the Saviour of Ifrael: We ought to think of him as one, in whom justice is satisfied, love and righteousness are manifested, and sinners are saved. O how highly have God's people ever thought of Christ Jesus! And how explingly do the faints now in heaven think of him? But what think we of Christ. when burdened with fin, when oppressed with affliction? When we cannot entertain a good thought of ourselves, can we then think of Christ as high-Iv as heretofore? Alas! how very weak is our faith at the best? Lord, fliengthen our faith, inflame our love, enlarge our views, support us in trials, guide us by thy counfels, and receive us into glory, that we may fing thy praise to all eternity. Amen.

Of Christ we cannot think and fing Until we taste his grace;

Then he is all in every thing, Peace, firength, and righteoufness, Our conversation, or our citizenship is in heaven, Phil. iii. 20. therefore rejoice, because your names are written in heaven, Luke x. 20. And set your
affection on things above, not on things on the earth, Col. iii. 2.

A Christian being only a traveller through the world, must expect a traveller's fare; bad roads sometimes, bad weather, and bad accommodations; but since his journey's end and city is in heaven, all his actions, sufferings, prayers, trade, and conversation, turn that way. O Lord, grant that mine eyes may be always fixed upon this mark, so as to regulate all my designs and doings accordingly; asking myself in every thing, whether it be fit for heaven, and agreeable to the mind of the heavenly bridegroom, and to the manners of the heavenly citizens.

Lord, bid my foul fly up and run
Thro' ev'ry heav'nly ftreet;
And fay, There's nought below the fun
That's worthy of thy feet.

So shall we mount on facred wings, And tread the courts above: Nor earth, nor all her mightiest things Shall tempt our meanest love. The glorious tenants of the place
Stand bending round the throne;
And faints and feraphs fing and praise
The infinite Three-One.

Jesus, O when shall that dear day, That joyful hour appear, When I shall leave this house of clay, To dwell amongst them there? To Him give all the prophets witness, that through his name, whosever believes in him shall receive remission of sins, Acts x. 43. chap. iv. 12. This name is as ointment poured forth, the fulness of all grace, Cant. i. 3. It is a strong tower: the righteous runneth into it, and is safe, Prov. xviii. 10.

In this name we should draw nigh to the Father in prayer, and not approach him with a strange fire of our own, kindled from the fancied merit of devotion; and he will draw nigh to us again, James iv. 8. He will certainly grant our petitions, "and we shall receive, that our joy may be full," John xvi. 24. "For the Lord is good, and ready to forgive, and plentcous in mercy unto all them that call upon him." Psalm lxxxvi. 5. and all these promises are yea and amen in Christ; so that every believer may say, "The Lord will receive my prayer" Psalm vi. 9. Blessed be God, who hath turned away my prayer, nor his mercy from me: sor, "he hath dealt bountifully with me," Psalm lxvi. 20. and xiii. 6.

Lift up your eyes to th' heav'nly feat, Where your Redeemer stays; Kind Interceffor! there He sits, And loves, and pleads, and prays.

Petitions now, and praise may rise, And saints their off'rings bring; The priest with his own facrifice Presents them to the King.

Jefus alone shall bear my cries
Up to the Father's throne:
He, dearest Lord! persumes my fighs,
And sweetens ev'ry groan.

In thy presence is fulness of joy, at thy right hand there are pleasures for evermore, Psalm xvi. 11. And I saw the holy city, new Jerusalem, descending out of heaven from God, prepared as a bride adorned for her husband, Rev. xxi. 2, 3, 4, 10, 12.

O My dear Saviour look upon me in mercy. Thou feest what earthly desires and unmortised tempers are yet found in me; and though I cry unto thee daily, mine enemies still prevail over me. Yet thou art almighty to save, and hast promised to cast out none that come unto thee. Let me then experience the power of thy grace in raising me up to more newness of life, in stirring up prayer and strengthening saith, in creating hungerings after righteousness, and thirstings after God, and in bestowing a right heavenly mind npon me; that my soul may be as a bride prepared and adorned for her husband. Give me also a frequent taste below of those pleasures which are at thy right hand for evermore, that my heart may be kept waiting and eagerly looking for thy coming.

Oh, the delights, the heav'nly joys,
The glories of the place
Where jesus sends the brightest beams
Of his o'erstowing grace!

Archangels found his lofty praife
Thro' ev'ry heav'nly ftreet;
And lay their highest honours down
Submissive at his feet.

Lord, how our fouls are all on fire
To fee thy blefs'd abode;
Our tongues rejoice in tunes of praise
To our incarnate God.

And while our faith enjoys this fight, We long to leave our clay; And wish thy fiery chariots, Lord, To fetch our fouls away. Watch and pray: let us be going, Matt. xxvi. 41, 46. Remember Lot's wife, Luke xvii. 32. This is the way, walk ye in it, when you turn to the right hand, and when you turn to the left, Isai. xxx. 21.

O be kept from felf-righteousness on one hand, and from false liberty on the other, is the right Christian way. But how shall I find this way? O my dear Jesus! thou art the way. Teach me then to walk in thy strength, to live in thy faith, to gaze much upon thee, to cleave firm unto thee, and abide ever in thee, so shall I experience the liberty of thy gospel which yieldeth no licence for sin, but bringeth joyful deliverance from its power. For when my heart resteth on thee, it cannot rest in the sless and seek to fulfil its lusts; but being delighted with thy beauty and glorious love; all other things vanish, and I am kept watchful, close, and servent.

When my forgetful foul renews
The favour of thy grace;
My heart prefemes I cannot lofe
The relish all my days.

But ere fome fleeting hour is past,
The flatt'ring world employs
Some fenfual bait to feize my taste,
And to pollute my joys.

Then I repent and vex my foul,
That I should leave thee so;
Where will those wild affections roll,
That let a Saviour go?

Show my forgetful feet the way

That leads to joys on high;

There knowledge grows without decay,
And love shall never die.

Walk before me, as in my presence, and be thou perfect, Gen. xvii. 1. Fear God, and keep his commandments; for this is the whole duty of man. For God shall bring every work into judgment, with every secret thing, whether it be good or whether it be evil, Eccl. xii. 13, 14.

CONSEQUENTLY all such things as are now called indifferent in their nature, will also be brought to God's bar, and not be called indifferent there, but judged as actually good or actually evil. Oh the prodigious harm that is done by this false doctrine of innocent things! It opens the door to innumerable sins. For though our conscience often tells us, that we should not do such things as are actually good, yet presently innocence is pleaded, it is called a harmless thing; which, though it could not be said to be good, yet it was not evil neither, but quite indifferent in its nature: by which thousands are drawn into the snares of the devil. O Lord, grant that all my works may be done unto thee, and in thy presence, agreeable to thy commandments; that even my leaves may not wither, and whatsoever I do may prosper and abide for ever.

Within thy circling pow'r I stand; On every side I find thy hand; Awake, asleep, at home, abroad, I am surrounded still with God,

O may these thoughts possess my breast, Where'er I rove, where'er I rest; Nor let unruly passions dare Consent to sin, for God is there. Verily, verily I say unto thee, Except a man be born again, he cannot see the kingdom of God, John iii. 3.

CONSEQUENTLY no outward form of religion will do; but we must be spiritually born by the Spirit of God, and have our hearts changed, else we cannot enter into the kingdom of God. Christ (by saying verily, verily) has confirmed this twice by an oath. How is it possible then, that mere honest and moral men can be saved? Will Christ break his double oath? No surely. Now, since outward gross vices only are blamed in conversation or preaching, a moral man slips through the law without censure; and the careless think they can leave off their open sins one time or another; and so none are duly concerned to be thoroughly converted; but the new-birth and a real change of the heart being insisted upon; and Christ held forth in this only true way, every one who will be saved, must be turned.

The fecond Adam shall restore
The ruins of the first;
Hosanna to that sov'reign pow'r
That new creates our dust.

When from the curse He sets us free, He makes our natures clean; Nor would our Saviour come to be The minister of fin.

His Spirit purifies our frame,
And feals our peace with God;
Jefus and his falvation come
By water and by blood.

Why art thou cast down, O my soul? and why art thou disquieted within me? Hope thou in God, for I shall yet praise him, who is the health of my countenance and my God, Pialm xlii, 11. For I reckon, that the sufferings of this present time are not worthy to be compared with the glory which shall be revealed in us, Rom. viii. 18.

BELIEVERS, we are here assured, may be in great distress; but though much perplexed, and often discouraged, they are secretly held up by faith, and brought off conquerors. If God had commanded us to pray and hope only till a certain time mentioned, and his help had failed to come within that time, we might justly despair. But since he requires us to hope even to the end or last moment of life, this should keep us from impatience and despair; For though he should tarry even to the end, believers will certainly experience him then to be faithful to his promise. He may try our faith and patience to the utmost, but he cannot break his own word. Dear Lord, whatever load thou art pleased to lay upon me, enable me to wait, in faith and prayer, till the joyful hour of deliverance comes.

'Tis God that lifts our comforts high, Or finks them in the grave; He gives (and bleffed be his name!) He takes but what he gave.

Peace, all our angry passions then; Let each rebellious figh Be filent at his fov'reign will, And every murmur die.

If smiling Mercy crown our lives, Its praises shall be spread; And we'll adore the justice too, That strikes our comforts dead. Be not foon shaken in mind, 2 Thess. ii. 2. I determined not to know any thing among you, save Jesus Christ and him crucified, i Cor. ii. 2. In whom are hid all the treasures of wisdom and knowledge, Col. ii. 3.

My dear Saviour, enable me to rest humbly and quietly in thee, avoiding all such novelties, as might breed presumption, distract my thoughts, and cause my heart to swerve from thee. Whoever has tasted the sweetness of thy word will be satisfied with it, and better it is to improve in the life of faith, and power of godliness than in new words, forms and professions. "May the Lord quicken me by the old truths, and humble my heart ever- more, so as to receive them better, and to abide in that which I have heard from the beginning!" Novelty is the bane of souls, by which we are often grievously tormented and distracted. It is work enough for a meek and quiet soul to keep within the bounds of a settled mind, and effectually to centre in God. How can such enjoy true rest, who from a vain curiosity to know every thing, are ever running after new doctrines, or prying into every man's business? Lord save me from this unsettled mind, and make me determined to know nothing but Jesus Christ and him crucisied. Amen.

O that the Lord would guide my ways
To keep his statutes still;
O that my God would grant me grace
To know and do his will.

My foul has gone too far aftray, My feet too often flip; Yet fince I've not forgot thy way, Restore thy wand'ring sheep. Wash me thoroughly from mine iniquity, and cleanse me from my sin, Psalm li. 2.— Divine answer: The blood of Jesus Christ, the Son of God, cleanseth us from all sin, 1 John i. 7.

NDER the ceremonial law all things were purged with blood, and without shedding of blood there was no remission; thus it is impossible that any one sin, even the least sinful motion, should be taken away, except by the blood of Christ Jesus. May this teach me the heinousness of sin, keep my heart humble, and my conscience tender. For how dreadful must the stain of sin be, since nothing but the blood of Christ can wash it out. Blessed be God for openingthis sountain and keeping it open day and night, for the vilest sinners to wash in. May my polluted soul be daily washed in this sountain, and receive both peace and strength from it.

My dying Saviour and my God, Fountain for guilt and fin; Sprinkle me ever with thy blood, And cleanfe, and keep me clean.

Wash me, and make me thus thy own;
Wash me, and mine thou art;
Wash me, but not my feet alone,
My hands, my head, my heart.

Th' atonement of thy blood apply,
Till faith to fight improve;
Till hope shall in fruition die,
And all my soul be love.

For ever here my rest shall be, Close to thy bleeding side; 'Tis all my nope and all my plea, "For me the Saviour dy'd." Examine yourselves, whether ye be in the faith, 2 Cor. xiii. 5.

DUT is there any need of fuch felf-examination, when yet we preach Christ. and stay ourselves on his name? Alas! it is possible both to preach and profess him; yea to have a feeming confidence in him, and call him our Rock, and talk of his grace, and yet be lovers of fin, and haters of holinefs; and thereby flow we have no interest in him, but are in the road to destruction. Thus Jesus hath told us. Matt. vii. 22, 33. Let us examine ourselves: Is our faith in Him accompanied with much felf-abhorrence, in the views of our finfulness and pollution before him? Do we prize him, not only for his fayour to us, but for his own goodness, his grace and his excellence? Do we love him, fo as to love nothing elfe in comparison of him; neither felf, nor the world, nor our ease, nor advantage? Then surely we are His, and He also is ours: These graces are the fruits of his Spirit within us: they are proofs of our faith, and of our union with him: and if we are united by the Spirit of Jesus, he will certainly own us before men and angels; he will never forfake us in time or eternity. But how dreadful will their case be who deceive themselves here, and habitually give themselves unto fin and iniquity, whilft yet they make mention of Jesus Christ with their lips? Keep us, Lord. we befeech the, from such sad delusion! O give us to remember our past provocations; and to know, to love, and ferve thee in fincerity.

Is Christ your only trust and guide And dearer far than all beside; And pants your heart for holiness? Then fure you are a child of Grace. What lack I yet? Matt. xix. 20. Yet lackest thou one thing, Luke xviii. 22. For, one thing is needful, Luke x. 42.

THIS one thing needful is to have Christ; but he must first serve and treat us with his grace, before we can draw strength from him, to serve him again. We must be taught to see him our food, and to hunger for him, before we can feed upon him, or do any thing for him. And as Christ is the author of faith, he gives it increase out of his sulness; and faith being somewhat strengthened, begins to work for him, though it be but faintly. However we become Christians, and remain in a perfect state of salvation, not by what faith works, but by what it receives. For tho' a feeble faith will perform feeble works, it can receive a whole and perfect Christ; which is the only thing needful.

I'll hear of nothing else beside
My Jesu, and him crucify'd;
In him is all I want:
His blood, his meritorious blood,
Alone is rich, alone is good,
For that alone I pant.

Sure none refuse to join this song,
To praise our Saviour all along
Their pilgrimage below;
To sing, 'there's none, there's none beside,
But Jesu, and him crucify'd,
'Needful for us to know.'

Joseph is a fruitful bough—the archers have forely grieved him, and shot at him, and bated him; but his bow abode in strength, and the arms of his hands were made strong by the hands of the mighty God of Jacob: from thence is the Shepberd, the Stone of Israel, Gen. xix. 22—24.

TOSEPH is acknowledged to have been an eminent type of the Messiah: J by bringing some circumstances under one view, the resemblance will appear conspicuous and striking. Joseph was the son of his father's old age; Christ the Son of the Ancient of Days. Joseph was in a peculiar manner beloved by his father; Christ is the dear Son of his Father's love. Jacob made for Joseph a coat of many colours; God prepared a body in human nature for Christ, filled and adorned with the various gifts and graces of the Spirit without measure. Joseph was hated by his brethren, and they could not endure to think he should have the dominion over them; the Jews, Christ's brethren according to the flesh, hated him, and would not have him to reign over them. Joseph was fent by his father a long journey to visit his brethren, and know their welfare; Christ was sent from the bosom of the Father, to feek and to fave the loft sheep of the house of Israel. Joseph's brethren conspired to take away his life; the Jews said, " This is the heir let " us kill him," and they confulted to take away his life. Joseph was fold for twenty pieces of filver at the motion of Judah; and Christ, by one of the same name, was fold for thirty pieces. Joseph was delivered to strangers, and Christ to the Gentiles. Joseph being reckoned dead by his father, and yet alive, may be an emblem of Christ's death, and resurrection from the dead.

In Joseph I, my Jesus see How archers shot and grieved thee; Into the grave, like Joseph cast, And rais'd, like him, a Prince at last. What things were gain to me, those I counted loss for Christ; yea doubtless, and I count all things but loss, for the excellency of the knowledge of Christ Jesus my Lord, for whom I have suffered the loss of all things, and do count them but dung, that I may win Christ, and be found in him, as my righteousnels, Phil. iii. 7—9.

HIS was the life and constant mind of St. Paul. The words, "In "Him," "in Christ" "in the Lord," "I am in Christ," &c. occur continually. I choose them also for my staff, and my song in the wilderness; they shall be my great tower, my strong fortress, my sweet paradise, mine only element and life. Here may I take up mine abode for ever, and the Lord keep me stedsast. "It is good for us to be here;" for this is Pisgah, the mount of the Lord, where Jesus being transfigured, reveals his glory to his disciples. Here we should build our tabernacle, and here may death find me at last.

Had I ten thousand gifts beside,
I'd cleave to Jesu crucify'd,
And build on him alone:
For no foundation is there giv'n
On which I'd place my hopes of heav'n,
But Christ the Corner-stone.

Possessing Christ, I all posses;
Wisdom, and strength, and righteousness,
And holiness complete:
Bold in his name I dare draw nigh
Before the Ruler of the sky,
And all his justice meet.

What must I do to be saved?—Divine answer: Believe on the Lord Jesus, and thou shalt he saved, and thy bouse, Acts xvi. 30, 31.

Works it in a broken and repenting heart. This faith purifies the heart, crucifies the old Adam, overcomes the world, changes us in heart, mind, and all the powers and faculties of the foul, which is the true Protestant faith; and not that we only think and fay, "I believe." By this we must try our faith. All true believers have received it under a fense of godly forrow, and with brokenness of heart. If we feel something of this, and apply to Christ by prayer for faith and grace, we have a sure mark of faith already; for if we do not believe, we would not pray. And he that daily applies to the blood of Christ for cleansing; has true faith and hope already, though he is but weak, and does not taste any joy.

Ye dying fouls that fit In darkness and diffress Look from the borders of the pit To Christ's recovering grace.

Sinners firall hear his found; Their thank out tongues shall own, Their righteoufness and strength is found In Christ the Lord alone.

In him shall Israel trust,
And see their guilt forgiv'n;
God will pronounce the sinners just,
And take the saints to heav'n.

Abstain from all appearance of evil, that ye may be blameless and harmless, the sons of God, without rebuke, in the midst of a crooked and perverse nation, among whom ye shine as lights in the world, Phil. ii. 15.

Lord of faith: therefore will I give myself up to thee to purge me, that I may bring forth more fruit. Looking upon myself as thine, I would not only abstain from evil, but the very appearance of it. Some are satisfied, with knowing they are blameless, and care not what others think of them; but for the gospel's sake, I desire to appear blameless before others; lest some offence should come through me; which, as far as in me lies, I would prevent. Thy children, O God, are as lights in the world: O pour thy grace, that heavenly oil, into my lamp, and so trim it that it may give light unto all round, that they may be led to glorify thy holy name.

O Lord! my stubborn will subdue; Create my ruin'd frame anew; Dispel my darkness by thy light: Into all truth my spirit guide, But from mine eyes for ever hide All things displeasing in thy sight. Be heaven now my foul's abode,
Hid be my life with Christ in God.
My spirit, Lord, be one with thine;
Let all my works in thee be wrought,
And fill'd with thee be all my thought,
Till in me thy full likeness shine,

Let bim that is athirst come: and whosoever will let him take of the water of life freely, Rev. xxii. 17.

If there be a sense of sin, and want of spiritual blessings, and a willingness to be saved by grace, though you know not that it is Christ's secret power that makes you willing, yet being athirst and willing, you are invited: do not puzzle and perplex yourself with such questions as these; Am I elected? Have I a right? Am I prepared? But come upon the invitation, and take pardon, peace, sighteousness, and every gospel blessing as free gifts to the needy. If one ready to perish with hunger and thirst, were invited to a feast and assured of welcome, and he should stand hesitating, Have I a right? Am I worthy? Would it not seem preposterous in him thus to demur, when his necessities were pressing upon him, and a plentiful table before him? The weary, the hungry, the thirsty, the guilty, the worthless, the vilest, are invited to believe on Jesus, who came only to save sinners; and hath assured them in his word, that they who thus come to him, "he will in no wise cast out."

The Spirit in the word,
And in his motions cries,
"Come to the Fountain-head of life,
And come for large supplies.

Let him who feels his thirst, Nor can endure its rage, Come to Salvation's copious springs, And all his pains asswage. And whofeever will,
Is welcome to receive
The ftreams of overlasting life,
That Heav'n will freely give."

Jesus! is this thy voice?
We bless the gracious call;
And fly with joyful haste to thee,
Our Saviour, and our All.

Weep not: behold the Lion of the tribe of Judah, the root of David has prevailed. Rev. v. 5. He role triumphantly, and destroyed the works of the devil: therefore sin shall have no dominion over us, Rom. vi. 14.

ANY complain, that though they will not turn back, yet they have no power to advance further. If this be thy case, my reader, remember that the enemy of souls will discourage thee. Go on praying, and venture it evermore upon the Lord. Consider how he awakened you at first, how often he has heard your prayers afterwards, and assisted you in many hard struggles. Surely he will help you now also. If that will not do, begin, as it were, afresh, acknowledge yourself guilty in every respect; and, as the chief of sinners, plead for mercy, and be instant in your humble supplications; looking at the same time upon God as a reconciled father through Christ, who is willing to receive you, pardon and bless you in spite of all your misery; then you will soon make a better progress. To despair of our own strength, is good; but we must never despair of the power of Christ, who is risen from the dead, but be sure to overcome with him at last. He will certainly help you in the due and best season.

Hell and thy fins refift thy course, But hell and fin are vanquish'd foes; Thy Jesus nail'd them to the cross, And sung the triumph when he rose. He dies, and in that dreadful night Did all the pow'rs of hell deftroy; Rifing he brought our heav'n to light And took possession of the joy. Whom the Lord loweth he chasteneth, and scourgeth every son whom he receiveth. If ye endure chastening, God dealeth with you as with sons: for what son is he whom the Father chasteneth not? But he chasteneth us for our prosit, that we might be partakers of his holiness, Heb. xii. 6—10.

O these chastenings also belong outward afflictions which are precious means, and fanctified to believers. O my dear heavenly Father! thou art only pleased with a true child-like considence, but I am still of a distrusting heart, when any thing comes upon me on a sudden. Help me always to entertain the kindest thoughts of thee, and to fear no adversity, looking upon it as a token of love and not of hatred; and really believing it to be intended as a blessing for my good. Whatever thy providence may order, let me only be convinced of thy fatherly affection, and fall in with thy wholesome and loving designs.

So for my fin I justly feel
Thy discipline, O God;
Yet wait thy gracious moment still
Till thou remove thy rod.

For I have found 'tis good for me To bear my Father's rod; Affliction makes me learn thy law, And live upon my God.

This is the comfort I enjoy
When new diffres begins;
I read thy word, I run thy way,
And hate my former fins.

The entrance of thy word gives light; it giveth understanding to the simple, Psalm cxix. 130. Order my steps in thy word: and let not any iniquity have dominion over me, ver. 133.

E may have a clear fight and real taste of the gospel, and yet be soon deprived of the comfort of it again, if we do not walk in godly simplicity and poverty of spirit, for Christ will have none but humble and child-like disciples. But if we abide in Christ, by a close and humble walk with him, we shall come to great and lasting assurance. For neither a sweet sense of Christ, nor even saith itself in Christ, is the ground of our salvation; but Christ alone, received into the heart as the Saviour. Faith does not save, but enables us to receive the Saviour, and with him salvation. Neither does a sweet sense of Christ save us. It only shows the Saviour is present with us. Now the weakest true believer does receive Christ as well as the strongest, though he reap no present comfort from his faith. We must first believe, before we can feel, and be thankful for our feelings, but not trust in them.

Thy mercies fill the earth, O Lord,
How good thy works appear!
Open mine eyes to read thy word,
And fee thy wonders there.
When once it enters to the mind,
It spreads such light abroad,
The meanest souls instruction find,
And raise their thoughts to God.

'Tis like the sun, a heav'nly light,
That guides us all the day;
And through the dangers of the night,
A lamp to lead our way.
Since I'm a stranger here below,
Let not thy path be hid,
But mark the road my feet should go,
And be my constant guide.

Turn away mine eyes from beholding vanity; and quicken thou me in thy way,
Plaim cxix. 37.

IF you were to fee a man duly endeavouring all his life to fatisfy his thirst, 1 by holding up one and the same empty cup to his mouth, you would certainly despile his ignorance; but if you should see others of brighter parts, and finer understandings, ridiculing the dull fatisfaction of one cup, and thinking to fatisfy their own thirst by a variety of gilt and golden empty cups, would you think that these were ever the wifer, or happier, or better employed, for their finer parts? Now this is all the difference that you can fee in the happiness of this life. The dull and heavy soul may be content with one empty appearance of happiness, and be continually trying to hold one and the fame empty cup to his mouth all his life. But then let the wit, the great Scholar, the fine genius, the great statesman, the polite gentleman, lay all their heads together, and they can only show you more, and various, empty appearances of happiness; give them all the world into their hands, let them cut and carve as they please, they can only make a greater variety of empty cups; for fearch as deep, and look as far as you will, there is nothing here to be found that is nobler or greater than high eating and drinking; than rich dress and human applause; unless you look for it in the wisdom and Liws of religion. Reader, reflect upon the vanity of all orders of life, who live without godliness, and see how all the ways of the world are, only so many different ways of error, blindness, and mistake, that you may be earnest at a throne of grace to be turned from the creature, and feek for happiness in the Creator.

No peace or lasting rest Earth's flatt'ring joys impart;

The portion of a beaft,
Will not content my hear
The God of Spirits only can,

Fill up the vast defires of man.

Give ear to my prayer, O God, and bide not thyfelf from my supplication, Psalm lv. 1.—Christ's answer: Verily, verily, I say unto you, Whatsoever ye shall ask the Father in my name, he will give it you, John xvi. 23. For the Father himself loveth you, ver. 27. He has promised: Before they call, I will answer; and while they are speaking, I will hear, Isa. lxv. 24. Therefore I say unto you, What things soever ye desire when ye pray, believe that ye receive them, and you shall have them, Mark xi. 24.

HE that converses much with God in prayer, and has some child-like considence in his word, shall certainly be heard: and these answers of prayer are undeniable evidences of the truth, saithfulness, and love of God, and greatly strengthen his faith; and at last bring him to be intimately acquainted with God. The more we receive, the more we are enlightened to see how much there is still wanting. This stirs us up to more frequent prayer, and to more fervent desires; and the more we defire, and believe that we shall receive it, the more shall be granted. Unbelief receives nothing, Matt. xiii. 58. but saith opens all the treasures of God, and never goes away empty.

Because on me they set their love,
I'll save them, saith the Lord;
I'll bear their joyful souls above
Destruction and the sword.

My grace shall answer when they call; In trouble I'll be nigh; My pow'r shall help them when they fall, And raise them when they die. If I yet pleased men, I should not be the servant of Christ, Gal. i. io. Let every one of us please his neighbour for his good to edistication, Rom. xv. 2. Fear or love of men, and hypocrisy, very often are nearly allied: A man that flattereth his neighbour, spreadeth a net for his feet, Prov. xxix. 5. But he that rebuketh a man, afterwards shall sind more favour than he that flattereth with his tongue, chap. xxviii. 23.

We are ever inclined to extremes, even when God has begun his work in our foul. At one time we are apt to run into a falle activity for the conversion of others, trusting too much on our own sufficiency and strength; at other times perhaps we fall into too much remisses and inactivity for the salvation of others. May the Lord therefore always guide me to steer the middle course, so as to walk in all singleness and humility of heart, as well as in true fervency of spirit, faith, and love, that it may be said, "I believe, therefore do I speak." Grant, O my dear Saviour, that I may shine as a light, and be useful to all about me; never seeking my own, but only the salvation and good of others, with unseigned love. O that thy love may constrain me in all things! Amen.

My own glory still I seek, Still I covet human praise; Still in all I do, or speak, Thee I wrong, and rob thy grace.

And must that which is so good Evil prove to finful me? Poison shall I draw from food, sin from grace, and pride from thee?

O forbid it, humble love! Hide me, O my Father, hide; Far away this snare remove, Save me from the sin of pride. Hereby we know that we are of the truth, and shall assure our bearts before him, I John iii. 19.

THE evidence of our affurance of eternal happiness, is that which every foul, that makes any ferious reflections in matters of religion, pants after: it is therefore necessary to know upon what foundation this bleffed evidence is built, and from what principles it arises; and those, I think, are chiefly faith, love, and obedience; fince no man can have this affurance who does not feel in himself the principle of obedience; nor can he have obedience without the principle of love, nor love without the principle of faith; for it is a notorious contradiction to imagine, that any one can be affured or God Almighty's pardon, without obeying him, of his favour; without loving him; or of the eternal enjoyment of him, without a firm and ftedfast belief in him. But here many mistake the nature of these things; true belief in God represents him to the mind as infinite in glory, and power, and wisdom, and goodness, and in all perfections, with fuch charms, such beauty, such lovelinels, as to captivate and ravish the affections of the foul, and smite it with a divine love; true love reigns triumphant in the foul, engroffes all its affections, strips other objects of their charms, nay, makes them appear vile and contemptible in comparison, with the supreme good: true obedience strives to please God, to refemble him, to render itself acceptable to him, and ardently defires the enjoyment of him.

Faith only gives me peace with God, But if my faith be true, It furely shows itself by love, And kind obedience too? He that shall endure unto the end, the same shall be saved, Matt. xxiv. 13. Behold, I come quickly: bold that fast which thou hast, that no man take thy crown, Rev. iii. 11. Wherefore let him that thinketh he standeth, take heed lest he fall, I Cor. x. 12.

He that stands in faith, and by nature is of a cheerful temper, must not magnify the measure of his own faith, nor undervalue that of weaker souls; for such conduct would declare that he is even now fallen into pride, and a contempt of his brother; therefore however fast we may seem to stand, let us be wary and watchful. We are never so near a fall as when we grow self-consident. He who knows the nature and power of temptations, will not discourage the weak, nor insist too much upon particular enjoyments and sensible assurance, which are not the constant witness and marks of faith. The holy Spirit himself is the earnest and seal of adoption; who is to be known not only by this joy, but by all his other fruits and operations. To trust too much upon feeling, disturbs our peace as soon as it is gone: but to rely on the word of God, preserves a settled assurance.

Jefu, shall I never be Firmly grounded upon thee? Strong in faith I feem this hour, Stript the next of all my pow'r.

Plant and root, and fix in me, All the mind that was in thee; Settled peace I then shall find, When I am renew'd in mind.

Grant that ev'ry moment I May believe and feel thee nigh; Stedfaftly behold thy face, Stablish'd with abiding grace. If any man have not the spirit of Christ (but the spirit of this world) he is none of his, Rom. viii. 9. See also ver. 7, 8, 14.

FOR not only gross wickedness, but even a carnal mind, and "the friendship of this world, is enmity with God," James iv. 4. Phil. iii. 18, 19. But how do I know that I have the Spirit of Christ? Answer, I have prayed for him earnestly; this cannot be in vain, Luke xi. 13. He works also hatred and forrow of fin, rebukes, comforts, and drives me to Christ, and to prayer. This is his abiding witness, built upon the word of God, which no man of this world, but even the weakest believer, can have.

Holy and true, and righteous Lord, I feek to know and do thy will; Be mindful of thy gracious word, And stamp me with thy Spirit's seal.

My conscience purge from ev'ry blot, My idols all be cast aside; Rebuke each vain and finful thought, And crucify both felf and pride.

Within me thy good Spirit place; Spirit of health, and love, and pow'r; And grant me fuch victorious grace, That inbred fin may reign no more, Whosoever bath, to him shall be given, and he shall have more abundance, Matt. xiii. 12. For, the water that I shall give him, shall be in him a well of water, springing up into everlasting life, John iv. 14.

OF the remarkable increase of the kingdom of God, even from the least beginning, see also Matt. xiii. 31—33, and that beautiful figure, Ezek. xlvii. 1—12. This well being opened, it highly concerns us to draw living water out of it daily by fervent prayer, and then it will spring up freely. But, reader, if you begin to be slothful, and distracted with worldly cares, not abiding closely with Christ, nor calling diligently on him, your spirit will soon be dried up, and you will scarce be able with anxious groans to draw a single drop from this well. Therefore take heed to your spirit, and if you desire your own comfort and God's glory, keep near the well's mouth, and be drawing its water continually by prayer, and drinking it sweetly by faith.

Glory to God that walks the sky,
And sends his bleffing thro';
That tells his saints of joys on high,
And gives a taste below.

Cheerful I feaft on heav'nly fruit,
And drink the pleasures down,
Pleasures that flow hard by the foot
Of the eternal throne.

But ah! how foon my joys decay, How foon my fins arife, And fnatch the heav'nly fcene away From these lamenting eyes!

When shall the time, dear Jesus, when The shining day appear, That I shall leave these clouds of sin, And guilt, and darkness here? Cast ye the unprofitable servant into utter darkness, there shall be weeping and gnashing of teeth, Matt. xxv. 30.

OOK at this man, to whom his Lord had given one talent; he could not bear the thoughts of using his talent according to the will of him from whom he had it, and therefore he choice to make himfelf happier in a way of his own. "Lord, faid he, I know thee, that thou art a hard man, reaping " where thou halt not fown, and gathering where thou halt not firewed," &c. But his lord having convicted him out of his own mouth, despatched him with this sentence, " Caft the unprofitable servant into outer darkness," &c. Here you fee how happy this man made himfelf, by not acting wholly according to his lord's will. It was, according to his own account, a happinels of murmuring and discontent; "I know thee, says he, that thou wast a hard " man:" it was a happiness of fears and apprehensions; " I was, says he, " afraid:" it was a happiness of vain labours and fruitless travels; " I went, " faid he, and hid thy talent:" and after having been awhile the sport of foolish passions, tormenting fears, and fruitless labours, he is rewarded with darknels, eternal weeping, and gnashing of teeth. Look at the man with his five talents, "Lord, thou gavest me five talents, behold I have gained besides "them five talents more," &c. Here you fee a man wholly intent on improving his talents; he has no uneafy passions, murmurings, vain fears, and fruitless labours, like the other, but his work prospers in his hand, his happinels increases upon him, the bleffing of five becomes the bleffing of ten talents; and he is received with a "Well done, good and faithful fervant, en-" ter thou into the joy of thy Lord."

With careful hand may I employ, The talents God has giv'n;

Yet, not my profit, but my faith, Must bring my foul to heav'n. Through desire a man having separated himself, seeketh and intermeddleth with all wisdom, Prov. xviii. 1. But the fruit of the spirit is love, joy, peace, long-suffering, gentleness, goodness, faith, meekness, temperance, &c. Gal. v. 22, 23.

HROUGH pride and felf-will a man having separated himself from the written word of God and the Spirit of the Lord Jesus Christ, feeks to fet up and pull down, and to establish every thing according to his own wisdom, felf-interest, or ambition, instead of humbly following the truth as it is in Jesus. Self-will never becomes a Christian, and much less a reviling those who differ from us. The Lord was not in the strong wind, nor in the earthquake, nor in the fire; but in the still small voice, I Kings, xix. 11, 12. He that taketh offence at every thing that differs from him shows great weakness. It is written, " Destroy it not," Ifa. lxv. 8. Tho' the grape be young there is wine in the cluster. All spiritual exercises are good, and brotherly love renders them beautiful and lovely. The Spirit of the Lord Jesus Christ breathes love to him, holy joy in his falvation, and a divine and peaceable temper, with long fuffering, and gentleness towards the weakness and infirmities of all around us. The fruit of the Spirit is real goodness in heart and life, a fledfast faith in a precious Jesus, a partaking of his divine meekness, temperance, &c. By these things let us daily try our own spirit, instead of fitting in judgment on the spirit of others.

Lo! what an etertaining fight
Are brethren that agree,
Brethren whose cheerful hearts unite
In bands of piety!

When streams of love from Christ the spring Descend to ev'ry soul, And heav'nly peace, with balmy wing, Shades and bedews the whole. By this shall all men know that ye are my disciples, if ye love one another, John xiii. 35.

GOD is love, and every one that loveth is born of God;" if we love one another as brethren of Christ, and love all Saints, as Saints, not because they are of this or that party; and if we love not in word only but in deed, and show the truth of our love by works and labours of love; this is a solid proof to ourselves and to others that we are real disciples of Jesus. It is a clear testimony that we have truly learned Christ, and that we have his Spirit and his Love shed abroad in our hearts; that we are of the samily and household of saith, and shall enjoy all the samily privileges. This is a better evidence, and more convincing to all around us, of what we are, than all knowledge, gifts, attainments, and outward privileges whatever. O God of love, cause me to love thee, and all thine, the poor, the weak, and the seeble, as well as the strong; for all are thine.

Let party-names no more
The Christian world o'erspread;
Gentile and Jew, and bond and free,
Are one in Christ their head.

Among the faints on earth Let mutual love be found; Heirs of the fame inheritance, With mutual bleffings crown'd Let envy and ill-will
Be banish'd far away;
Those should in strictest friendship dwell,
Who the same Lord obey.

Then will the church below Refemble that above, Where streams of pleasure overflow, And ev'ry heart is love. Watch therefore, for ye know not what hour your Lord doth come, Matt. xxiv. 42.

weakness, loves his Saviour and fears to grieve his Spirit, who is well acquainted with the depth of corruption in his fallen nature; is well apprifed of the invisible powers of darkness, and hearkens to the voice of his kind and adorable thepherd. This watchfulness discovers an awakened attention to our spiritual concerns, and has the love of Christ for its motive, and is attended with a constant dependence on Christ, for protection from dangers, and for strength against all enemies, together with supplies of grace in every time of need.—It our religion be only in outward profession, it may pals without watching; but if it be true grace in the heart from Jesus Christ, that facred treasure will need to be guarded by circumspect watchfulness.—The exhortation is to all God's children, necessary in every condition, in every stage of Christian life; in youth, manhood, old age; in prosperity and adversity; in the seasons of consolation, and in the times of temptation; in company, and alone.

O bleffled Jesus, help me to watch and pray; let me be always ready; keep me in thy love, and preserve me by thy power, till my change shall come.

Lord help me to watch And help me to pray; For foes lay at catch By night and by day. The world and the devil,
Are spreading their net;
My heart too, is evil,
And full of deceit,

As the hart panteth after water-brooks, so panteth my soul after thee, O God. My soul thirsteth for God, for the living God, Psal. xii. 2, 3. Divine answer: Ho, every one that thirsteth, come ye to the waters, and he that hath no money: come ye, buy and eat; yea come, buy wine and milk without money and without price. Hearken diligently unto me, and eat ye that which is good, and let your soul delight itself in fatness, Isa. lv. 1, 2.

THERE is a great difference between a legal and a faint-hearted foul; the former is puffed up with felf-righteousness; the latter humbly thinsts after Christ's righteousness; therefore he is not under the law, but has grace already. It is only the child, or the new man actually born, that can cry and thirst. And though he cannot so fully believe it, yet to have grace, is one thing, and to feel and enjoy it is another. Therefore let not the weak be confounded, which is done very easily, the enemy himself contributing to it, as much as he can; but let it be declared, even to the weakest, that they have faving grace, when they are brought to be earnestly panting and made truly willing to receive all without price, Matt. v. 3.

Eternal Wisdom has prepar'd
A foul reviving feast,
And bids our longing appetites
The rich provisions taste?

Jesus, the God, invites us here To this triumphal feast, And brings immortal bleffings down, For each redeemed guest.

O! glorious God, what can we pay,
For favours fo divine?
We would devote our heart alway,
To be for ever thine.

How long shall I take counsel in my soul, having sorrow in my heart daily? Psalm xiii. 2.—God's answer: Be careful for nothing; but in every thing by prayer and supplication with thanksgiving let your requests be made known unto God, Phil. iv. 6. Commit thy way unto the Lord; trust also in him, and he shall sustain thee: he shall never suffer the righteous to be moved, Psalm Iv. 22. For he has done wonderful things; his counsels of old are saithfulness and truth, Isa. xxv. 1.

BE careful for nothing," is a wall against a thousand troubles. But if we give room to any care and unbelief; it is like a leaven that spreads through all our actions. Therefore we ought never to despair in our lawful calling, but rely in all things on the good providence and faithfulness of God; firmly believing that he will never fail to carry us thro' the most difficult and intricate circumstances, though there should be ever so little appearance for it in our own eyes.

He that can dash whole worlds to death, And make them when he please, He speaks, and that almighty breath Fulfils his great decrees.

His very word of grace is strong As that which built the skies; The voice that rolls the flars along Speaks all the promises.

He faid, "Let the wide heav'n be spread;"
And heav'n was firetch'd abroad:
"Abram, I'll be thy God," he faid;
And he was Abram's God.

parused with great satisfaction Gol! 15. 1805, when I was inder some anachy nexpecting my temporal affairs at st. John's Clase - Buss the Low, 6 "my Soul" - " Let me not be faithless, but believing!

-It is done, Rev. xxi. 6.

WHEN Jesus bowed the head, and gave up the ghost, he said, It is finished. The arduous and important work of obedience and fuffering, which I had undertaken in my mediatorial capacity, is finished .- I have giorified my

Pather on earth; I have finished the work he gave me to do.

When all the redeemed are gathered, he who fitteth on the throne, beholding those he purchased with his blood, and brought to glory, rejoicing in these works of his hands, thus expresseth himself, It is done. The means and helps appointed for training you up, and preparing you for glory, are now laid afide, being no longer necessary: the scaffolding is now taken down, when the grand and glorious building in all its parts is finished. That " which is perfect is come, and that which was in part is done away." What depth of wifdom, what beautiful order in the plan of falvation, and in the tendency of its various parts to perfect the glorious work of redeeming love, agreeable to the eternal counsel of peace! How harmoniously connected are all the links of the golden chain! Rom. viii. 29, 30.

"This is the doing of the Lord, and is it not marvellous in my eye?" When receiving the Spirit that is of God, I fee the things that are freely given of God, do I not fee and admire my dear Immanuel in the whole of the plan; in him the beginning and finishing of this grand defign? Am I part of the plan? Is not his eye upon me, his hand about me? O amazing wildom and love! shall no part be neglected, can nothing fail in the Redeemer's hand, shall even the weakest be supported, shall none be lost; shall all his have eternal life? Why then should I fear? The mighty One will do all his works in me and for me, Is the profpect by faith of this finished work pleasant and transporting, what must the immediate bleffed vision be! O my God, I will live in hopes of one day joining with all the redeemed in the tong of Moses and the Lamb: Keep

me by thy power to everlasting salvation.

When all the faints are gather'd home, | What shouts the ransom'd souls will give, And time its course has run; When Jefus cries, " 'tis done!"

We must through much tribulation enter into the kingdom of God, Acts xiv. 23.

Therefore, let us run with patience the race that is set before us, Heb. xii. 1.

Ye have not yet resisted unto blood, striving against sin, ver. 4.

Some licentious professors think there is no need to strive against sin; and some would seem so hely as to be above it; but here we are plainly told of a striving against it. What St. Paul speaks of the conssist between the slesh and the spirit is to the same purpose, Cal. v. xvii. And the most experienced Christians are witnesses to it. The word of God is said to be a sword, our prayers a wrestling, and our faith the victory. Thus our whole race consists in striving and conquests. There is always an enemy to be conquered first, before we can make a considerable progress in any thing that is good; and none of our enemies is very easily to be overcome, but some are very stubborn. Therefore courage and patience are required; and thus we may be sure to have the victory.

In Jesu's strength, seek O my soul
Thy glorious warfare to pursue;
He only can thy fins controul,
And give the victiries ever new.

The land of triumph lies on high,
There are no fields of battle there;

Lord make me conquer till I die, And finish well the glorious war.

Affish me with supplies of Grace,
To bring thy gospel good renown;
And let me when my labours cease,
Receive thro' Christ the promis'd crown.

We are justified freely by his grace, through the redemption that is in Christ Jesus: whom God hath set forth to be a propitiation through saith in his blood, to declare his righteousness for the remissions of sins that are past, Rom. iii. 24, 25.

How sweet are the words, "By grace, without merit, ye are saved!"
Here is an overflowing fountain of comfort and divine strength!
But how little are the generality of vain and worldly people, who still feed upon husks, acquainted with these words! How little are they relished by our self-righteous moral Christians: But, O! how deliciously does a poor hungering sinner fare upon them! there is hardly any thing less known and understood, as to the power and experience, than the mystery of Christ's suffering and dying for us, and justification by faith in him; though it is the only paradise and element of believers, and the greatest jewel restored by the reformation. Such talking and representation of sin as only strike the imagination, are not sufficient; but we must also feel the mortal wounds of sin, by which the slesh is mortified, and be actually healed by the stripes of Christ.

God, the great God, that rules the skies, The gracious and the just, Makes his own Son a facrifice, And here lies all our trust.

Here rest, my faith, and ne'er remove; Here let repentance rise, While I behold his bleeding love, His dying agonies.

With shame and forrow here I own
How great my guilt has been;
This is my way t' appproach the throne,
And God forgives my fin.

U 2

See that ye fall not out by the way, Gen. xlv. 24.

TOSEPH having shown himself fully reconciled to his brethren dismisses them with this needful caution, " See that you fall not out by the way." He knew they were but too apt to be quarrelfome; one might fay, "It was you " that first upbraided him with his dreams;" another, " It was you that faid, "Let us kill him;" another, "It was you that stripped him of his coat;" another, " It was you that threw him into the pit;" another, " It was you " that fold him to the Ishmalites," &c. Thus their journey to their father's house would be very uncomfortable, if this spirit of quarrelling and upbraiding

once got poffession of them.

Fellow-christians! what a lesson is here for us? what says our Lord Jesus to us? Love one another, live in peace; whatever occurs, "let us not fall out by "the way." Are we not all brethren? Have we not all one Father? Are we not all subjects of free and sovereign Grace? Are we not agreed in essential points? Are we not all finners by nature and practice? Have we not all one object of faith? Are we not all travelling the same road? O then, why should we fall out by the way! Suppose we be of different denominations, yet holding the same head, why cannot we love his brethren? (the best and most enlightened of all " fee but in part, through a glass darkly." And what a powerful resson is here for mutual forbearance?) Let not the strong despise the weak, nor the weak judge the firong. Suppose our way should part a little as to externals, yet all fetting out from the same spiritual Egypt, all under the same leader, why may not we all hope to meet at last in the true Canaan? Have we not open and fecret enemies enow, but we must quarrel one with another? Satan, falle professors, and the ungodly world, are unanimous in their opposition to us; let us be united, that they prevail not against us, Phil. ii. 1, 2.

Our Jesus is the Prince of Peace,

And now he bids the children come, Who made God's quarrel with us cease; But quarrel not as they go home.

Where shall I find rest?—Answer: Thus saith the Lord, stand ye in the ways and see; and ask for the old paths, where is the good way; and walk therein, and you shall find rest for your souls, Jer. vi. 16. See also Matt. xi. 28, 29.

In our own ways there is nothing but trouble; but giving ourselves entirely up to be guided of God at his own pleasure, we may always be easy, fince we know, that by every step he brings us nearer to heaven. The only way to rest, is the way of repentance and faith; in which we consider ourselves from the beginning, even to the end of our Christian life, as utterly lost and condemned by the law, but as perfectly reconciled and justified through Christ. Thus to abide in him, to let him work alone, and be truly resigned to his ways, will certainly have the desired effect; whilst by the righteousness and workings of our own hearts, we can never attain to it, and which is worse, may be lulled into a false rest.

Lord, I believe a rest remains
To all thy people known;
A rest where pure enjoyment reigns,
And thou art lov'd alone.

A rest where all our souls' defire Is fixt on things above, Where grief, and pain, and fear expire, Cast out by perfect love.

This is the feast of saints on high, But I may taste below; And sweeter tastes God will supply, As into Christ I grow.

Ye are complete in him, Col. ii. 10.

THINK, O believer, with wonder and amazement, reflect with gratitude and love, that whilft thou art deploring the common ruin of human nature, and mournfully feeling its fad effects upon thy own foul, thou mayst yet look through all thy imperfection, frailty and unworthiness, to thy glorious Representative, and see thyself complete in him. The law which would condemn thee, he has completely satisfied;—the obedience which it requires, in order to thine acceptance with God, he hath completely paid; and that eternal life, from which thy sinful imperfections must have for ever barred thee, is now become thine unalienable inheritance, as the reward of his righteousness, who lived and died for thee. Go forth then, and glorify him in heart and life; the more thou believest in him, the more wilt thou love him; and the more thou lovest him, the better wilt thou serve him; and till he shall remove thee from this vale of sin and forrow, let thy song in the house of thy pilgrimage be this, "complete in him."

To all my vileness, Christ is glory bright;
To all my mis'ries, infinite delight:
To all my ign'rance, wise without compare;
To my desormity, th' eternal fair;

Sighttomyblindness, tomymeanness wealth; Life to my death, and to my sickness health; To darkness light, my liberty inthral, What shall I say—my Christ is all in all. Will ye speak wickedly for God, and talk deceitfully for him? Job xiii. 7. Thy word is truth, John xvii. 17.

WHEN Moses saw an Egyptian and an Israelite standing together, he killed the Egyptian, and faved the Ifraelite, Exod. ii. 12. But when he faw two Ifraelites striving together, he laboured to reconcile them, faving, "Ye are brethren, why do ye ftrive!" So when we read, or fee the Apocryphal Books, or Heathen Story, or Popish Traditions, contradicting the Scriptures; as for instance, Jacob curled the wrath and anger of Simeon and Levi, for murdering the Sechemites, Gen. xlix. 7. And Judith bleffed God for killing of them, Judith 9. Here, and in such like places, let us kill the Egyptian, but fave the Ifraelite; fet a value on the Scriptures, but flight the Apocrypha. But when we meet with any appearance of feeming contradiction in the canon of Scripture, as where it is faid, "God tempted Abraham," Gen. xxii. 1. and "God tempteth no man," James i. 13. Here now, and in many other places, we must be reconcilers, and distinguish between a temptation of trial which is from God, and a temptation of seducement, which is by the devil; and these two feemingly differing friends will appear to be brethren, and agree well.

And leave the mind in doubt;

Tho' various scriptures seem to clash, | Yet, if you read them well with pray'r, You'll find their meaning out.

And Josbua bleffed bim, and gave unto Caleb the son of Jephunneh, Hebron, for

an inheritance, Joshua xiv. 13.

THE spies that went up to view the promised land, all, except Caleb and Joshua, made a formidable report of the gigantic inhabitants of Hebron, faying, "we are not able to go up against the people, for they are stronger than we." " Caleb, (answering well to his name, which fignifies, All-heart) " filled the people before Moses, and said, Let us go up at once, and posses it, " for we are well able to overcome." We are told he had another spirit with him, and followed God fully. Mofes therefore, because he wholly followed the Lord his God, was commissioned to make him a grant of all the land whereon his feet had trodden, which was the mountain of Hebron. Caleb was eighty five years old when he reminded Joshua of this promise; he was forty when Moles fent him to fpy out the land; thirty-eight years the Lord had kept him in the wilderness, thro' the plagues of the desert, and seven years in Canaan, thro' the perils of war; the city Hebron was already reduced, but the inhabitants had repaired to the fastnesses of the mountain, these he wanted to disposses, affuring Joshua, he had now the same strength of body and holy confidence in God to engage in this dangerous enterprize, as he had at forty years of age, when he was fent as a fpy. Joshua blessed him, acknowledged his claim and deferts, befought God to prosper him in his undertaking, and gave him the country; thus was his fidelity and uprightness rewarded.

Reader, are you like-hearted with Caleb? are you longing after Hebron, that is, communion with God? Are you eager to fight against your spiritual foes, those sons of Anak, lusts, passions, devils, and the world? If so remember the promise, "As your day is so shall your strength be found;" keep up fellowship with God, and no enemy shall be too strong for you; beware of judging of enemies (by an eye of sense) like the spies, lean not to your own understanding, but follow God fully; eye the Captain of your salvation, fight in his name and strength, and you shall conquer every foe.

All heart, like Caleb, may I be Against each spiritual foe; And like him trusting in the Lord, To fight and conquer go, And it came to pass, that at midnight the Lord smote all the first-born in the land of Egypt, from the first-born of Pharaob that sat on the throne, unto the first born of the captive that was in the dungeon, Exod. xii. 29.

THE death of every first-born of the Egyptians carried so lively a refemblance, and bore so natural a relation to their fin in destroying every male of the Israelites, that they must needs perceive it was inslicted as a punishment for that very cruelty; and consequently must conclude, that the God of Israel took particular notice of human transactions, and, fooner or later rewarded every man according to his works. The gradual increase of the judgments inflicted on Egypt is somewhat remarkable, and equally expressive of the mercy and justice of God. The four first plagues were loathsome rather than fatal to the Egyptians; but after that of the flies came the murrain, which chiefly fpent its rage upon the cattle; the biles and blanes reached both man and beaft, though there was still a referve for life: the hail and locusts extended, in a great measure, even to life itself: the first by an immediate stroke, and both consequently by destroying the fruits of the earth. That of darkness added consternation to their minds, and lashes to their consciences; and when all this would not reclaim, at length came the decifive blow; first, the slaying of the firstborn, and then the drowning of the incorrigible tyrant, and all his hoft. "Great and marvellous are thy works, O Lord God Almighty! just and " true are thy ways, thou King of Saints."

Let no proud finner grow fecure, Who has through dangers paft;

If former judgments turn thee not, Thy life shall go at last. Draw me, we will run after thee, Solomon's Song i. 4.—Divine answer: I have loved thee with an everlasting love: therefore with loving-kindness have I drawn thee, Jer. xxxi. 3.

ANY and various are the ways the Almighty takes in bringing his children to himself, and to a knowledge of the things of their peace; sometimes he draws by the silken bands of love; sometimes by the still small voice of his Spirit; sometimes by the knotted cords of pain and sickness; sometimes he drives them by the storm and tempest of his broken law; but most effectually in giving his Son to die for them. Reader, pray always to him to make you sensible of the secret tender drawings of his love, and willing to sollow them directly. This praying always is very needful, because we are always in want; and without being instant and earnest we cannot receive much. Therefore it is not a hard command, but a great benefit and privilege; as if God should say, "You are a poor child, always wanting something, but you may always pray to me, and I will always hear, and assist, and draw thee after me."

O draw me, Saviour, after thee;
So shall I run and never tire;
With gracious words still comfort me;
And be my hope and whole defire.
No lust can stir, or guilty fear,
Nor worldly wish, if thou art here.

O that I, as a little child,
May follow thee, not ever reft,
Till fweetly thou hast pour'd thy mild
And lowly mind into my breast,
Nor ever may we parted be
Till I become one sp'rit with thee.

Those that honour me, I will honour; and they that despise me, shall be lightly esteemed, I Sam. ii. 30.

THIS is part of the prophet's message to Eli, when he honoured his fons above God; he had indeed reproved them, faying, "Why do ye these things?" for "I hear of your evil doings by all the people. But he did not exert his authority in punishing them as they deserved, when they flighted his reproof. This was accounted by God as winking at their fin. He therefore acquaints him that Hophni and Phineas, as they had finned together, should die together, and his posterity be cut off in the. flower of their age, and from the high priesthood. Eli was not much affected with his prophecy, till the threatening was repeated by Samuel, an artless child, who did not know the voice of the Lord till Eli instructed him. It appeared then much more terrible than from the mouth of the prophet; and led him humbly to acknowledge the justice of God, and to fubmit to the sentence with a truly penitent heart. This is written for our admonition. Are we valiant for the truth, regarding neither father nor mother, nor the most tender relation, where the interest and honour of our God is concerned? Parents, let this be a warning to you to train up your children in the fear of the Lord.

The Lord Jehovah calls, Be ev'ry ear inclin'd; May fuch a voice awake each heart, And captivate each mind. O harden not your hearts, But hear his voice to-day; Lest ere to-morrow's earliest dawn He oalls your souls away. Abraham against hope believed in hope, Rom. iv. 18.

My foul, thou hast not one single promise only like Abraham, but a thousand promises, and many patterns of faithful believers before thee: It behoves thee, therefore, to rely with considence upon the word of God. And though the Lord delayeth his help, and the evil seemeth to grow worse and worse, be not weak, but rather strong, and rejoice; since the most glorious promises of God are generally sulfilled in such a wondrous manner, that he steps forth to save us at a time when there is the least appearance of it. He commonly brings his help in our greatest extremity, that his singer may plainly appear in our deliverance. And this method he chooses, that we may not trust upon any thing we see or feel, as we are always apt to do, but only upon his bare word, which we may depend upon in every state.

How large the promife! how divine,
To Abrah'm and his feed!

"I'll be a God to thee and thine,
Supplying all their need."

The words of this extensive love From age to age endure; The Angel of the Cov'nant proves, And feals the bleffing fure.

Our God, how faithful are his ways, His love endures the fame; Nor from the promise of his grace Blots out the finner's name. Immediately I conferred not with flesh and blood, Gal. i. 16. For the king's commandment was urgent; much more the commandment of the King of kings, Dan. iii. Therefore, be not slothful in business, Rom. xii. 11.

coming the evil and doing the good, is an immediate compliance with our first convictions, without conferring with sless and blood. If we delay the work, we give room to other people without, and to Satan and to our finful hearts from within, to persuade us to the contrary; by which the sless can easily renew its strength, and the spirit will be weakened. And what will be the consequence of this? but, that either we miscarry in our design, or that the consists will be afterwards so much sharper; and the good work, if not stifled, dropt entirely; yet if it be done, it will not be done so completely, and with such singleness of heart, as it should be. But if we narrowly watch our hearts, and directly engage with every the least opposition when it stirs, then our enemies will not be so strong, and we shall have no reason to despair.

Jesu, mighty to renew, Work in me to will and do; Turn my nature's rapid tide, Stem the torrent of my pride, Take away my darling fin, Make me willing to be clean; Make we willing to receive What thy goodness waits to give. Neither yield ye your members as instruments of unrighteousness unto sin: but yield yourselves unto God, as those that are alive from the dead; and your members as instruments of righteousness unto God, Rom. vi. 13.

If God has any members as weapons and inftruments in his hands, I shall certainly be able not only to work, but also to conquer, since he understands full well how to manage them. May the Lord only give me grace not to wind myself out of his hands, else I must needs be like a dead useless carcass. For how can a pen write alone without being in the hand of a writer? it is true, indeed, that it is very hard, nay impossible, to be really good, and to do all that is good, if we undertake it alone; but God himself living and working in us, and we truly delighting in him, it is very easy and pleasant. Therefore care is only to be taken, that our hearts may be always the working-place, and our members the instruments of God, in which and through which he can perform every thing himself.

Now God I ferve, to him alone My thankful homage pay; My only master, Christ, I own, And him will I obey.

To him my members I present, Which he will not refuse; The meanest, basest, instrument, His glory deigns to use.

Servant of fin too long I was, But Christ has set me free; Glory to his victorious grace, Which freely ransom'd me. The fear of man bringeth a snare, Prov. xxix. 25. Be not conformed to this world, Rom. xii. 2. If any man love the world, the love of the Father is not in him, 1 John ii. 15.

HOW many people swell with pride and vanity, for such things as they would not know how to value at all, but that they are admired in the world? How fearful are many of having their houses poorly furnished, or themselves meanly clothed, for this only reason, left the world should make no account of them, and place them amongst low and mean people? How often would a man have yielded to the haughtiness and ill-nature of others, and shown a submissive temper, but that he dares not pass for such a poor-spirited man in the opinion of the world? Many a man would often drop a refentment, and forgive an affront, but that he is afraid, if he should, the world would not forgive him. How many wish to be real Christians, and would carefally practice Christian temperance and sobriety, were it not for the censure which the world passes upon such a life? Others have frequent intentions of living up to the rules of the Christian religion, which they are frighted from, by confidering what the world would fay of them. Thus does the impression which we have received from living in the world enflave our minds, that we dare not attempt to be eminent in the fight of God and holy angels, for fear of being little in the eyes of the world. Reader, how is it with thee? - art thou still hanging between God and the world? Confider for a moment, what can the world give thee in exchange for the favour of God? What can it help thee in ficknels, death, and judgment? Make ferious reflection on this with prayer unto God, and the fnare of the world will be broken.

Which furely brings a fnare;

Lord fave me from the fear of man, | And make me hear their fcoffs and jefts, With unconcerned ear.

At the beginning of thy supplications the commandment came forth, Dan. ix. 23, Continuing instant in prayer, Rom. xii. 12.

OH comfortable and encouraging thought! That in the same moment that the supplication ascended from the Prophet's heart, the gracious answer descended from the heart of Jesus. When we call upon the name of the Lord with fimplicity and holy earnestness of soul, the return of grace and love meets our request before it hath atcended half way to heaven, and when the Lord is going to blefs us, he pours out a spirit of prayer, and raises a cry in our hearts after that particular bleffing he is going to communicate. Therefore when we are enabled to pray earnestly we may be sure that blessings are coming, and that we shall certainly receive in due time a seasonable and visible help. Then let us only go on, and put, as it were, one weight of prayers after another upon the scales of the fanctuary: furely our greatest distress will at last be overbalanced, and falvation brought down. But it is well to be observed, that we must also be watchful, and not act contrary to the intent of our prayers, which might provoke the Lord to difannul his grant, or at least to delay his help. But when he tarries long, it is not his intention to give us a denial, but rather make us more defirous and earnest that we may bestow the more upon us afterwards; for this delay he will certainly well recompense, and grant us abundantly above all that we could ask or think.

Lord, I will not let thee go, Till the bleffing thou beflow: Hear, my Advocate divine; Lo! to his my fuit I join: Join'd to his it cannot fail, I fus fuing must prevail. Friend of sinners, King of saints; Answer my minutest wants, All my largest thoughts require; Grant me all my heart's desire; Give me till my cup run o'er, Then my heart can hold no more. When the woman saw that the tree was good for food, and that it was pleasant to the eyes, and a tree to be desired to make one wise; she took of the fruit thereof and did eat, and gave also to her husband with her, and he did eat, Gen. iii. 6. Every man is tempted, when he is drawn away of his own lust, and enticed. Then when lust hath conceived, it bringeth forth sin, &c. James i. 14, 15.

HUS one fin always begets another. By the eyes it rushes into the heart; from the heart it proceeds into the mouth, hands, and feet; from us it is transferred upon others, and thus we go on finning and falling deeper and deeper. Therefore we must set a strict guard over our eyes and ears; be very cautious, and resist the least beginnings of sin, not making light of any: for the least spark of worldly lust being entertained and cherished, we eat of the forbidden tree standing every where before us; and thereby a great fire may be kindled. But having always our eyes fixed, in all our conversation, upon the presence of God in Christ, so as to walk continually in the light, and directly to quell the least inward motions of evil; they will never break forth into gross outward sins, but we shall daily grow in grace. May the Lord enable me to practise this good lesson, and watch himself continually over my heart eyes, lips, and all other senses and thoughts.

With my whole heart I feek thy face,
O let me never stray
From thy commands, O God of grace,
Nor tread the finner's way.

Thy word I hide within my heart
To keep my conscience clean,
And be an everlasting guard
From ev'ry rising sin.

The preaching of the cross is to us, which are saved, the power of God, 1 Cor. i. 18.

That I might always feed upon the cross and experience its power, till I have obtained a complete victory. Whosoever was bit by a fiery serpent, and looked upon the brazen serpent, lived, Numb. xxi. 9. Thus always to look upon Christ crucified, is the one thing needful, from which all other blessings flow, John iii. 14, 15. Oh may the eyes of my faith be fixed immoveably on thee, my crucified Saviour; for as long as I live, I shall feel the biting of the old serpent, and therefore have need to look unto thee continually; and thou gracious Lord afford me cure day by day with entire healing at last.

So did the Hebrew prophet raise The brazen serpent high; The wounded felt immediate ease, The camp forbore to die.

Look upward in the dying hour, And live, the prophet cries; But Christ performs a nobler cure When Faith lifts up her eyes. High on the cross the Saviour hung High in the heav'ns he reigns: Here sinners, by th' old serpent stung, Look, and sorget their pains.

When God's own Son is lifted up,
A dying world revives;
The Jew beholds the glorious hope,
Th' expiring Gentile lives.

The law is not made for for a righteous man, to condemn him, I Tim. i. 9.

FOR he being dead to the law by the death of Christ, and living to God in righteousness, the law can condemn him no more than a dead man, or one that liveth in heaven already, nay, Christ himself: for it condemns only the sin, but he is in Christ, without sin; for the sin being abolished, the wrath and curse of the law is also removed, and grace and blessing restored in its place. Christ has taken all his sins upon himself, and imparted his own perfect obedience to the law to him; therefore in Christ he has sully satisfied all the demands of the law, and is entirely free from his dreadful curse in his conscience; the blood of Christ cleansing us from all sins, and consequently from an evil conscience, Heb. ix. 9—14. chap. x. 22 Being sprinkled with his blood and graciously covered with his golden robes, the Lord is perfectly pleased and finds no more fault with us. The atoning blood makes intercession for us with us God, crying continually, "Abba, Abba; mercy, mercy; peace, peace;" and obtains grace, pardon, life, and salvation.

Blood has a voice to pierce the skies; Ravenge, the blood of Abel cries; But the dear stream when Christ was slain, Speaks peace as loud from ev'ry vein. Pardon and peace from God on high: Behold he lays his vengeance by; And rebels that deferve his sword, Become the fav'rites of the Lord, There is none like unto the God of Jesburun, who ridest upon the heaven in thy

belp, and in his excellency on the fky, Deut. xxxiii. 26.

IN these last words of Moles, we have the glory of God set forth in the com-I munication of good to God's Ifrael. The whole universe God hath made for his own use, to be his chariot for him to ride in, as is represented in Ezekiel's vision. In this chariot God's seat or throne is heaven, where be fits and governs. This visible universe, subject to such continual changes and revolutions, we may compare to the wheels of his chariot. God's providence is represented by the motion of the wheels: he brings to pals his own counfels in the lower world, and manages and directs all, as a man doth his chariot, which he turns as he pleafeth him. How fafe then must they be who are under the wing of the God of Jesturun, who find him reconciled to them by the death of his Son, and feel themselves reconciled to him by the power of his grace! "He rideth on the heavens for their help," and none can outfirip his progress, or overturn his purpose. Verily, he it is that giveth strength and victory to his people! bleffed be God! Reader, is the God of Jeshurun, the God of Ifrael, thy God? Is he who rideth on the heavens thy help? Does thine heart trust in him alone, and his grace subdue thine outward iniquities, and thine inbred corruptions? Is he who rideth on the fky thy excellence? Does he feem only excellent in thy eyes, and cause thee to excel in virtue? Has he planted thee among his excellent ones of the earth, and made thee to abound in faith, and love, and fruits of righteousness? If the Lord is not thy help, alas! thou wilt be flain by fin, and prove a ruined foul. If the Lord is not thy excellence, thou art still an apostate spirit, a stranger unto God, and to his Christ. Awake, arife and call on God; his ear is open unto prayer; and thou art yet on mercy's ground: O call upon him speedily, and cry unto him earnestly, that thou perish not.

May Christ who suleth in the sky, And is Jeshurun's God; My foul defend, my wants supply, And wash me in his blood. Let your conversation be without covetousness, and he content with such things as ye have, Heb. xiii. 5. For they that will be rich, fall into temptation and a snare, and into many foolish and burtful lusts, which drown men in destruction and perdition: for the love of money is the root of all ewil, &c. 1 Tim. vi. 9, 10.

A Covetous man is called an idolater, and has no part in the kingdom of God: but who believes that he is covetous? Now here you fee, that every one is actually covetous who is not content with what he has. And what fays the apostle of such as will be rich? They fall. Not only they may fall, but they actually do fall; nor can the fall be avoided, if men are determined they will be rich. O reader, be thou frightened : get the covetous defires of thy heart subdued, and kept disentangled from worldly things; for who knows how foon you must go out of this world, and leave every thing behind? Away from it with thy heart, else thy death will be very hard. The Christian's motto is, God and enough: for he that has God is content; and confequently rich enough, even in poverty. And that must be a covetous man indeed, who has not enough, having God. O Lord, make me fo free by faith from the love of earthly things, that I may equally praise thee, whether thou be pleased to give me something, or take it away from me; and that I may never covetously refuse that to others or to myself, which thou hast given for my own and my neighbour's comfort.

The rich young man whom Jesus lov'd, Should warn us to forbear: His love of earthly treasures prov'd

A fatal golden snare. Mark x. 24.

The foul of the diligent shall be made fat, Prov. xiii. 4.

TOU are concerned for having no more grace. What is the reason? Perhaps you are indolent, careless, and unfaithful. And tho' you have no warrant even for an hour to live, yet unreasonably you suppose you have time enough; therefore you are not serious, diligent, and fervent in praying for sufficient strength to be always prepared, and have boldness in death. No wonder, if you do not immediately refift fin, that it grows ftrong, and you always are weak and discouraged. And how can you expect to receive more grace, if you do not faithfully improve what little you have? If you would but diligently apply yourself to the Word and Prayer, God would certainly not be wanting on his part to fulfil his promifes, and give you enough; but not otherwise. For it is well to be observed, and we must know it once for all, that there is no such thing as making any progress in grace and carrying our point, unless we are mindful of ourselves, watching and praying against all fins, and whatever may be an hindrance on one hand; and following with all diligence that which is good, and what may be a furtherance on the other. It is not enough to use some, but we must use all diligence, and according as our grace is increased, our diligence must increase also, since it goes against the stream.

Well to refift the finful pow'r Requires a firong refifaint; We must be watchful ev'ry hour, And pray, but never faint. In lowliness of mind let each esteem others better than themselve, Phil. ii. 2. Bear ye one another's burdens, and so sulfil the law of Christ. For if a man think bimself to be something, &c. But let every man prove his own work, and then shall he have rejoicing in himself alone, and not in another, Gal. vi. 2, 3, 4.

If we were truly humble, and looked upon ourselves as most miserable sinners, we should willingly submit to all adversities, and patiently bear the burdens and infirmities of others, considering that God has borne with us a great deal more. Observing therefore the faults of our neighbour, we must not forget our own. Perhaps in other things we are weaker than he. This will restrain us from judging rashly, or speaking unadvisedly to others; but first, we should speak to God about it, and then try with gentle means to bring them to rights again. Nay, the best method is to consider our neighbour on the good, and ourselves on the bad side: and to see whether we can excuse him, and accuse ourselves. And if this fault could not be excused in any manner, we must not suffer him to stir up our corruption, but come in with prayer between God and him, to plead his cause before his throne in hearty love. It is very easy to find fault with others but to show love, and restore them by prayer and brotherly correction, is quite another thing.

Blefs'd are the fouls who fland afar From rage and passion, noise and war; God will secure their happy state, And plead their cause against the great. Thou openess thy hand, and satisfiest the desire of every living thing, Plal. exlv. 16.

X7HO confiders these words enough? The hand of God being my chief provision and storehouse, is it not a shame to be anxiously careful for any thing? Has the Lord all things in his hand? then furely I shall receive what he has for me; none will be able to withhold it. Faith has always a free access to the treasures of God, who is never wanting. Christians have their chests, and treasures in such a high place, even in God, that no thief can rob them, and they are fure to have enough in God. And though the Lord should try them with want a little while, yet he relieves them in due time : their bread must rain from heaven, rather than they should be left without. You need not, says Christ, seek these other things, they shall be brought to you, if ye only abide in me. If this does not comfort and strengthen us, nothing else will. Now many rely on their full pockets and purses; but if they had true faith, it would be enough that they believed and had it in God's hand, purse and chest. If the Lord is pleased to bestow some provision on his servant, he is very thankful for it, and is careful to apply it well. But if God thinks it proper to deny it him, he is content and cheerful.

The Lord is good, the Lord is kind; Great is his grace, his mercy fure;

And the whole race of man shall find His truth from age to age endure. And they withflood Uzziah the king, and said unto him, it appertaineth not unto thee, Uzziah to burn incense unto the Lord, but to the priests, the sons of Aaron, that are consecrated to burn incense. Go out of the sanctuary, for thou hast trespassed, neither shall it be for thine honour from the Lord God, 2 Chron. xxvi. 18.

TERE is the only blot we find on the name of Uzziah: As long as he fought the Lord, and worshipped him according to divine appointment, God made him to profper, God helped him marveloufly, till he was ftrong; but when he was strong, his heart was lifted up to his own destruction. He was not content with the honours God had put upon him, he would usurp those that were forbidden him, like our first parents. The chief priest, and other priests, were ready to burn incense for the king, according to the duty of their office; and plainly acquainted him, that if, thro' a mistaken zeal, he offered to do it himfelf, he would incur the wrath of God, and fuffer for it; but this ferved only to excite his wrath, till he felt the judgment of God's hand in his punishment. Though he strove with the priests, he would not strive with his Maker, but retired as foon as he was fmitten with the leprofy. We fee in the present instance, as in many others, that "the God we have to do with is a jealous God," who expects all that ferve him shall do it according to his own institutions. Do you, reader, come to him in the way of his appointments? Take care that you come not with unhallowed fire before the Lord, left you be also smitten. Our prayers, our graces, and our duties must all be put by faith into the hand of our Lord Jesus, the great High Priest of our profession, to be by him presented unto God along with the sweet incense of his merits; else we shall find ourselves deceived, and have no acceptance with God.

No strange incense let me bring To present unto my King; I renounce my own defert Jesus, thou my incense art. He, the Lord, will beautify the meek with salvation, Psal. exlix. 14. And if ye suffer for righteougness sake, bappy are ye, 1 Pet. iii. 4. Psal. x. 17. xxii. 26. xxxvii. 11. xlviii. 10. Isaiah liv. 11.

ALL this is for the humble and poor in spirit: How does that agree? poor, and yet blessed? O, yes, poor in ourselves, but blessed and glorious in Christ. If we never experience his glory, the reason is, we are not truly sensible of our misery; but when we are come quite low, let us considently lay hold on Christ, and we shall be blessed: for all is ours. We may say, O Lord, if thou art a glorious help to the needy, lo! here is want and misery enough; therefore I come with all my want and poverty to the sulness of thy grace and riches, and my darkness to thy light, with my death to thy life. Grant that all my evils may be swallowed up by thy goodness and glorious deliverance. Mine innumerable wants I set before thee, as so many empty vessels, and desire to have them filled with thy spiritual and heavenly blessings.

O might I hear thy heav'nly tongue But whifper, "Thou art mine!" Those gentle words should raise my song To notes almost divine. How would my leaping heart rejoice, And think my heav'n fecure! I trust the all-creating voice, And faith desires no more,

Be renewed in the spirit of your mind, Eph. iv. 23.

O Lord, grant me daily repentance, and a tender feeling of my fins, that by the power of thy death the old man may be crucified, and by the power of thy refurrection the new man may rife up, and grow in grace, being filled and refreshed with the fruits of thy spirit. Let me ever be in earnest, and look upon every day as the very first and the very last; that with each I may, as it were, begin anew to work out my falvation with fear and trembling, and so be always prepared for death and eternity. give me grace to surmount all difficulties, and to avoid every thing that may prove a torment of conscience in the hour of death. And as there is no standing still, I humbly beseech thee to stir me up daily and hourly more and more, that I may make all haste, and "give all diligence to "make my calling and election sure."

Lord, I am vile, conceiv'd in fin; And born unholy and unclean; Sprung from the man whose guilty fall Corrupts the race and taints us all.

Soon as we draw our infant breath, The feeds of fin grow up for death; The law demands a perfect heart; But we're defil'd in ev'ry part.

Great God! create my beart anew, And form my spirit pure and true; O make me wise betimes to spy My danger and my remedy. He hath dispersed, he hath given to the poor; his righteousness endureth for ever, Psalm exii. 9. In the morning sow thy seed, and in the evening withhold not thy hand, Eccles. xi. 6.

HOSE that lay up treasures on earth, fuffer nothing to lie long useless, L but lend it out as fast as they can; and such as defire to reap soon and plentifully, are careful to fow foon and plentifully. Therefore lend and fow ye also in good time, for there may be times when you cannot show charity, or at least not so largely. We must not pretend to pay the debt of charity with some poor mites and pence. If you will give fomething, give bountifully; take your hands full as if you were a fowing, like the poor widow with her two mites, which she sowed, out freely, though it was her whole substance. But the rich ones were not so liberal, but covetously offered only what they could spare very well. Is it not said we should sow. Now seedsmen sow with hands full, and so should we; for God loveth a cheerful giver, and will in his turn difpense again bountifully to you, that ye should have sufficiency in all things to every good work: (But God dispensing so bountifully to you) why should you then grudge him any thing, or make only such poor returns?) For what we do to our neighbour, is the same as if it were done to God himself, if done in faith and love.

Awake my zeal, awake my love, And ferve my Saviour here below, In works which all the faints above, And holy angels cannot do. Awake my charity, and feed
The hungry foul, and clothe the poor;
In heav'n are found no fons of need;
There all the duties are no more.

He shall redeem Israel from all his iniquities, Psalm cxxx. 8. O the hope of Israel, the Saviour thereof in time of trouble, Jer. xiv. 8. In wrath remember mercy, Habak, iii. 2.

ESPAIR not, O my foul, in any tribulation or conflict, as if it were I impossible to overcome it. The all-healing word of God contains advice and comfort for all cases. The Lord being thy helper in all adversities, and able to turn the sharpest afflictions into the greatest bleffings, he would never finite, nor withhold fomething from thee, if he was not willing also to heal, and give thee something better in its place. O Lord, I trust thou wilt carry me thro' all difficulties. Though my misery and weakness were ever so great, yet there is nothing too great for thee; it is all one to thee, to help in great and little distresses : nay, the more I am furrounded with grief and weakness, the more wilt thou pity, spare, and nourish me, as a tender mother does the least of all her children, and the more occasion there will be to display thy mighty salvation. The sharper and longer my distress and conflicts have been, the nearer, greater, and and sweeter, I trust, will also be my victory and salvation; for the same Lord who has faid I shall not be tried above measure, has also engaged to lead me on conquering till at length all my enemies are subdued.

There's full redemption at his throne For finners long coflav'd; The great Redeemer is his Son, And Ifra'l shall be fav'd. There is an accursed thing in the midst of thee, O Israel; thou canst not stand before thine enemies, until ye take away the accursed thing from among you, Joshua vii. 13. See also 2 Pet. i. 4. Having escaped the corruption that is in the world through lust.

THE entertaining of any worldly luft, and indulgence of any known wilful fin, is an accurfed thing, by which we are deprived of the power of God, and cannot stand before our enemies. Behold therefore the Leverity of God, Josh. vii. 21,-26. and be more earnest. Make all haste to flee from the luft of the world, especially from the luft of the eye, which is the love of money. What more needful than to break off, even the most fubtle and specious bands of unrighteousness. Unless the splinters of the unjust Mammon be taken out, the wound cannot be healed up. Nay, examine thyfelf closely in other things, and whatever finful lust harbours in thy breaft, be faithful to put it off, and flee from it, else you must not wonder at your being so weak in spirit. He that does not relist the finful motion of his heart, will very eafily give a loofe to his hands and tongue. But he that immediately subdues the inward corruptions, will certainly be preserved from their breaking out in finful actions. O Lord, deliver me from all accurfed things, and keep my heart always under thy closest inspection and discipline. Amen.

Why should my passion mix with earth, And thus debase my heavinly birth! Why should I cleave to this below, And let my God, my Saviour go? I abbor myself, and repent in dust and ashes, Job xlii. 6.

Y dear Reader, reflect a moment who it was that made this confession, and consider the many excellencies that he had; see chap. xxxi. Doubtless you will be ready to alk, Why this felf abhorrence? What did this man want? Let me give the answer for you: Before his eyes were opened, he wanted humility or the knowledge of his own vileness, the very thing that you need, if not deeply humbled, and the want of which makes every man vile in the eyes of God. Elihu charges Job home with an undue opinion of his own unrighteousness; and God, who by stroke upon stroke, and not one too much, had brought him to the dunghil, is reprefented as carrying on the same accusation against him. The whole issues in Job's humiliation, as a most important lesson of instruction to all mankind, never to stand upon their vindication with God; and the book, in this view of it, is preparatory to the gospel, and a striking comment upon these words of St. Paul and the Psalmist, " All have sinned and come " short of the glery of God; in thy fight shall no man living be justified, "God be merciful to me a sinner," is a prayer easy to be said, but hard to be felt. One eye upon the perfection of God's laws, and another upon your own heart, may bring you up to it. But the Spirit's light is also needful, for which you must pray earnestly.

A finner vile I am, O Lord, A finner day by day;

Much cause I have to lothe myself, And for thy morey pray. And they sung a new song saying, Thou art worthy to take the book, and to open the seals thereof; for thou wast slain, and has redeemed us to God by thy blood, out of every kindred, and tongue, and people, and nation, Rev. v. 9.

IN heaven the faints have a full fense of their great deliverance, together with a persect knowledge of sin, far beyond any thing we now conceive of it, and the glory of redeeming grace will be the eternal ground of their love and adoration. On earth, it is the great exercise and difficult work of saith, to see sin and Christ at the same time, or be penetrated with a lively sense of our desert, and absolute freedom from condemnation. But the more we know of both, the nearer approach we shall make to heaven; and we are our own greatest enemies, if together with the full comprehension of sin, and the deepest humiliation for it, we do not look steadily unto Jesus, and see it taken away by the Lamb of God. This, though continually repeated by the heavenly choir, is called their new song; because it is always matter of as great joy to them, as if they had never sung it before; and because the love of God and of Christ in their redemption, is always opening upon them with new and increasing wonders. O my soul, let nothing, let not thy sin, hinder thee from beginning it now.

Saints cannot do less Than Jesus to bless; His name they rely on, His godhead confess.

My foul bear a part, If ranfom'd thou art By Jesus blood-shedding, His burial and smart.

To him that was flain The fcorn'd Nazarene, Be glory and honour; Let all fay, "Amen." Follow me, Luke v. 27. And endure hardness as a good foldier of Christ, 2 Tim. ii. 3.

OULD you follow Christ? Then follow him in self-denial, in hulity, in patience, and in a readiness for every good work. Follow him with a daily cross upon your back, and look to his cross to make your burden light. Follow him as your guide and guard, and learn to see with his eyes, and to trust in his arm for defence. Follow him as the friend of sinners, who healeth the broken in heart, and giveth rest to weary souls, and casteth out none that come unto him. Follow him with faith, resting your whole acceptance with God and your title to heaven on his meritoritious blood and righteousness. Lastly, follow him with much prayer. For though he is full of compassion, he loves to be much intreated, and when he is determined to give a blessing you must yet wrestle with him for it. Thus follow Jesus and he will lead you to glory.

My dearest Saviour and my guide, I will be walking at thy fide;

O let me never run astray, Nor follow the forbidden way. The Lord is not far from every one of us; for in him we live, and move, and have our being, Acts xvii. 27, 28. Even the very hairs of your head are all numbered, Luke xii. 7.

H! the close and tender love of the Lord over his people! Nothing is fo mean, but it is under the providence of God, fince even the least things can either hurt or profit the foul. And how fweet is it to observe his footsteps-even in the minutest things, and to be satisfied that we may trust our greater and leffer concerns to his care! O Lord, grant that I may never Iwerve from, nor do any thing without thee; but that my goings in and goings out may be always done in thy presence, as if I had to do with none but thee : may, as if we both lived alone together in the world. O that I could transact all my affairs with thee alone, and in all places look upon thee as if thou wast only a God for me. Let me carefully mark the inward workings of thy grace. and the outward tokens of thy providence, fo as daily to have a true lenfe of thy gracious prefence in every thing, more or less important; and thereby to be even threngthened in faith, and kept in a composed state of mind; confidering that nothing happens by mere chance, but all is wifely ordered by the providential care to our good; firmly believing, if any thing goes contrary to expectation, that fomething better will follow in its flead, it we only can be quiet and wait the time.

God, that must stoop to view the skies, And bow to see what angels do, Down to our earth he casts his eyes, And bends his footsteps downward too. He over-rules all mortal things, And manages our mean affairs: On humble fouls the King of Kings Bestows his counsels and his cares. Cleave to that which is good, Rem. xii. 9. Seek those things which are above, Col. iii. 1.

THE manners of fuch things or persons as we frequently converse with, I cleave very easily to us. If we converse much with God and heavenly things, we shall be heavenly-minded; but if we deal much with the world and temporal things, we must be sensual and worldly-minded. Up therefore with thy heart to God: lift it hourly up to him; and though it finks down often to the earth again, yet the Lord has patience, and will as often receive it again. Therefore raise it up continually, and take great care to keep it above, that it may not fink down and be defiled with worldly things again. Thus it will be easy, to abide in a spiritual frame; but without this care we cannot abide in it at all; a feather easily rises higher and higher when kept above ground, but moves very heavy upwards, when once fallen into the dirt. This you may take as a lively figure of an easy and heavy method in the practice of religion. Choose now, which you please. O that I may always choose the best, namely, to cleave unto the Lord, seeking the things which are above. and never plunge into the world to defile and diffres my foul.

Descend from heav'n, immortal Dove, | Beyond, beyond this lower sky. Stoop down and take us on thy wings, And mount and bear us far above The reach of these inferior things.

Up where eternal ages roll, Where folid pleasures never die. And fruits immortal feast the foul. Lord, now lettest thou thy servant depart in peace, &c. Luke ii. 29, 30. Say to them that are of a fearful heart, Be strong, &c. 11a. xxxv. 4.

WILFUL unbelief only is damnable, and not the weak faith of a fearful and tempted believer. If I do not reject the ransom of Christ my surety, but feel my utter need of it, and am heartily desirous to accept it by faith, God can no more reject me than he can reject my surety, or his own eternal decree. Yet since I have very weak faith, and am often ready to sink into despair, it passeth my understanding to conceive, how I can depart this life in peace. But as thy peace is said to pass all understanding, Phil. iv. 7. it is sufficient to keep the weakest and most fearful soul. Because it is not by any power of our own, but solely by thy divine power, that "we shall be kept through faith unto salvation." And it is equally the same to thee to carry the weakest or the strongest through the gates of death; for since thou art always the same wise, gracious, and mighty God, in all circumstances, and must do the work alone for both, I trust thou wilt lend me also, a poor weak creature, thine all-sufficient help in that time of need.

Saints by the pow'r of God are kept, Till the falvation come; We walk by faith, as strangers here, Till Christ shall call us home. Lord, at thy temple we appear,
As happy Simeon came,
And hope to meet our Saviour here;
O make our joys the fame,

O Lord, how manifold are thy works! in wisdom hast thou made them all; the earth is full of thy riches, Pialm civ. 24. Whose is wise, and will observe those things, &c. Psalm cvii. 43.

O Lord, how many are thine unknown mercies! I am furrounded with them on all fides, yet how little I observe them and acknowledge them to thy praise! If thou hast punished even the Heathen, for not having minded and glorified thee by thy works, what will become of me? Pardon, O Lord, this my blindness and ingratitude, and to all thy other kindness add a thankful heart, that I may joyfully praise thee for the blessing of my creation, the daily bounty of thy providence, and the adorable gift of thy son. In all thy creatures may I see and adore thine infinite power, wisdom and goodness, and be thereby continually strengthened in faith, and stirred up to thy praise and love. Thus let me always converse with thee, cleave to thee, and have uninterrupted communion with thee, that nothing may interfere and disturb this religious disposition of my soul in the least. Yes, O Lord, grant me this wisdom and close attention, for thy glory's sake. Amen.

The glories of my Maker, God, My joyful voice shall sing, And call the nations to adore' Their Former and their King. The brightness of our Maker's name
The wide creation fills;
And his unbounded grandeur flies
Beyond the heav'nly hills.

The sword of the Lord and of Gideon, Judg. vii. 20. For they are bread for us: their defence is departed from them, and the Lord is with us: fear them not, Numb. xiv. 9. But my servant Caleb, because he had another spirit with him, and has followed me fully, him will I bring into the land whereunto he went, v. 24. Surely the wrath of man shall praise thee, Psal. lxxvi. 10.

AKE care, O my foul, that there may also be another, namely, a kingly spirit with thee, as there was with Joshua and Caleb, not to be discouraged on account of thy weakness and great number of frailties and enemies, as if it was impossible to live holily and get the victory. Behold Christ, the true and great Joshua and Caleb, marches out before thee, to make war himself against thine enemies, and who can conquer him? he is unchangeable, his spirit now is as mighty as ever, and his word as powerful, and sharper than a two-edged sword. Against thy various infirmities he offers also a variety of divine strength, and against each of thine enemies he holds forth to thee a particular sword in his word; and abiding in his word thou shalt surely conquer. Though the enemy should raise thine inward and outward calamities to the highest degree, as so many strong walls, yet he must fall; one single word will strike him down.

Not all that tyrants think or fay, With rage and light'ning in their eyes, Nor hell shall fright my heart away, Should hell with all its legions rife. Hearken unto me, ye flout-bearted, that are far from righteousness; I bring near my righteousness, it shall not be far off; and my salvation shall not tarry. We are all as an unclean thing, and all our righteousnesses are as filthy rags, Ita. xlvi. 12, 13. chap. lxiv. 6.

RUE religion is founded upon the knowledge of the true God. Sinners are apt to think they have an high opinion of God, because they think highly of his mercy; whereas God is as holy and as just as he is merciful; and he will as certainly punish the guilty, as he will pardon the penitent and believing soul. "God I thank thee, I am not as other men are," says every self-righteous sinner; not considering that if God were extreme to mark what is amiss, no sless living could be justified; God be merciful to me, a sinner," says every true Christian and real believer. Till this be thy language, O my soul; till thou feelest thyself a lost, ruined, and helpless sinner," till thou art brought to acknowledge the justice of God in thy condemnation; till thou art driven to Christ, as thy only refuge and hope of salvation, thou art "ignorant of God's righteousness, art going about to establish thine own righteousness, and thou dost not submit to the righteousness of Christ."

I am, faith Christ, the Way;
Now if we credit him,
All other paths must lead aftray,
How fair soe'er they seem.
I am, faith Christ, the Truth;
Then all that lack this test,

Proceed it from an angel's mouth,
Is but a lie at best.
I am, faith Christ, the Life,
Let this be seen by faith:
It sollows without surther strife,
That all besides is death.

Thou therefore endure hardness as a good soldier of Jesus Christ, 2 Tim. ii. 3.

TRINCES combat with flesh and blood, Christians wrestle with principalities and powers; their wars give days of truce, ours not a minute's rest; conditions of peace there may cause retreat, nothing but death here can raise the siege; kings if overcome, may save themselves by slight, but Christians may as soon fly from themselves as from their enemies; the foldier of Christ is in a field of continued conslict; he cannot let fall his hands, but Amelek prevails: Not to be a conqueror, is to be a prisoner; not to win the field, is to lose the foul; security wounds thee, yielding kills thee, but victory crowns thee. Therefore watch as for thy life; fight as for thy foul; the time will come, when " thefe enemies thou feeft to-day, er thou shalt fee them no more for ever; then thou shalt lay down thy fword, and take up thy crown and fing, "victory, victory," for ever thro' the blood of the Lamb. Let then the prospect of heavenly glory fire thee; though thine enemies be powerful, yet remember to go forth against them in the strength of the Captain of thy salvation; though assaults be many, and my enemies mighty, if God strengthen me, I have enough to comfort me; for the greater my enemy, the more glorious my victory; and the more glorious my victory, the more triumphant my glory.

Lord let me spare no inbred soes, But fight 'em well by faith; Be daily dealing mortal blows, And triumph at my death. I will heal your backfliding, Jer. iii. 22. It is God who worketh in you both to will and to do of his good pleasure, Phil. ii. 13.

My dear Saviour, I would fain believe in thee, be faithful, obedient, and work always that which is good. And fince this also thy will, I trust it shall be done; for if thou wilt and I will, who can hinder it? True, it is, that sin, sless, the world, and devils, are against it; but shall these enemies be stronger than thou, the mighty God? Shall their opposition be able to quell thy work in me, if I do not consent to it? That can never be. The more violence they use upon me, the more earnest may I be with thee in prayer; and the more I pray, the more glorious will thine assistance be; the more they hinder, the more thou wilt further, that all their hindrances shall be swallowed up by thy surtherances, as the serpents of the sorcerers in Egypt were swallowed up by the serpent of Moses. The enemy will fall by his own sword, and the greatest opposition will turn to my good, and to the promoting of thy work. Every thing indeed can overcome me if I do not abide in Christ by a continual acting of faith and prayer; but by thus abiding in him, all opposition proves not only weak in itself, but profitable to my soul.

We honour our exalted King;
How sweet are his commands!
He guards our souls from hell and sin
By his almighty hands.

Fearless of hell and ghastly death, We'll break through ev'ry foe; The wings of Love and arms of Faith Shall bear us conqu'rors thro'. I am like a green fir-tree; from me is thy fruit found, Hosea xiv. 8. I will rebuke the devourer for your sakes, and he shall not destroy the fruits of your ground, Mal. iii. 11. See also Isai. xxvii. 2, 6.

Is it not a disagreeable thing for a gardener to see the finest blossom and fruits destroyed by the caterpillars? Doth it not rejoice him to see all the branches bow with ripe fruits? O my heavenly Lord, grant that I may not displease, but rejoice thy heart also. Let me abide in Christ, my true vine, and always bring forth good fruits. But since every fruit has its enemies, and thou hast no sooner worked any thing, than the insects of sin endeavour to destroy it, I beseech thee to make me watchful of these insects, and diligent in every good work. Rebuke the devourer presently, and preserve me as a branch of Christ, night and day, as thou hast promised, that my fruits may endure to eternity. Doth a diligent gardener dress and cultivate his garden as well as he can, why shoulds not thou cultivate my heart also, since thou art honoured by my fruits? O! yes: I trust the crystal stream of thy throne will water me, that I may bring forth greater plenty of fruit.

Like trees of myrrh and spice we stand Planted by God the Father's hand; And all his springs in Zion slow, To make the young plantation grow. Let my beloved come and tafte His pleafant fruits at his own feaft. "I come, my spouse, I come," he cries, With love and pleasure in his eyes. I will, (do it) John xiv. 14. And what is that? Whatfoever thou defireft; For the Lord will fulfil the defire of them that fear him, Pl. cxliv. 19.

VEA, he does " exceeding abundantly above all that we ask or think;" granting, not only according to the notion of our narrow hearts, but according to the riches of his glory, as becomes his Majesty. Christ delights in great petitions; for he is a great Lord, and is rich unto all that call upon him. He has all the riches of his merits and gifts, nor for himfelf, (fince being the very God, he wanted nothing for himfelf) but only for us, even the rebellious, who fincerely call upon him. Therefore what he has as Mediator, is not his, but all belongs to me, if I but call upon him. O my foul, pray to him, nay, be much in prayer; and as often as thou pourett out thy foul before him in prayer, let nothing refound in thy heart, but these words: "I will; I will do it." As God can never lie, there is not one fingle groan loft; but every one will be found to be a jewel in the life to come; by which thy riches are increased, and one treafure put to another. O! how much is there neglected in this already! why shouldst thou not be earnest now to redeem that little remaining part of thy time, by prayer for eternity, to lay up there many treasures, and richly adorn thy crown. O Lord, grant that this may be done.

Now is the time, he lends his ear, And waits for your request; Come, left he rouse his wrath, and swear "Ye shall not see my rest."

Joshua drew not his hand back, wherewith he firetched out the spear, until he had utterly destroyed all the inhabitants of Ai, Joshua viii. 26. For this purpose the Son of God was manifested, that he might destroy the works of the devil, I John iii. 8.

Willing subjection to any one fin is not confistent with the grace of A God, and true faving faith, Rom. vi. 14. For though wicked inhabitants will abide in the heart, and fometimes prevail over a believer, they must not reign there, nor should be suffered to stir without resistance : Since we may be utterly ruined by the dominion of a fingle fin, that is by a willing fubjection to it, as by the dominion of a thousand; just as a bird is catched in one fingle fnare. And though you are actually converted, and have gained the dominion over your fins; yet you must not draw back your hand, and lay the spear and sword of the Spirit aside. There is no truce in this war, nor any rest found but in fighting; for if you beat not your enemies they beat you. Therefore the Christian foldier's watch-word is, fight on, looking to Icfus. Satan left Christ only for a time; much more will be renew his affaults upon us again and again: nay, if a man is not watchful, but prefumptuous, "he takes to him seven other spirits more wicked than himself." But if one conflict lasteth long, remember that is also the case of others; and even the ancient fathers have gone under it till they were grey; at last the victory will be the more sweet and glorious. Only above all things take the shield of faith, for faith alone triumphs, by which we are in covenant with Christ, and he makes one cause with us.

'Tis faith that conquers earth and hell By a celeftial pow'r; This is the grace that shall prevail In the decisive hour. Come buy without money and without price, Isaiah lv. 1. Come, for all things are now ready, Luke xix. 17. Him (be it who it will) that cometh to me, I will in no wife cast out, John vi. 37.

TOW could a tender mother's heart cast out her fick child calling for help? Come, my poor foul, come only as well as thou canft. Better come in a cold, fearful, and miferable condition, than not at all. For if we cannot come boldly to Christ with a strong faith, we must even come trembling, just as we are; nor will fuch coming be offensive to Christ. For he says, " Him that cometh," come how he will, "I will in no wife calt out." A feeling of joy is not needful to bring us to Christ, but a feeling of our wants. For it is not required to bring any money of our own worthiness, but only the whole heap of our mifery along with us, and defire grace. - God does not look upon the sensible joy of faith; (for this is his particular gift, which he could soon give, if need was) but upon the fincerity, application, and earnestness of a poor finner. John Bunyan very fitly compares fuch a one to a man who would fain ride a full gallop, whose horse is hardly able to go a good trot. In this instance the intention of the reader is not to be judged by the slow paces of his horse, (which refembles our corrupt and unwilling nature) but by his whippings, spurrings, and beatings of the beaft.

See, deareft Lord, our willing fouls
Accept thine offer'd grace;

We bless the great Redeemer's love, And give the Father praise. Be not overcome of evil but overcome evil with good, Rom. xii. 21. For, who is be that will barm you, if you be followers of that which is good? I Pet. iii. 13.

JE HE Christian's life is a warfare, and the conflict between fin and holiness, and between forrow and comfort is often very violent. The child of God has many evils to encounter with. Sin, Satan, Self, and the World are daily enemies. He is also exposed oft to poverty, affliction, reproaches, and perfecution. O my Saviour, help me to overcome every evil in the thrength of thy grace; give me a heart to do good to all who may feek to hurt me .-Who is he that will harm you, if ye be followers of that which is good? Not the Father, for he loves you; Not Jesus, he died for you? Not the Spirit, his work is to comfort you? Not good men, they love those who follow that which is good? Not wicked men or devils; for though enemies, they are confined and cannot fir one step beyond what thy God and Saviour permits them? When you meet with a trial, look not to men but to Jefus. Pray for patience to bear it, and look up for a bleffing upon it. Then all things shall work together for good, Rom. viii. 28. Let every temptation make you more caretul, and put you on closer watching against the enemy. Cleave to Jesus by fairh and prayer, like a child to its parent, when it fees an enemy coming towards it. Behold him, fly to him, relt upon him, and then you will rejoice in him.

How glorious, Lord, thy wisdom shines, And baffles Satan's deep designs; Thy pow'r is fov'reign to fulfil The nobleft counfels of thy will. Prayer shall be made for him continually, and daily shall be be praised, Psalm lxxii. 15.

What a condescending King we have, who may always be approached! Who would not pray? You fay, O that my coldness and indifference would permit me to do it! But are you not fensible of your wants and miferies? Is not this coldness and backwardness misery enough? Therefore you ought also to pray, and to pray most when you are so dull and drowfy. else it will never be better with you. Arise therefore, and pray, the good Spirit of God will affift you in it. " Encouraged by the promises of " a prayer-hearing God, and a special assistance of the Holy Spirit in this " work, we must even in the greatest conslicts not omit to resist the temp-" tations of the devil. And though we have finned, not defer it long; " but pray directly, and fay, The Lord is merciful, and I am unworthy " and unable to pray! but alas! what shall I do? shall I wait till I am " worthy and able? O no; perhaps this time will never come; for I am " always a great, miferable finner. A Christian stands always in need of or prayer; for fince the fense of fin does not leave him, he must not leave " off prayer." Lord, grant me more of the spirit of prayer, and let it never be extinguished in my heart.

Arise, my soul, from deep distress, And banish every fear; God calls thee to his throne of grace, To fpread thy forrows there. What dost thou here, Elijah? 1 Kings xix. 13.

ET this question be supposed as addressed to us; What dost thou here in this world, into which thou art fent? Art thou working " the work of him " that fent thee, or flanding all the day idle? How doft thou acquit thyfelf in the duties of thy particular calling? Art thou upright, conscientious, and useful therein? Art thou in the post assigned thee by heaven, truly called, and properly qualified for it? or haft thou thrust thyself into it without warrant or invitation ; and therefore halt no cause to expect success? What dost thou here, in this retirement? is the world thut out of thy thoughts, and are the vifits of the bleffed Spirit invited? What dolt thou here, if it be not thy wish and endeavour to have communion with the Father, and with his Son Jesus Christ? What dost thou here, if thy peace with an offended God is not already made, or most earnestly defired and sought after? If thou really wanted peace and fafety, and plead the blood of Jefus, flee to the city of refuge. before the purfuer of blood overtakes thee, and thou perish from the way. " Remember Lot's wife," and lock not behind thee, left thou become a monument of wrath. What dott thou here in times of trial and temptation; art thou flying from the danger, or boldly facing it in the name and firength of the Lord? Art thou ashamed of the cross, or dost thou willingly take it upon thee? Elijah failed here. he fled from lezebel: And did such an one as Elijah fear? Then howl, ye fir trees, if the cedars be thus shaken! hold fast by Christ, ye weak ones, if the strong fall! What dost the here below? Art thou for pitching thy tent on this fide Jordan. satisfied with thy present portion; or art thou "looking to a better country, to a city that hath foundations, whose bolder and maker is God?" Life is uncertain, death approaches, the Judge is at the door, then " prepare to meet thy God."

Arm me with a jealous care, As in thy fight to live; And thy weak fervant, Lord, prepare, A good account to give, Mine eyes are ever towards the Lord: for he shall pluck my feet out of the net, Pl. xxi. 15. Happy is the man that feareth always, Prov. xxviii. 14.

How long can some enemies hide themselves with their nets before our eyes, and draw in all on a sudden. It is unspeakable how cunning and powerful our enemies are, how they lie in wait every where, fo that in all places and at all times we are furrounded, with many cruel murderers of fouls. Bleffed is he that keeps clear from felf-confidence; and fearing always. favs within himfelf, as foon as he awakes in the morning, Who knows what temptations I may meet with to-day? perhaps when I arife, by the first step my feet may be entangled in dangerous snares and nets. And as self-confidence ever will be ashamed, and firm confidence in the Lord never shall. Rom. ix. 33. grant, O Lord, I befeech thee, that distrusting myself I may fully put my trust on thee, watching evermore in all things, and looking cautiously in all places about me, where there is any fear of danger. Whatever I am about to do or to speak, let me first converse with thee by prayer: that keeping always close to thee, I may be preserved against the power and graft of mine enemies, as in a strong-hold; and considently say, according to thy own pattern given, Pfalm xvi. 8. " I have fet the Lord before me; because he is at my right-hand, I shall not be moved."

God is my portion and my joy;
His counsels are my light;
He gives me sweet advice by day,
And gentle hints by night.

My foul would all her thoughts approve
To his all-feeing eye:
Not death nor hell my hope shall move,
While such a friend is nigh.

My Father worketh hitherto, and I werk, (as also the Holy Spirit) John v. 17.

O My poor foul, is not the bleffed Trinity thy God, in three Perfons, able to destroy the works of the devil, and fulfil his good-will in thee? O! yes, he works both to will and to do; and that very thing which is above your own power, he works, and nothing elfe. If you can do little, he works much; if nothing at all, fo much the better, then he works all: For he is our All; fince we are nothing, and can do nothing. And happy are we that we can have him for our support in all things; and that the children of God are not required to direct their own steps, but shall be led by their heavenly Father. Now, O Lord, fince by the will, guidings, and workings of my own heart, I throw only so many hinderances and blocks in my way; grant I befeech thee, that in due dependance on thee, I may venture every thing; and, despairing of my own sufficiency, may always abide in thee, draw all necessary strength from thee by prayer, and bring forth many good fruits which may last to eternity. For thy work in true believers, weak as it may feem now, will last for ever, and none shall be able to destroy it.

Lord, let thy counfels guide my feet.
Through this dark wilderness;
Thy hand conduct me near thy seat,
To dwell before thy face.

Then, if the springs of life were broke, And flesh and heart should faint, God is my soul's eternal rock, The strength of ev'ry saint, Draw nigh to God, and he will draw nigh to you. Refift the devil and he will flee from you, James iv. vii. 8. And thus the effectual fervent prayer of a righteous man availeth much, chap. v. 16.

O My dear foul, draw nigh to God in prayer, and he will draw nigh to thee; be instant in it, and the devil cannot stand against thee; for prayer will drive away sin and Satan, as the wind drives the smoke before it; it works wonderful great things, and will make possible what seemeth most impossible. If God has given thee some spiritual blessings already, this is an encouragement to hope also for that which thou lackest yet: Therefore only pray considently, and you shall receive evermore; for unbelief is the only reason that God cannot work wonders for us.

My God, I bow before thy feet, When shall my soul get near thy seat? When shall I see thy glorious face, With mingled majesty and grace?

How should I love thee and adore, With hopes and joys unknown before! And bid this trifling world be gone, Nor teaze my heart, so near thy throne. Creatures with all their charms should fly The presence of a God so nigh: My darling fins should lose their name, And grow my hatred and my shame.

My foul should pour out all her cares, In flowing words or flowing tears; Thy smiles should ease my sharpest pain, Nor shall I feek my God in vain.

I live by the faith of the Son of God, Gal. ii. 20.

In frames forms, creatures, and animal life, that inward peace and stability of mind, which is only to be found in the Redeemer. Outward duties are well in their place, but they have no divine life in themselves or to give. They are to be performed, but not trusted in; to be used with grace, but cannot buy grace. They are as the scassold of the building, a mean for carrying on the work, but not the end of the great design. In the power of Christ they are blessings; without it, they have no power. The whole trust must be in Jesus. He is the way, the truth, and the life; without him prayers, praises, rites, and ordinances are carcases without as soul. Every performance of outward worship is so, unless the Saviour fills it with his divine spirit. Then it is we experience a communion of heart, a reviving of the soul after the adorable Jesus, and a delightful view behind the veil of outward ordinances (such as no carnal eye can behold) manifesting the Lord in his goodness, beauty, grandeur, blessedness, and glory.

Nature has all its glories loft, When brought before thy throne; No flesh shall in thy presence boast, But in the Lord alone. Take this child away, and nurse it for me, and I will give thee thy wages, Exod. ii. 9.

A S Moses was ordered to be saved by the most cruel enemy's daughter; so Satan himself, even when he meditates our destruction, must be a means of our life. See also Matt. xii. 48. Who is my mother? &c. Isa. viii. 10. chap. ix. 6. O Lord Jesus, if thou art a child born unto me, and I willing to receive thee as my Immanuel, thou wilt be my shield and exceeding great reward, and defend me powerfully against all my enemies. O my dear Saviour, if thou art mine, all is mine, even thy Father, thy Spirit, and thy heavenly glory; all accidents, all enemies must work for my good, and be instruments and ministers of my salvation. O that I may, trusting in thee, never fear any thing, but, thinking directly it is mine, may only make good use of every thing. Thus even the very worst would turn to my greatest blessing; and without it perhaps I should want as needful a thing, as a mill or a ship does when destitute of wind and water.

My foul, furvey thy happiness, If thou art found a child of grace, How richly is the gospel stor'd What joy the promises afford!

All things are now the gift of God, And purchas'd with our Saviour's blood:

While the good Spirit show us how To use and to enjoy them too.

If peace and plenty crown my days, They help me, Lord, to speak thy praise If bread of sorrows be my food, Those forrows work my real good. Speaking unto yourself in psalms and hymns. Eph. v. 19. Teaching and admonishing one another in psalms and hymns, Col. iii. 16.

IF we are obliged to promote the temporal good of our neighbour, how much more the spiritual, by edifying discourses. But how is it? The children of God, when a person visits them, (says a certain divine) are fometimes troubled, and know not what discourse to enter upon: at last they begin an unprofitable discourse, or at least they suffer others to do it, and are filent at it. I will tell you what I have done in fuch cases: I first prayed to God, saying, "O good God, here I receive a " guest, and having nothing to set before and treat him with, I pray "thee to give me the right bread for him;" which the Lord was pleafed to hear in fuch a gracious manner, that I could foon enter into an edifying discourse. And thus we keep our conscience clean, and tho' perhaps the lips were frozen up at first, they are thawed and opened by prayer. Some foolish philosophers, to the great offence of others, mock at divine things, and even at prayer; as if we needed no other help, than our own depraved reason and will. But what St. Paul says, Rom i. 22 is fulfilled in them. "Professing themselves to be wife they "become fools." What will become of these poor scoffers upon their dying bed, and at the day of Judgment! O that they would take warning while it is time,

Now if some proper hour appear Let none be over-aw'd; But let the scoffing finners hear That we can speak for God. Tell his disciples, and Peter (who was deeply fallen) especially, Mark xvi. 7, If any man sin, we have an advocate with the Father, Jesus Christ the righteous for the whole world, I John ii. 1, 2. Wherefore lift up the hands which hang down, and strengthen the feeble knees, Heb. xii. 12.

HAST thou been flack, unfaithful, and fallen away, O poor foul, thou art not to make light of it: but why wilt thou continue in thy fallen condition any longer and complain? Get thee up, and ask pardon of Christ; he is ready to forgive and receive thee again, like Peter, "having received gifts for the rebellious." Delay not to lay hold of thy ransom, which is greater than all the sins of the world; nay, the ransom is paid for this very sin, and a pardon purchased by it already. Therefore sue it out and be not discouraged, nor listen to the temptation of giving up hope, and turning back to the world. The Lord even now reaches forth his hands to thee anew by this very word; come lift thyself up at it, and be careful for the time to come to be so much more cautious, humble, and gentle towards others; for a Christian's foot may trip, but when recovered it slides deeper into humility.

Salvation! O the joyful found,
'Tis pleafure to my ears;
A fov'reign balm for ev'ry wound,
A cordial for my fears.

Bury'd in forrow and in fin, At hell's dark door I lay; But I arise by grace divine, To see a heav'nly day. Behold we come unto thee, Jer. iii. 22. (and) I will come unto you, John xiv. 18.

A lively representation of this happy meeting, see Luke xix. 4, 5, 6. Zaccheus ran... and Christ said unto him, make haste and come down, for today I must abide at thy house.

My dear Saviour fince I come to thee, and thou to me, we shall certainly meet one another. Who will oppose and obstruct it? The devil and fin? O no! this wall of separation is pulled down. "Christ says, come unto " me, I am not an angry judge, but a loving Mediator between God and the " frightened conscience : keep to me, and fear not wrath. I fit here, that, be-" lieving in me to make intercession for thee with God, no wrath nor disgrace " can befal thee. Should wrath and punishment come upon thee, it must " first come upon me; which is quite impossible." Yes, O my soul, it is indeed impossible; for thy Jesus is the dear Son of God, in whom dwells all the fulness of grace, and the Father loooking upon him, his wrath must vanish away, and every thing in heaven and earth be changed into smiles of love and grace, Eph. i. 6 .- Dangers and conflicts being hot, God haftens with his affistance. At other times he tarries, and the work of our whole renovation goes on by little and little, that improving in the exercise of patience and faith, we may also bear with others, and learn not only to quicken our diligence, but alfo to wait for him.

In thine own ways, O God of love, We wait the vifit of thy grace; Our fouls' defire is to thy name, And the remembrance of thy face. Mine iniquities are gone over my head, as an heavy burden, they are too heavy for me, Pfalm xxxviii. 4.

TT is a fure fign that a man is awakened out of his fleep, when he difcovers the error of his dream. In the drawing up of water out of a deep well, fo long as the bucket is under water, we feel not the weight of it, but as foon as it comes above water, it begins to hang heavy on the hand. When a man dives under water, he feels no weight of the water though there may be many tuns of it over his head, whereas half a tub full of the same water, taken out of the river, and set upon the fame man's head, would be very burdensome to him, and make him foon grow weary of it. In like manner, fo long as a man is, over head in fin, he is not fenfible of the weight of fin, it is not troublesome to him; but when he begins once to come out of that state of fin wherein he lay and lived before, then beginneth fin to hang heavy upon him, and he groans under the weight thereof. So long as fin is in the will, the proper feat of fin, a man feels not the weight of it, but like a fool it is sport and pastime to him to do evil. It is therefore a good sign that sin is removed out of its feat, out of its chair of state, when it becomes burdenfome to us; and fuch a fenfe of fin may well be confidered as an entrance into a state of grace.

Give me, O Lord, the broken heart, Which mourns for fin with inward fmart;

And will to thy dear cross repair, And seek and find its healing there Return, ye backfliding children, and I will heal your backflidings, Jer. iii. 22. See also Luke xv. When he was yet a great way off—

thou backsliding child and lost sheep, crying earnessly, Return, Return! Do not run on in the broad way with the world any longer. Are you not tired yet of the husks of the world? Do you feel no troubles in your soul? shall not these drive thee to God? Lo! thy Father and Shepherd seeks thee. He is gone forth to call and meet thee already. He will receive thee willingly and joyfully. Come only praying as the prodigal son, and he will freely forgive thee all, though thou hadst sinned ever so much. He is also able to heal and correct the most desperate corruptions of thy heart; he can deliver thee from the very jaws of hell and the devil. Nay, if thou even wast possessed with more than seven devils, he can still cast them out. Begin to call upon him earnessly in prayer, and, poor and wretched as thou art, come to him as the physician of thy soul; for the physician and the sick, a rich Saviour and a poor sinner, are the best suited to one another. He healeth all our diseases, and can make possible what seems most impossible to thee.

Come all ye vileft finners, come, He'll form your fouls anew; His gospel and his heart have room For rebels such as you. Watch ye therefore and pray always, Luke xxvi. 36. Let us lay afide every weight, and the fin which doth so easily beset us, Heb. xii. 1.

THE hearts of men are not like unto clocks, which only want to be wound up once a-day; O no! the dulness and distraction is too great and dangerous. We must lift them up many times a-day, yea, watch continually to lay afide every weight. Our going out and coming in, nay all things, even the very leaft, we must do with prayer, always strictly examining what is the will of the Lord; elfe, if they are done after our own will, they do not tend to the glory of God, and cannot be attended with his bleffing. But if we earneftly thrive against our own will in prayer, patiently suffering every hour what the Lord thinks proper to lay upon us, and will be ruled by his hints, and and flight strokes of his rod, many heavy afflictions, scourges, and whips may be avoided; for the burdens which we bring upon ourfelves by our own will and impatience, are always the heaviest. A Christian has daily his proper burden, like a clock its weights, by which the flesh is kept under, so that that the spirit can rife up. Therefore when any thing comes cross, he looks upon it as his weight for the day, to stir him up to the exercise of prayer and meditation in the word of God. O Lord; grant that I may alway bear thy easy yoke, and never be the cause of my own diffress and dulness.

Wait on the Lord, ye trembling faints, And keep your courage up; He'll raise your spirit when it faints, And sar exceed your hope. Give an account of thy flewardship, Luke xvi. 2.

Lord, how have I wasted my time, goods, and faculties! O pardon me for thine infinite mercy's sake; blot out my debt by thy blood; and grant that henceforth keeping a daily good account, and asting more prudently, faithfully, and diligently, my reckoning may not be false at last. But preserve me also from all needless cares; since the care to get something is not the steward's business, but only to husband every thing faithfully, "Teach me, O Lord, and give me wisdom and grace to govern my house, and manage all my affairs rightly. Be thou the principal governor and father of my family; I would be nothing but thy servant; direct me only in all things that I may not suffer or do any harm." He that does not expostulate with God, but accuses himself, as guilty in all things, even his best performances, and slies to Christ as his only refuge, will be justified of God through the righteousness of his dear Son. And being thus adopted of God, he is ready and willing to be governed and directed by him in all things as a child.

That awful day will furely come, Th' appointed hour makes hafte, When I must stand before my Judge, And pass the solemn test. Thou lovely chief of all my joys,
Thou fov'reign of my heart!
How could I bear to hear thy voice
Pronounce the found, Depart!

Examine yourselves, whether ye be in the faith, 2 Cor. xiii. 5.

MANY might be induced to pray for faith if they did not prefumptuously pretend to it, thinking they were not Heathens, but had faith already. For fuch as have actually faith, often doubt whether they have any or not, and those that are without, imagine they have enough. But faith is only wrought in the fouls of those who are deeply humbled by a thorough conviction of the greatness and heinousness of their sins; confessing themselves not only with their lips, but with a true fense of their hearts, to be the chief finners; and looking upon themselves as the most unworthy of all creatures. Without this repentance we do not enter thro' the right gate, and our faith is only fancy, a false imagination of our minds. For faith is the greatest and most difficult thing, even to a child of God; it receives Christ into the heart and overcomes the devil, world, and all fins; which is not eafily done. Therefore, if the generality of people had true faith, nothing was easier than to believe. For what can be easier than to give a mere affent to the Bible as true, which is all that Christians mean by faith in general, then there would be no need to pray for faith, nor to examine themselves whether they have it. The wicked therefore who live in fin deceive themselves in thinking they have faith. For faith giveth victory over the world. And all who trust in their own works deceive themselves too; for the prayer of faith is, "God be merciful to me a sinner." "Lord fave or I perifh." If then the first Christians had need to examine themselves, how much more have we? Therefore the best and fafest way is, to pray earnettly for that faith which has boldness, and triumphs even in death.

O Lord, thy grace and power display; Let guilt and death no longer reign;

Save me in thine appointed way, Nor let my humble faith be vain. For thy name's fake lead me and guide me. Pull me out of the net, &c. Psalm xxxi. 3—5. When the ark set forward Moses said, Rise up, Lord, and let thine enemies be scattered; and let them that hate thee slee before thee, Numb. x. 35.

Liar enemies, who lay various nets and hindrances in his way. But as every body must clear the way for a king when he travels; much more so our enemies, when the King of Kings guides us and goes before us. Grant, O Lord, that all my goings and restings may be done at thy will, Num. iv. 17.—23. Be gloriously pleased to go always before me, and to make room, that mine enemies may be scattered and fall into their own nets. For thou who dwellest in heaven, laughest at all, even mine inward spiritual enemies: and art able to consound their deepest crast and strongest power. Enlighten my darkness, blessed Jesus, that I may see mine enemies distinctly, and strengthen my faith in thee, that I may not sear them. Be the Captain of my salvation: lead me on praying, and believing, and do thou sight all my battles for me. So shall I come off conqueror through thy love, and will give to thee eternal praise.

Oreat God, preserve my conscience clean;
Whish me from guilt, subdue my fin;
Thy have shall guard me from surprise,
The' threat'ning dangers round me rise.

My faith would feize fome promife, Lord; There's pow'r and fafety in thy word: Not all that earth and hell can fay Shall tempt or drive my foul away. -And Moses said unto them, This is the bread which the Lord hath given you to eat, Exod. xvi. 16.

THIS manna was entirely different from the common manna, which is shook from the leaves of trees, and used only in medicine; this dropped down from the clouds, and was truly a miraculous production, as is evident from the following circumstances; that it fell but six days in the week; that it fell in such a prodigious quantity as sustained almost three millions of souls:—That a double portion of it fell the day

before the Sabbath, and none on that day, &c.

This manna is called "fpiritual meat," I Cor. x. 3. because it signified spiritual blessings in heavenly things. Christ himself is the true manna, the bread of life, of which that was a figure, John vi. 49,—51. The word of God is a manna too, by which our souls are nourished. Matt. iv. 4. The comforts of the Spirit are also a "hidden manna," Rev. ii. 17. These come down from heaven, as the manna did, are the support and comfort of the divine life in the soul while we are in the wilderness of this world. The manna they gathered in the wilderness was not to be hoarded up, but eaten; so they that have received Christ, must live upon him daily by faith, and not think of laying up a stock to-day to serve them to-morrow; they that did eat manna in the wilderness hungered again; whereas they that feed on Christ by faith shall never hunger. "Lord, evermore give us this bread!"

Whilst in the wilderness I stray, Thy manna Lord I need, And fresh bestow it ev'ry day, Or I shall faint indeed, What wilt thou, Queen Esther? and what is thy request? It shall be even given thee to the half of the kingdom, Either v. 3.

OST thou want nothing, O poor foul! Hast thou nothing to ask ? O yes! you fay, a great deal. Well then, draw near to thy gracious King and Bridegroom without fear. Lo! he holds out his golden sceptre to thee, faying, only ask; not the half, but the whole of my kingdom shall be granted: nay, I will give myself unto thee. O dear soul, pray, and tell him every thing that is wanting, be it ever so great or ever so small. His loving kindness will hear even the least petition; nay, he will feem to be ignorant of what thou dost not tell him. But whatever is poured out before him, is actually addressed and lodged in its proper place, and does not lie upon thy heart any longer, but upon his heart, which cannot rest till you are relieved. And if you have experienced his help aforetime, in great or small things, you may depend on his readiness to help you out of troubles hereafter, only be earnest in prayer for his help. We often imagined we were willing, and drawing near him, but he was unwilling, and refused our request; but it is not fo, he rather draws us, and defires our relief more than we do; for is he that works even this willing mind.

Are those the happy persons here,
Who dwell the nearest to their God?
Has God invited sinners near?
And Jesus bought this grace with blood?

Go then, my foul, address the Son, To lead thee near the Father's face; Gaze on his glories yet unknown, And taste the blessings of his grace. What wilt thou that I shall do unto thee? Luke xviii. 41.

Lord, doft thou also alk me this question? O yes! Well then, I anfwer, That I may fee how gracious thou art; that knowing thy love in thy light, I may love thee again. This is the fum and substance of all my prayer; because thou requirest it so seriously of me, I Cor. xvi. 22. But thou dost not require it as of myself, well knowing that I can do nothing; but fignifiest only what I am to ask of thee, and what thou art willing to give and to work. For thou doft not require any thing, but what thou workest thyself; and workest every thing that thou requirest. Therefore, faith and love being required by thee, I require the fame from thee again. Grant, O grant them to me, that I may return them to thee again. And fince nothing is pleasing to thee, but what is thy own gift, I trust that thou wilt certainly hear and fulfil this my request. However, as my falvation is not grounded on my own, but on thine and thy Father's love and counsel, and to fave me by free grace through thy merits, I defire to go on, covered all over with grace and pardon. This is treasure enough, by which my heart can be well fatisfied.

He that can fhake the worlds he made, Or with his word, or with his rod; His goodness how amazing great! And what a condescending God! Our forrows and our tears we pour Into the bosom of our God; He hears us in the mournful hour, And helps to bear the heavy load, In returning and rest shall ye be saved, in quietness and considence shall be your strength, Isa. xxx. 15. In your patience possess ye your souls, Luke xxi. 19.

While God is fighting for them. But when we are unwilling to suffer, going about to make complaints every where, and to seek human comfort, or to rid ourselves, by our own contrivances, we lose the comfort of the Lord's help; we are stirring up the wasp-nest of our unruly thoughts, and bring more trouble upon ourselves and others; nay, we are sighting against God, who thereby intends to cure our impatience, pride, and anger. For the more peevish and wild we are, the more desperate is our disease; and consequently we have so much more need of such sharp but wholesome trials of affliction to mortify these wild passions of the sless. Therefore we must not presume to murmur or complain, which will only make bad worse: For he who through impatience will sly from one trouble, may run into ten others, and though it is possible sometimes to rid ourselves of trouble; yet the help is not so glorious and blessed, as if we had waited for the help of the Lord.

Sure I must hear, if I would reign;
Increase my courge, Lord!
I'll bear the toil, endure the pain,
Supported by thy word.

Must I be carried to the skies, On flow'ry beds of ease, White others suffer'd for the prize, And sail'd through bloody seas? Whose loweth instruction, loweth knowledge; but he that hateth reproof, is brutish, Prov. xii. 1.

NOTHING can be faid so bad of us, which we have not the root of in our heart. And though we are convinced of and strive against our own weakness, yet we may not strive so earnessly as to conquer. Therefore God comes to our assistance in a sharp reproof from others; for he knows how to use even the faults of others to our good. And if we receive every thing as from him alone, striving so much against this our frailty, that we may not be offensive to our neighbour any more, we certainly gain a great victory and blessing. But if we grow impatient, and make many excuses, being unwilling to put up any thing, we make evil worse, and neglect the amendment of ourselves and others. O Lord, make us better, and give us patience.

How should the sons of Adam's race
Be pure before their God!
If he contend in righteousness,
We fall beneath his rod.

To vindicate my words and thoughts
I'll make no more pretence;
Not one of all my thousand faults
Can bear a just defence.

Therefore we conclude that a man is justified by faith without the deeds of the law, Romans iii. 28. Ye see then how that by works a man is justified, and not by faith only, James ii. 24.

BOTH these apostles wrote by inspiration: St. Paul answers this question both affirmatively and negatively; That "a man is justified before "God by faith, without the deeds of the law;" and in the 20th verse positively affirms, that " by the deeds of the law shall no flesh be justified." St. James afferts, that " by works a man is justified, and not by faith only." St. Paul speaks of a justification before God: James of a justification before men. St. Paul speaks of the justification of penitent sinners before God: lames of the justification of Saints before men. St. Paul of the justification of finners believing in the righteousness of the Lord Jesus Christ for pardon of life: James of the works of righteousness after justification by faith in Christ. Paul speaks of faith touching its office in the articles of justification before God : James of faith in its fruits and effects. Paul's faith is supposed to be fruitful in obedience, in consequence of an interest in the merits of Christ: Jame's faith is declared so to be by obedience performed. Whenever there is a true faith it must fix on Jesus Christ alone for falvation, that is its principal act. This same faith unites to Christ; and where there is union, there must be love, and where there is love there must be obedience, and where there is obedience there will be a reward of grace, and when the reward is acknowledged to be of grace and not of merit, God will have all the glory in time and in eternity.

For wherein shall it be known here, that I and thy people have found grace in thy fight? It is not in that thou goest with us? So shall we be separated, I and thy people, from all the people that are upon the face of the earth, Exod. xxxiii. 16.

READER, do you adopt the language of Moses, and request with him, that, in all your removals, God's presence may go with you? That you be not permitted to ffir without this diftinguishing testimony, that you are in the path of duty? Are you waiting upon the Lord, earnest to serve him in sincerity and truth? " not being conformed to this world, but transformed by the " renewing of your mind," and defirous to be numbered with his feparate people? Then you may expect the divine bleffing, andyour way to be profperous. It was a diffing wishing privilege of the Israelites, that they were to dwell alone, and not to be reck ned among the nations; and it is the privilege and and duty of the spiritual Itrael, to be separate and distinct from the world : they are a separate people in the love of God; in their election in Christ; in the covenant and grace made with them in him; in effectual vocation; in their being feated with him at his right hand in the day of judgment; and in their being with him to all eternity. Nor are they reckoned among the nations. but as they are called out of them, and generally treated as the refule and offscouring of all things; they do not reckon themselves to be of the world, but as pilgrims and strangers in it. Lord, let my lot be among thy separate people, the righteous, both here and for evermore.

Among the righteous let me dwell, And cast my lot with them; Be dead to pleasure, dead to wealth, And to the world's esteem. And thou shalt call his name Jesus, for he shall save his people from their sins, Matt. i. 21.

CIN is the deadlieft foe we have; it cast our first parents out of paradise; it defaced God's image in man; it brought pain, fickne's, and death into the world, and a spiritual death into the soul; it causes a distance from God, and a diflike to his holy ways; it gave Satan an interest in, and power over mankind; it once drowned the world, and will destroy it at last; it exposes body and foul to the just judgment of an holy God, and will fink every unpardoned offender into everlasting destruction. How is this deadly foe to be conquered? How is this fretting leprofy of the foul to be cleanfed? Reader, be careful in this matter, and feek after a remedy that will be lasting and efficacious. Duties, prayers, tears, facrifices, morality, and partial reformations, avail nothing in this case; all below Christ Jesus will prove physicians of no value. Jesus is the only Saviour; God the Father sent him into the world to fave finners; his name declares the same; he is " called JESUS, for he shall fave his people from their fins," his blood is the only atonement for fin; this fprinkled upon the heart by the Spirit, and apprehended by faith, removes the guilt and curse of fin, speaks pardon and peace; his grace breaks the power of fin, and turns our former love to it into an utter hatred of it; thus is holiness secured in the heart and walk, as well as peace in the conscience. He will fave from the very being of fin, after the conflict between flesh and spirit is over; his people are all that believe in him, and depend upon him for pardon, peace, and everlasting falvation. In that happy number, Reader, may thou and I be found; may we be enabled to look to him, to receive him as our Lord Jesus, able and willing to save to the very uttermost. And may we walk as the redeemed of the Lord, in righteousness and true holiness all the days of our life. Amen.

Pour out your heart before God, Pfalm Ixii. 8.

WHAT a different view does this lively text give of Praying, when opposed to the usual expression of saying our Prayers; saying what our books or our parents teach us; faying what we have been long used to say, perhaps of our own composing, in a formal and customary manner. To pour out our hearts, is like empting a veffel of all its contents, fo that nothing remains; and, O! what a pleasing, awful, important thing must this be; whatever is in my heart, my guilt or fears, my fins or forrows, my cares and croffes, my wants, my dangers, my weaknesses, temptations, darkness, and ignorance, my doubts and anxieties respecting both body and soul, myself and others, the church and the world; every thought that arises relating either to past, present, or future, I have leave to empty myself of, to pour out by drops, or in a more copious stream, till not one burden remains; and this not by myself, or before men; for what help can I get from either? but before God, who is a prayer-hearing God, both able and willing to relieve, and who will not turn away from his creatures, who pour out their hearts before him, and empty themselves by prayer, but will fill them with his consolations, which are neither few nor small. He can fend a Hannah away no longer fad; can fay, "Son, " or daughter, be of good cheer, thy fins are forgiven thee;" and fend an instruc-tor to an inquiring Cornelius to inform him what he must do. No wonder then that real prayer is so much unknown, or is such a cordial when it is made before him who is a refuge for us. Away then for ever with the prayer of the formalift, may I learn fervency of devotion from my heavenly Master, who in his agony prayed till drops of blood fell down; and in all my forrows and diffreffes, spiritual and temporal, in life and in death, like him may I be heard of my heavenly Father in the things that I fear. To a suffering Jesus I look for pardon and cleanfing; O let me be accepted in the Beloved, and purged daily from my defilements, and so become a vessel to honour, sanctified for the Master's use for ever. Amen.

By the grace of God I am what I am, I Cor. xv. 10. Born again, not of corruptible feed, but of incorruptible, by the word of God—As new born babes, defire the fincere milk of the word, that ye may grow thereby, I Pet. i. 23. and chap. ii. 2.

THAT made the wonderful difference between Saul the Pharifee, and Paul the Christian? Grace. What made him trample upon his former legal righteousness, and desire to be found in the righteousness of Christ? Grace, enlightening grace. Wherein consists the difference between the mere moralist and the real Christian? There may be a moral conduct where there is no grace, no principle of saving divine faith; there may be the fear of the Lord, taught by the precept of men, and not by the Spirit of God. One may attend the ordinances of religion; have a regard to outward decency; may have a name to live while dead; be high in profession, and at the same time a stranger to the power of god-liness: many things outwardly decent and praise-worthy may be done without a principle of grace in the heart, witness Paul before his conversion.

Have I this principle called Grace, in my foul? Have I been born of the incorruptible feed? Have I got the taste of a child of God? have I tasted that the Lord is gracious? Then shall I defire the sincere milk of the word: the babe loves the pure milk from the breast, I shall love the milk of the pure word: and from these breasts of consolation will seek comfort and nourishment for my soul. Redeeming love shall be my delightful subject; it will sweeten every thing in the service of Jesus, will constrain to extensive usefulness in my track of life; the grace of God in Christ Jesus will enlarge my views, keep me humble in heart, and give the praise where alone it is due. Through the sincere milk of the word may

I grow daily, and be nourished up to eternal life. Amen.

What'ever I am, I am by grace, And unto God be all the praise; Grace turns the water into wine, And makes the human heart divine. We must all appear before the judgment-seat of Christ, 2 Cor. v. 10.

ND are there scoffers, who madly walk after their own lufts, and question the coming of the Lord? The hour haftens, when infidelity shall doubt no more; "The Lord himfelf shall descend from heaven with a shout, with the voice of the arch-" angel, and with the trump of God." How will finners fade away, and be afraid in their close places, when, visible to all, the Judge shall appear on his great white throne, and from his face the earth and the heaven flee away? Before him shall stand the whole race of man, small and great, and by the testimony of God, and their own consciences, it shall be fully proved, and openly declared what they have been, and what they have done-Then fentence, most righteous, irrevocable, and big with eternity, shall be pronounced-On the wicked everlasting punishment; on the righteous life eternal! Think, oh think what destruction is hanging over your heads, ye obstinate transgressors ! for " behold he cometh with clouds, and every eye shall see him; and they also, which " pierced him, and all the wicked kindreds of the earth, shall wail because of him." " Now, now is the accepted time, now is the day of falvation;" now embrace him. as your offered, your all-fufficient Saviour; fo shall you be for ever delivered from him as your angry Judge. If this you neglect, how shall you abide the day of his coming in flaming fire, to take vengeance on all them that know not God, and obey not the gospel? Lift up thy head, my foul, none else is judge but Chrift; will he, who bore my fins, plead against me in judgment? No; but he will put strength in me? I know in whom I have believed, and that he is able to keep that good thing, my foul which I have committed to him against that day.

An awful day is drawing near,
When Christ will judge the quick and dead! | Ah, sinner! how wilt thou appear
With all thy fins upon thy head.
Now mercy seek which may be found,
For yet you stand on praying ground.

We being many are one body in Christ, and every one members one of another, Rom. xii. 5.

The bleffed communion of faints! one member has the benefit of all the other members, gifts, prayers, and ministrations. One prays for all, and all pray for one. What one has, the other enjoys also. It may be truly faid of them, all is yours. There is no envy, no haughtiness, no strife or harm among real faints; for why should I envy that which is my own? why should I despise that which serves for my necessary assistance? and why should I strive against and hurt him, whose hurt is my own! Is there any strife between the members of our natural body? By no means: they all ferve, help, and affift one another; and if one be injured and fuffers, all the rest run to its belief, and are neither tired, nor angry, if the healing does not follow immediately. O Lord, unite us all in hearty fellowship and tender feelings for each other; and stop all open and subile divifions which are prevented by lofty spirits, who always boast of mighty things, and to be wife above the rest. Suffer not a self-conceited and a party spirit, which is the spirit of the world, to influence the members of thy body; but bless and grace them all with true humility; then we shall live in a folid union and uninterrupted harmony.

O glorious portion of the faints, Let love suppress our fore complaints,

And tune our hearts and tongues to fing, "All glory to our fov'reign King."

Forasmuch as ye are manifestly declared to be the epistle of Christ, ministered by us, written not with ink, but with the Spirit of the living God, not in tables of stone, but the slessly tables of the heart, 2 Cor. iii. 3.

THE image is beautiful and instructing.—" The epistle of Christ written (not in "tables of stone)" not on a stony heart but on a heart of siesh; a heart sostened by grace, and made capable of good impressions: The heart, the seat of vital religion.

So runs the gracious promife, Jer. xxxi. 33.

The word read and preached is not effectual without the operation of the Spirit of God. By the Spirit Christians are cast into the gospel mold; thereby get evangelical, spiritual, and heavenly dispositions; their resemblance to Christ is gradually increased; they have the witness in themselves; have the comfortable experience that they are Christ's when they can read his image on their hearts. They are manifestly declared to others, that they are the expisse of Christ, by their good conversation and conduct in the world, consessing him before men, and speaking forth his praise. "Holiness to the Lord" is wrote with lovely characters on this epistle. They also resemble one another in mutual love, and in love to all that bear their master's image. They are the epistle of Christ, as sealed by his Spirit to the day of redemption; are enabled to show forth the truth, reality, and power of religion in times of affliction, and often at a dying hour.

Am I the epiftle of Christ? Do I read the epiftles of Christ in my Bible; and find them written on my heart? Do I see the finger of God in this divine book, and feel the finger of his Spirit renewing and reviving my soul? Do I read the mind of God there, and heartily approve of his mind? O biessed discovery! What condescending Grace! The great God, by his Spirit, to distate epistles so loving and kind! the great God, whom I have offended, to send me a pardon not only in his word, but by his Son also! Do I read the word of reconciliation in his gospel? Do these glad tidings of great joy revive my drooping spirits? I would read this epistle from heaven over and over again. O how much do I find in it, while the Spirit opens my understanding to understand the scriptures!

Lord write thy law upon my heart, For thine epistle I would be; But write it well on ev'ry part, And make me all refemble thee,

ALLELUIA, Rev. xix. 1.

HOU didft begin the year, O my foul, with an Hofanna, imploring the Lord's bleffing, canft thou now conclude it with an Alleluia? Surely thou canft celebrate the praise of a gracious and loving God? Take a review of the year past; hast thou not had many mercies, have not the eyes of the Lord been upon thee, for good from the beginning of the year to the ending thereof? Hath he not conducted thee through many feen and many more unfeen dangers? Canst thou not with truth as well as gratitude fet up thine Ebenezer, faying, " Hitherto the Lord hath helped me," 1 Sam. vii. 12. If thou haft not been fo fruitful in good works as might have been expected, is thy Lord to blame, or thyfelf? Whatever good has been done in thee or by thee, furely belongs to the favour of God; and whatever has caused shame or homiliation, is no where chargeable but upon thyself. " Praise the Lord then, O my " foul, and all that is within me praise his holy name; praise the Lord, O my foul, 44 and forget not all his benefits; who forgiveth all thy fins, and healeth all thine in-46 firmities, who faveth thy life from destruction, and year after year crowneth thee " with mercy and loving kindness," and may I be crowned at length with everlafting glory. Thou wilt foon, O my foul, enter upon another year; let dear-bought experience seach thee to avoid all occasions of evil, and keep thee close to thy God. If thou livest to fee another day set out afresh, and remember to offer thy daily sacrifice of obedience as well as of praise to thy gracious God. Let every revolving day remind thee of thy approaching last day, and daily be thou preparing to meet thy God, that so when thy days are ended thou mayest fing Alleluiahs before the throne of God and the Lamb for ever and ever.

This God is the God we adore,
Our faithful unchangeable friend;
Whose love is as great as his power,
And neither knows measure nor end.

'Tis Jesus, the First and the Last, Whose Spirit shall guide us safe home; We'll praise him for all that is past, And trust him for all that's to come.

A PRAYER for Christian Graces.

Who is a God like unto thee, glorious in holiness, fearful in praises, doing wonders? Thou art blessed in thyself, and the gracious Author of all our blessings. Thou art the only sovereign Lord, who canst do what thou pleasest in heaven or earth. Thou alone hast everlasting life in thyself, and thou canst only bestow it upon others, and thou dwelless in that light which no man can approach unto, whom no man hath seen, or can see. Thou art a God at hand, and a God afar off; none can hide himself in secret places where thou canst not see him, for thou filless heaven and earth; thine eyes are in every place beholding the evil and the good; thou searchest the heart, and triess the reins, even the thoughts and intents of the heart are naked and open before thee.

I know, O Lord, that thou canst do every thing; power belongs to thee, and with thee nothing is impossible; what thou hast promised thou art able also to perform. Thou art good and doest good; good to all, and thy tender mercy is over all thy works: O that thou wouldst cause thy goodness to pass before me, that I may taste and see that the Lord is good, and have his

loving-kindness always before mine eyes.

O my God, I am ashamed, and blush to lift up my face before thee; for my iniquities are increased over my head, and my trespass is grown up into the heavens; behold I am vile, what shall I answer thee? I will lay my hand upon my mouth, and put my mouth in the dust, if so be there may be hope, crying out, Unclean, unclean. If I justify myself, my own mouth so shall condemn me: if I say I am perfect, that also shall prove me perverse; for if thou contend with me, I am not able to answer thee one in a thousand: Behold I was shapen in wickedness, and in sin did my most ther conceive me; for who can bring a clean thing out of an unclean? And being conceived in sin my understanding is naturally alienated from the life of God, through the ignorance that is in me, because of the blindness of my heart.

I have within me a carnal mind, which is enmity against God; my neck has been an iron sinew, and I have made my heart as an adamant; I have refused to hearken; yea have pulled away the shoulder, and have stopped my ears like the deaf adder: O how have I hated instruction, and despised reproof? I have forgotten God, and lived without God in the world. My heart hath walked after vanity and become vain. I have set my affections on things beneath, have followed after lying vanities, and forsaken my own mercies. I have forsaken the living waters, for cisterns, broken cisterns, that can hold no water: My heart is bent to slide back from the living God, and it is deceitful above all things, and desperately wicked; it starts

aside like a broken bow. "The whole head is sick, the whole heart faint; "from the sole of the feet, even to the head, there is no soundness in me,

" but wounds, and bruises, and putrifying fores."

Lord, I come to thee as the poor publican, and I pray his prayer, "God be merciful to me a finner!" The God of infinite mercy be merciful to me. O wash me thoroughly from my wickedness, and cleanse me from my fin; for I acknowledge my transgressions, and my fin is ever before me. O purge my conscience with the blood of Jesus, and I shall be clean; wash me in that purple fountain, and I shall be whiter than snow; hide thy face from my fins, and blot out all mine iniquities. Let me be justified freely by thy grace, through the redemption of Jesus: Take away all mine iniquity, and receive me graciously; heal my backslidings, and love me freely; and let thy anger be turned away from me, for in thee the fatherless findeth mercy. I will say unto God, do not condemn me, but deliver me from going down into the pit, for thou haft found a ransom. I have finned, Father, against Heaven and before thee, and am no more worthy to be called thy fon; but I have an Advocate with thee, Jesus Christ the righteous, and he is the propitiation for my fin. Lord, remember the true David, even Jesus, and all his troubles; remember all his offerings, and accept his burnt-facrifice; and turn not away the face of thine Anointed, who by his own blood is entered into heaven itself, now to appear in the presence of God for men. Remember the covenant in his

blood, and be merciful to mine unrighteousness, and my fins and my fini-

quities remember no more.

Let me be justified by faith, and have peace with God through Jesus Christ; and through him let me have access to that grace wherein believers stand, and rejoice in hope of the glory of God. O make me hear of joy and gladness, that the bones which sin has broken may rejoice. Let the blood of Christ speak better things than that of Abel; let it speak pardon and peace to my soul; let it purge my conscience from dead works to serve the living God. Let thy Spirit witness with my spirit that I am a child of God, and a joint heir with Christ; say to my soul, I am thy salvation.

Lord, give me a wise and understanding heart; that which I know not, teach thou me; let the Spirit of truth guide me into all truth, and make me to understand wherein I have erred. Make thy way plain before my face, because there are many that watch for my halting; and by the teaching of thy Word and Spirit make me wise unto salvation. Unto me, Lord, let it be given to believe, for the faith by which I am saved is not of myself, it is the gift of God: Lord, increase my faith, and persect what is lacking in it, that I may be strong in faith, giving glory to God. Let every word of thine profit me, being mixed with faith; and enable me to look above the things that are seen, which are temporal, to the things that are unseen, which are eternal; let my heart be purified by faith, and

enable me by faith to overcome the world, and to resist the Devil and to live continually upon Jesus, drawing out of his fullness grace for grace. That The

Unite my heart to fear thy name, that I may keep thy commandments:

O put thy fear into my heart, that I may never depart from thee, and let
me be in the fear of the Lord all the day long. Deliver me from all
flavish fear that hath torment, and give me a filial fear, that I may never

wilfully offend against thee more.

Give me grace, I befeech thee, to love thee, the Lord my God, with all my heart, and foul, and mind, and strength; to delight myself always in thee, and therein shall I have the desire of my heart. Circumcise my heart to love thee, and shed abroad thy love abundantly in my heart by the Holy Ghost. May Jesus be very precious to me as he is to all that believe. Let me delight in him as the chief of ten thousand, and altogether lovely; and though I have not seen him, yet may I love him, and by believing in him may rejoice with joy unspeakable, and full of glory. Let the love of Christ to me constrain me to live, not to myself, but to him that died for me, and rose again.

Lord, put upon me that charity which is the bond of perfectness, that I may keep the unity of the Spirit in the bond of peace, and may live in love and peace, that the God of love and peace may be with me. Give me to love my neighbour as myself, with that love which is the sulfilling of the law; to love him with a pure heart fervently. Give me, O Lord,

the love of the brethren; and enable me to be kindly affectioned towards them in brotherly love, that I may know I am passed from death unto life, and all may know that I am thy disciple. Lord, make me able to love mine enemies; to bless them that curse me, and to pray for them that despitefully use me; forbearing them and forgiving them,

as, I truft, thou for Chrift's fake hastforgiven me.

Lord, give me grace to deny myself, to take up my cross daily, and to follow Christ; to keep under the body, and to bring it into subjection; let me learn of Christ to be meek and lowly in heart, that I may find rest to my soul; hide pride from me, and clothe me with humility; and put upon me the ornament of a meek and quiet spirit, which in thy sight is of great price; let anger never rest in my bosom, nor the sun go down upon my wrath, but enable me to show all meekness towards all men: let me have bowels of mercy, kindness, humbleness of mind, meekness and long-suffering; that the same mind may be in me which was in Christ Jesus my Lord.

Lord, teach me in every flate to be content; let my conversation be without covetousness; may I always be content with such things as I have; still saying, the will of the Lord be done. Lord, give me grace to weep as though I wept not, and to rejoice as though I rejoiced not, and to buy as though I possessed not, and use this world as not abusing it; because the time is short, and the fashion of this world passet away. May the very

God of peace fanctify me wholly; and I pray God my whole spirit, and foul and body, may be preserved blameless unto the coming of our Lord Jesus Christ. Let goodness and mercy follow me all the days of my life; when I walk through the valley of the shadow of death, be thou with me, that I may fear no evil; let thy rod and thy staff comfort me. Redeem my soul from the power of the grave, and receive me; guide me by thy counsel, and afterwards receive me to glory, through Jesus Christ my blessed Lord and Saviour; to whom, with Thee and the holy Spirit, be all honour and glory, thanksgiving and praise, for ever and ever. Amen.

A PRAYER for the Grace of PERSEVERANCE.

TERNAL God, with whom is everlasting strength, thou art able to keep us from falling, and to perform the good work begun in us, till the day of Jesus Christ. But, Lord, thou knowest how weak and changeable I am, how wavering, and bent to backsiding; how apt to shrink back or start aside after I have been hopefully set in the way towards heaven; and in what danger I still am of ruining myself, after all the great things thou hast done for me. O Lord of love, have pity on my infirmities, and strengthen me in my weakness. Preserve me, thou blessed Guardian of thy people, who keepest the seet of thy saints; O preserve me from the danger of apostacy, and falling away from any good beginnings, which thy grace has wrought in me: And put thy

fear in my heart, that I may not depart from thee. Make me so firmly thine, that nothing which befals me in the world, may ever part thee and my soul; and make me so resolute for thy service, that nothing which any can say or do may interrupt me in, or take me off from that way of life which is to depart from hell beneath. O let me not be of the number of those that draw back to destruction; but of their happy

number, who do believe to the faying of the foul.

O Lord God, thou hast begun to show thy servant thy greatness, and thy mighty hand; go on, I pray thee, to work for the glory of thy name, and to perfect that which concerns me. Thou hast been my help, leave me not, nor forsake me, O God of my salvation; but hold thou me up and I shall be safe, and I will have respect to thy statutes continually. Establish, O Lord, strengthen, settle me; and leave me no will or power to resist the gracious designs and methods of thy love and mercy, for the healing and saving of my soul. And as I, by my frailty, do still renew my sins, gracious Lord, through thy mercy, renew me to repentance; and though I fall, let me not utterly be cast down, but uphold me by thy almighty hand; preserve me to thy heavenly kingdom, and keep me by thy power, through faith to salvation. Lord make me faithful unto death, that thou mayest give me the crown of life, that blessed end of my faith, even the eternal salvation of my soul, through Jesus Christ, my dear Lord and Saviour. Amen.



APRAYER for a CHILD.

C LORY be to thee, O Lord, in whom I live, and move, and have my being; who hast preserved me ever fince I was born.

I humbly worship thee, O Lord, my heavenly Father, through Jesus Christ, my Redeemer; O give me thy grace, that I may faithfully serve thee all the days of my life: Wash me from the guilt of my fins in the fountain of Christ's precious blood, fave me daily by thy grace from the practice of fin; let thy good Spirit restrain and cleanse the corruption of my nature: help me to remember thee, my Creator, in the days of my youth; preferve me from those errors and follies to which the frailty of my age does most expose me, and keep me innocent from every great offence; deliver me from lying and vanity, from picking and stealing, from swearing and fabbath-breaking, and from the temptations of evil company.

Incline my heart to all that is good, that I may be modest and humble, true and just, meek and kind, temperate and diligent respectful and obedient to all my superiors, that I may fear and love thee above all, and my neighbour as myfelf. Let thy good providence defend me from all evil night and day; let the grace of thy holy Spirit continually direct and affift me; blefs me in my learning, and help me daily to increase in knowledge and wisdom, and in all virtues; instruct me, O Lord, more and more in the truths of thy holy word, and in the knowledge of thy falvation, that I may live holily, die comfortably, and be eternally happy in

thy kingdom of blifs and glory.

Bless all my dear friends, relations, and benefactors; grant to them whatever may be good for them in this life, and guide them and me to everlasting happiness in thy kingdom, through Jesus Chrst, my dear Lord and Saviour. Amen. Our Father, &c.

An ADDRESS before PUBLIC WORSHIP.

I ORD, I am now in thy house, affist me, I pray thee, and accept of my services: Let thy holy Spirit help my infirmities, disposing my heart, to seriousness, attention, and devotion, to the honour of thy holy name, and the benefit of my soul, through Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen.

After the SERVICE is done.

BLESSED be thy name, O Lord, for this opportunity of attending thee in thy house and service: Make me, I pray thee, a doer of thy word, and not a hearer only; accept both us and our services, thro Jesus Christ. Amen.

(377)

A TABLE of the TEXTS illustrated in this Work.

Genefis	i. 1, 2		page	171	Exod.	i. 12 -	P	age 23
	iii. 15			53		ii. 9		343
	iii. 6		•	307		ii. 23, 25	-	23
	iv. 4, 5			68		xii. 29	4.	299
	V. 24 -			219		xiv.	-	2209
	viii. 9		-	19		xv. 26	-	120
	ix. 13		-	92		xx. 8.		106
	xv. 6	-	-	109		xxviii. 29	-	63
	xvi. 16			353		XXXIII. 12	-	154
	xvii. 1	-		263		xxxiii. 13, 1	4	134
	xxii. 2	-		112	3 2.	xxxiii. 16		359
	xxvii. 24		-	160	Levit.	xvi. 30, 50		69
	xxviii. 12			182		xvii. II		69
	xxviii. 15			154	Num.	ix. 18, 19		74
	xxxii. 1		-	186		x. 35	-	352
	xxxii. 10			146		xiv. 9, 21		328
	xxxii. 12			154		xviii. 20	-	80
	xxxix. 9			255		xxxiv. 52, 55	5	170
	xlv. 24		-	294	Deut.	vii. 18	-	104
	xlix. 18		-	10		xx. 3, 4	-	104
	xlix. 22, 24	+		270		xxxiii. 26		310
						B 4		

Josh. i. 5, 6, 9	- p	age 227	Job xiii. 6		page 32t
vii. 13		320	xiii. 7	•	297
viii. 26		334	xxxviii. I	1 -	104
xiv. 13		298	Pfal. vi. 6		144
Judg. i. 27		170	vi. 8		128
ii. 14 -		170	vi. 9		99
vi. 14, 16	-	238	vi. 10	-	100
vii. 20	•	328	ix. 10, 1	1, 19	100
xv. 14	-	188	x. 7	-	200
1 Sam. ii. 30	-	301	x. 17		316
xvi. 7		158	xiii. I		133
2 Sam. vii. 18	-	146	xiii. 2		132
vii. 18, 28		87	xiii. 2	-	290
X. 12	-	54	xiii. 3	-	211
xii. 13	-	129	xiv. 7	•	4
xxiii. 5	-	39	xvi. II		261
1 Kings xviii. 43	-	169	xvi. 18	-	45
xix. 19	-	338	xvii. 8		13
2 Kings xxii. 8, 19		256	xxii. 26		310
1 Chron. xxix. 17		1,8	xxii 27		139
2 Chron. xxvi. 18		315	xxiii. I	-	50
xxxii. 24,	25	202	xxiii. 4		209
Nehem. xiii. 31	-	107	XXV. I		200
Esther v. 3	-	354	xxv. I	• 1	290

			1 31	,		
Pfal.	xxv. 2, 3	pag	e 197	Pfal. xxxvii. 25	pag	193
	xxv. 4		134	xxxvii. 37		214
	xxv. 8, 12	•	130	xxxviii. 4		347
	xxv. 10		105	xxxviii- 9		216
	xxv. 1·1	-	127	xxxvili. 15		197
	XXV. 15	-	339	xxxviii. 22	-	154
	xxv. 18		118	xlii. 2, 3		289
	XXV. 20, 21		250	xlii. 2, 5, 6		265
	xxvi. 2		215	xliii. 3		223
	xxvii. 11		130	xlv. 9, 11, 13		66
	xxviii. 8		196	xlvi. 4, 5		46
	xxix. 11		128	xlviii. 10		316
	xxx. 7	-	56	1. 14, 15, 23		213
	xxxi. 3, 5		352	li 2.	-	267
	XXXI. 4		77	li. 7. 9	-	85
. ,	xxxii. 8	-	134	li. 10		218
	xxxii 9	-	226	lv. 1	-	279
	xxxiii. 4, 9		164	lv. 22		290
	xxxiv. 5	-	55	lxii. 2, 3, 9		192
	xxxiv. 8		233	lxii 3	-	87
	xxxiv. 18		173	lxii. 8		361
	xxxvi. 9		211	lxiii. 5 -	•	35
	xxxvii. 4	· 19 - 5	119	lxv. 9 -		102
	xxxvii. II		316	lxvii. 2		ioi

Pfal. lxix. 32	- pa	ge 196	Pfal. cxii. 2	- pag	e 122
lxxi. 18		250	cxv. I		205
lxxii. 15		337	cxvi. 6		49
lxxiii. 23, 2	6 -	45	cxviii. 13	-	184
lxiii. 28		16	cxix. 6, 11	, 32, 38, 49	137
lxxvi. 10		328	cxix. 9, 18	, 29, 30, 33	129
lxxxi. 10		102	cxix. 18	-	211
lexxvi. 8	116.75	173	cxix. 37		276
lxxxvi. 11		130		109, 116, 132	204
lxxxix. 3	-	39	cxix. 94		196
XC. 14	1 4	102	cxix. 130,	133 -	277
xci. 4	•	13	cxix. 145,		9
xcii. 14, 15		95	cxix. 176		145
xciv. 19		152	cxxi. 4		123
zcvii. 11	•	42	CXXV. I	·. ·	197
cii. 17		55	cxxvi. 4		131
civ. 24		327	cxxvi. 5, 6		99
cvii. 43		327	CXXX. 4		178
cix. 22	-	139	cxxx. 5	•	151
CX. 2		. 46	cxxx. 8		319
cxi. 10	-	153	cxxxviii. 3		128
cxii. 4		42	cxxxviii. 8		36
cxii. 9	-	318	cxxxix. 23,	24 -	219
			cxxxix. 23	24 -	216

			(30)]		
Pfal.	exliii. 6	- page		Prov. xxxix. 25	-	page 305
	cxlv. 8, 9		118	Eccles. iii. 11	-	116
	cxlv. 16		314	ix. 10	•	72
	cxlv. 18	-	173	xi. 6	-	318
	cxlv. 19		333	xii. 12	-	135
	cxlvi. 8	-	211	xii. 13, 14		263
	cxlvii. 3, 6		139	Cantic. i. 3	-	268
	cxlvii. 10	-	128	i. 4		257
	cxlix. 4		316	i. 4	-	300
Prov.	. iii. 5	•	253	ii. 10, 14		- 244
	iv. I		210	ii. 16		195
	iv. 8		223	vii. 11	-	165
	iv. 23		190	Isaiah i. 18	- 1	85
	vii. 17	•	196	ii. 17	-	157
	viii. 35		196	iii. io	-	214
	xi. 8	-	158	xii. 13	-	102
	xii. 1		357	xiv. 31	-	151
	xiii. 4		312	xxxv. 6	-	108
	xiv. 34		73	xxv. 8	-	122
	xviii. I		286	xxv. 9	-	213
	xviii. 10		260	xxv. 9	-	290
	xviii. 14	•	339	xxvi. 3, 4		- 78
	xviii. 23	. •	280	xxvii. 2	-	332
	xxix. 5	•	280	xxvii. 5	-	78

Ifaial	xxvii. 6		page 95	Ifaiah xlix. 15, 16	- page	133
	xxviii. 29		105	xlix. 33		179
*0	XXX. 15		59	liv. 2, 3		263
	XXX. 15		356	liv. 5		79
	XXX. 21		262	liv. 7, 9		132
-	xxxiii. 24		178	liv. 10, 15		252
1	xxxv. 3, 4		326	liv. 11		316
:	XXXV. 10		79	liv. 15		103
	XXXV. 10		131	lv. 1		335
	xxxvii. 31	1.	95	lv. 1, 2	-	289
	xl. 11	•	145	lv. 7	•	127
	xl. 29	-	144	lvii. 15, 16		56
. 1	xliii. 1, 2	-	86	lvii. 18		120
	xliii. 3	-	120	lviii. 9		173
	xliii. 5	-	201	lviii. 10. 12		42
	xliv. 22		85	lxi. I		120
	xlv. 4		227	lxi. I		131
	xlv. 15		105	lxi. 10	-	148
	xlv. 24	•	167	lxiv. 6	-	329
	xlvi. 24		172	lxiv. 8	-	3
	xlv. 3, 4		250	lxv. 24	- 911	279
	xlvi. 12, 13		329	Jerem. iii. 22		331
	xlviii. 17, 18		- 141	iii. 22		348
	xlix. 8, 9, 10	-	131	vi. 16		295

			, ,			
Jerem.	vii. 4, 5	•	page 251	Hof. ii. 14	-	page 165
	xiv. 8	-	319	ii. 19, 20	-	295
	xv. 19	-	301	xiii. 14		2
	xvii. 8	-	95	xiv. 3		257
	xvii. 9	-	222	xiv. 8	-	332
	xvii. 14		120	Joel ii. 32		173
	xviii. 19	-	123	Amos iii. 3		97
	xxix. 10, I	1, 13	164	iii. 3	-	203
+ 30 -	xxix. 11	-	107	ix. 9	-	58
	xxxi. 3	-	300	Mica ii. 13		96
	xxxi. 9	-	77	Habak. ii. 3		197
	xxxi. 14		102	iii. 3		319
	xxxi. 25		144	Zeph. iii. 15		103
	xxxi. 29	-	107	Zech. ii. 5	-	46
Lam,	iii. 25		151	ix. 9	-	103
: :	iii. 57, 58		201	xiii. I		ioz
Ezek.	xi. 19, 20		218	Mala. ii. 15	-	222
	xvi. 63	-	178	iii. II		232
	xviii. 31	-	189		7, 18	- 107
	xxxix. 11,	16	• 145	Matt. i. 21		360
Dan.	iii. 22	-	303		-	14
	ix. 23	-	306	v. 3	-	139
	ix. 24	-	167	v. 34		174
Hof.	ii 6, 7	•	159			168

Matt. v. 45		page 208	Matt. xv. 21, 28		page 55
vi. 3		229	xix. 20		269
vi. 13		38	xxi. 2, 3	-	188
vi. 13		86	xxii. 42	-	258
vi. 13		101	xxiv. 13	-	282
vi. 24		232	xxiv. 42	-	288
vii. 7		196	xxv. 10	-	21
vii. 13, 14		62	xxv. 30	-	285
viii. 15, 7	-	102	Mark i. 15 -		- 248
viii. 24, 27		- 55	viii. 31, 32		125
ix. 2	-	118	ix. 23	-	6
ix. 12	-	120	xi. 9	-	Í
x. 32, 33		121	xi. 24	-	126
xi. 12	-	237	xi. 24	-	279
xi. 28	•	30	xiii. 37		249
xi. 28, 29	-	295	xvi. 7		345
xi. 28, 30		144	Luke ii. 29, 30		326
xi. 29	-	185	v. 27	-	323
xii. 20		139	, vi. 23	-	22 I
xii. 36		155	ix. 23		64
xii. 37	-	187	ix. 23	-	125
XIII. 12		284	X. 20	-	159
xiii. 25		22	x. 41		190
xiii. 45, 46		- 31	X. 42		84

				, 3.	,		
Luke	X. 42		page	269	John iii. 3	- page	261
	xi. 2	•		166	iii. II		210
	xi. 5, 13	-		55	iii. 13~		163
	XII. 7			324	iii. 16, 18		11
	xii. 36			220	iv. 11	-	168
	xii. 36 xiii. 7, 9 xiii. 24			60	iv. 14		284
	xiii. 24	-		217	iv. 24		251
	XIV. 17			335	v. 17		124
	xiv. 33	-		125	v. 17		340
	XV. 20			348	V. 24	-	122
	xvi. 22	-		350	vi. 39		180
	xvii. 32	-		262	vi. 37	-	335
	xviii. 1, 8			55	vl. 68	-	16
	xviii. 13	-		118	vii. 37, 38		191
	xviii. 18	-		355	V111. 12		140
	xviii. 22	-		269	viii. 36		4
	xix. 4, 5, 6	-		346	viii. 51		122
	xix. 10	-		247	x. 10, 28		50
	xxi. 9	-		356	xii. 21		180
	xxi. 36			345	xii. 32		198
	xxii. 19	-		110	xii. 35		140
	xxii. 31, 32		-	58	xiii. 46		211
John i	. 4	-		75	xiii. 34		83
	i. 29	-		228	xiii. 35	-	20

John	xiii. 35	4 pa	ge 287	Acts xvi. 31		page	272
	xiv. 6		196	xvii. 27, 2	8	-	324
0.3	xiv. 14	4	333	Rom. i. 19			242
7.	xiv. 16, 17		40	ii. 28			258
11	xiv. 18		133	iii. 24	-	. 12.15	193
	xiv. 18		346	iii. 25		144	131
	xiv. 21, 23	*	24	iii. 25	-		293
	xv. 1, 5		142	iv. 5			114
	xv. 4		16	iv. 21		11-15	302
	xv. 4, 5		212	v. 8, 9,	10	-	27
	xvi. 23	-	126	v. 20			127
402	xvi. 23		279	vi. 12		7.	47
7	xvi. 23	-	96	vi. 13			304
	XVII. 10, 23	, 16	153	vi. 14			275
1901	xvii. 14		5	vii. 21	-		43
	xvii. 17	-	297	viii. 7, 8	, 9, 14		283
	xix. 30		12	VIII. 12,	13, 19		173
	XXX1. 32		4	viii. 18	-		265
Acts	ii. 21		173	viii. 26	-		81
	iv. 12		260	viii. 35,	37	-	243
Gig!	v. 31		115	ix. 16	· .		238
	X. 43		260	x. 3, 10,	11	-	. 8
	xiv. 22		292	x. 4		-55	18
	xv. 9		94	xi. 32			8

San State St							
Rom. xii. 1	-	page 251	i Cor.		-	page	153
xii. I	-	336		ix. 25			82
xii. 1, 2	•	147		X. 12			282
xii. 2	4	305		x. 1,3			101
xii. 5	-	364		xi. 31			149
xii. 9	•	325		xiii. 5, 8			199
xii. 11	-	303		xiv. 33	-		116
xii. 12		306		XV. 10	-		70
xii. 17	-	253	,	XV. IO	-		362
xii. 18.		240		xv. 11			254
xii. 19		175	2 Cor.	i. 3, 5			152
xiv. 4	-	76		i. 21, 22			117
xv. 1	-	76		ii. 14	-		172
XV. 2	-	280		iii. 3	. •		365
xvi. 26		29		iii. 18	-		207
1 Cor. i. 18	-	308		iv. 6, 7	-		32
i. 30, 31	-	167		v. 9	-		25
ii. 2 -	-	153		v. 9			363
ìi. 2	-	266		v. 14, 15			71
ii. 7	-	234		v. 16			48
iii. 19	-	253		v. 17	-		176
vi. 12	-	177		v. 17			189
vii. 20	-	156		v. 18, 21		- 11	189
vii. 31		37		v. 19	-		172
viii. I		98		V. 19,21	-		44

2 Cor. v. 19, 2	1	page 114	Eph. iv. 29	p	age 155
vii. 10		41	iv. 29		181
xii. 9		128	v. 4		155.
xiii. 5		2.48	v. 4	-	181
· xiii. 5	-	351	v. 15, 17		220
Gal. i. 10		280	v. 19	-	344
i. 16		90	Philip. i. 6	- 90	36
i. 16		303	i. 10	• • •	, 220
ii. 19		138	ii. 3		313
ii. 20	-	61	ii. 5		207
ii. 20	- "	342	ii. 12	-	217
iii. 13, 14	-	17	ii. 13		331
V. 1		76	ii. 15		273
v. 22, 23		286	iii. 7, 9		271
V. 24	-	67	iii. 13	-	217
vi. 2, 3, 4		313	iii. 20		259
vi. 14	-	93	iv. 5		98
Eph. i. 3	-	235	iv. 6		290
i. 14 -	-	117	Col. i. 11		194
ii. 4, 6		113	i. 14		12
11. 5		224	1. 20 -	-	44
ii. 10		171	ii. 3	-	266
iv. 2, 3, 26,	32	- 20	ii. 10 -	•	296
iv. 18, 19		150	ii. 13, 14	•	12
iv. 22	- 121	317	ii. 15		22

(389)

Col. iii. 1	200	1 3-9	leb. xii. 1, 2		
iii. 2	Pag	ge 325 I	Service of the servic		page 96
		7	X11. 4		292
iii. 2		259	xii. 6, 10		276
iii. 16	-	344	xiii. 5		154
1 Theff. i. 5		89	xiii. 5		311
v. 17		15	xiii. 8	. 6	167
2 Theff. ii. 2	. 9	266	xiii. 8	COVE	233
1 Tim. i. 9	- 01	309 J	ames i. 6, 7		126
vi. 9, 10		311	i. 14, 15	-	307
2 Tim. 11. 3		323	i. 17	-	179
ii. 3	T. 44.	33)	i. 27	-	251
11. 5	-	237	iv. 3	-	166
111. 12	-	. 5	iv. 7		47
iv. 8	-	229	iv. 7		341
Titus i. 16	- K: 100 4	52	iv. 8	-	341 .
Heb. iii. 13	1.00	161	v. 16		121
iv. 16	- "	26	v. 16		173
v. 13		88	v. 16		341
ix. 12	-	86 1	Peter i. 14, 15	4	246
X. 19, 22		241	i. 17		. 226
x. 35, 37		42	i. 23	-	362
xi. 12		345	ii. 2		135
xii. I		230	ii. 3	-	124
xii. 1	-	292	ii. 7		65
xii. ı		349	, ii. 21		28

i Peter ii. 21	- pa	ge 207	1 John v. 6, 10	, 12	page 16z
ii. 24		44	Jude 1	•	184
iii. 3, 4		59	Rev. i. 10		106
111. 13	•	336	i. 18	•	201
iv. 3		246	ii. 9		139
iv. 14, 19	•	221	iii. 8		238
v. 5, 6	-	185	iii. 10		58
v. 7	-	123	iii. 11		282
2 Peter i. 4	4	320	iii. 20	-	141
i. 10	-	246	iv. 10, 11	-	38
ii. 20		239	v. 5		275
I John i. 7		91	v. 9		322
i. 7	-	267	V. 12		34
ii. I, 2	•	178	vii. 14, 15		- 228
ii. 1, 2		345	viii. 33, 3	4 -	206
ii. 12, 13		III	xiv. 6		51
ii. 15	6 JU	G905	xix. 1		366
111 4, 5	9 10	U425	xix. 6		35
1 John iii. 8	-	334	xix. 6		183
iii. 19		281	xxi. 2, 3, 4	, 10, 12	161
iii. 23	•	33	xxi. 7		82
iv. I	•	210	xxi. 9	-	291
iv. 4		46	xxii. 17		191
iv. 9	200 To - 100	33	xxii. 17	Shorten all	274
iv. 10, 19		24	of the same of the		在海路等的

